

State 12/2021 Version V1.0

# Technical Manual



## MDT DALI Control PRO64 Gateway

SCN-DA641P.04S

### **Further Documents:**

#### **Datasheets:**

[https://www.mdt.de/EN\\_Downloads\\_Datasheets.html](https://www.mdt.de/EN_Downloads_Datasheets.html)

#### **Assembly and Operation Instructions:**

[https://www.mdt.de/EN\\_Downloads\\_Instructions.html](https://www.mdt.de/EN_Downloads_Instructions.html)

#### **Solution Proposals for MDT products:**

[https://www.mdt.de/EN\\_Downloads\\_Solutions.html](https://www.mdt.de/EN_Downloads_Solutions.html)

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## 2 Overview

### 2.1 Overview Devices

The description refers to the following unit:

- **SCN-DA641P.04S** DALI Control PRO64 Gateway, 4SU MDRC
  - Individual control of up to 64 ECG/16 DALI groups
  - Support of various DALI ECGs (DT6/DT8)
  - KNX Secure device
  - Supports DALI and DALI-2 standard
  - Up to 8 DALI-2 motion detectors or light sensors can be connected additionally
  - Innovative HSV colour control, RGB, RGBW and XY colour according to Dali DT8 standard in 64 individual channels/16 DALI groups)
  - Tunable White, colour temperature control in 64 individual channels/16 DALI groups
  - Integrated colour control module for time-dependent control
  - Operating modes normal operation, continuous operation, night operation, staircase operation and panic operation
  - Manual operation for all 16 groups
  - 16 scenes with individual dimming times
  - Energy-saving function for switching off the ECGs in the DALI groups (via additional KNX switching actuator)
  - Simple group assignment directly on the display
  - Dali commissioning via web browser or operating buttons on the device possible without KNX
  - Fault detection of lamp faults and faulty ECGs
  - ECG quick exchange
  - Free DCA app for commissioning the DALI bus system
  - Commissioning from ETS5

## 2.2 DALI Bus system properties

The cross-functional DALI-Bus (DALI = Digital Addressable Lighting Interface) is a system used to control electronic ballasts (ECGs) in lighting technology. The specifications of the DALI communications interface are set in the international norm EN62386.

The DALI Bus enables the receipt of switch and dim commands. In addition, the DALI can be used for the notification of a failure status such as light or ECG failures or for other light status information. In line with the latest DALI standard, devices with emergency light function (EN 62386-202) are also supported. Status and operating mode of emergency lights can be monitored, and different prescribed testing procedures can be performed.

Via the connected control device / gateway (Master), up to 64 individual DALI ECGs (Slaves) can be connected in a DALI segment. When the DALI is commissioned, the ECGs receive an automatically generated 3 byte long address. Based on the long address a short address between 0 and 63 is assigned during the further commissioning process. As the address assignment is automatic, the device order is random. The individual ECGs/lights therefore need to be identified during the further commissioning process (see below).

The addressing of individual ECGs in the system is either based upon the short address (individual addressing) or upon a DALI group address (group addressing). For this purpose, any number of ECGs within a segment can be assigned to up to 16 groups. The group addressing in the DALI system guarantees that switch and dim processes of different lights within a system are performed simultaneously without imposition of time delays.

In addition to short and group addresses, the light values of individual DALI ECGs can also be merged into scenes and addressed via scene addresses.

For a detailed description of the DALI system, please see the DALI handbook at ---> <https://www.digitalilluminationinterface.org>

## 2.3 Functional description

The MDT DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is a multi-master application controller for controlling electronic ballasts with DALI interface via the KNX installation bus. It supports ballasts according to EN 62386-102 ed1 (DALI1), devices according to EN 62386-102 ed2 (DALI2), as well as DALI2 motion sensors and light sensors according to EN 62386-303 and EN 62386-304.

The device transforms switching and dimming commands from the connected KNX system into corresponding DALI telegrams, or status and event information from the DALI bus into KNX telegrams.

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway has a DALI output which can control up to 64 ECGs. In addition, up to 8 DALI2 motion detectors or light sensors can be connected. Multi-master operation according to EN 62386-103 ed2 is permitted.

The required power supply for the connected ECGs and motion sensors is provided directly from the device. Additional DALI power supplies are not required. When using sensors supplied via the DALI bus, it must be ensured that the current consumption of all connected DALI devices does not exceed the guaranteed value.

The device is available in a 4TE wide DIN rail housing for direct installation in an electrical distribution board. The bus connection is made via a standard bus connector. Mains and DALI lines are connected via screw terminals on the device. Ethernet is connected via an RJ45 socket.

Per gateway the ECGs can be controlled in 16 groups. In addition to the group control the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway also allows individual control of up to 64 ECGs.

In addition to the control of all standard operating devices, the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway also allows the operation of single battery emergency lights (EN 62386-202). Emergency lighting systems with central battery are also supported.

A maximum of 8 motion detectors with light sensors can also be controlled.

In addition to the pure gateway functions, the MDT DALI Control PRO64 Gateway offers numerous additional features:

- Addressing of 16 DALI groups and/or individual addressing of up to 64 individual ECGs
- Flexible DALI commissioning concept: directly on the device, via integrated web server or in the ETS5 (DCA)
- Coloured light control with the support of Device Type 8 (DT-8) ballasts and control via communication objects
- Coloured light control depending on ballast Sub-Type:
  - Colour Temperature (DT-8 Sub-Type Tc)
  - XY Colour (DT-8 Sub-Type XY)
  - RGB (DT-8 Sub-Type RGBWAF)
  - HSV (DT-8 Sub-Type RGBWAF)
  - RGBW (DT-8 Sub-Type RGBWAF)

- Automatic, time-controlled setting of light value, light colour and colour temperature (also for Human Centric Lighting applications) for groups and/or individual ECGs
- Automatic change of colour temperature depending on the light value (Dimm-To-Cold)
- Control of colour temperature via communication object for DT6, warm white and cool white
- Broadcast objects for controlling all connected ECGs simultaneously (also possible for colour values)
- Various operating modes for groups such as continuous mode, night mode, staircase mode
- Integrated operating hours counter for each group and/or individual ECG with alarm when end of life is reached
- Individual fault detection with objects for each individual luminaire/EVG
- Complex error evaluation on group/device level with error number and error rate calculation
- Error threshold monitoring with individually adjustable threshold values
- Scene module for up to 16 scenes, which can be assigned to KNX scenes 1..64 as required
- Extensive scene programming, including the possibility of dimming scenes
- Setting of colours in DT-8 luminaires via scenes for groups and/or individual ECGs
- Effect module for sequence controls and lighting effects including colour adjustment in DT-8 luminaires
- Test mode for systems with emergency luminaires supplied by central battery
- Support of single-battery emergency lights DT-1
- Support of test procedures for emergency lights with time and date stamp
- "Quick Exchange Function" for easy replacement of individual defective ECGs
- "Energy saving function" allows the ECG power supply to be switched off when light is switched off via additional switching actuators
- Integrated web server with extensive options for commissioning and maintenance
- Integrated "Visualization" via Web browser for direct operation and display
- Cross-device summary of errors in the entire system
- Manual operation of group and broadcast telegrams via operating keys and display on the device
- Signalling of error states and status diagnosis via LEDs and display on the device

The special surface for the configuration of DALI segments is designed as a DCA (Device Control App) for the ETS5. Please remember to install the corresponding ETS App in addition to the product database ".knxprod".

This is available for download at knx.org and on the MDT website ([www.mdt.de](http://www.mdt.de)).

## 2.4 Operating concept

The device is equipped with 3 operating interfaces:

- Keys and display on the device
- ETS + DCA
- web interface

It is recommended to select "one" operating concept for commissioning and later configuration.

**Note:** The operating concepts cannot be used in parallel or simultaneously.

Any change in the ETS or DCA will only become visible when the website is called up again (renewed login). The web page already called up cannot update these changes online.

It is also important to make sure that changes made with the website are only visible in ETS after synchronization in DCA, see chapter [9.5 Synchronization between web pages and DCA](#)

Since an ETS download with the corresponding configuration of parameters and group assignment is necessary, the following procedure is recommended:

- Parameter setting and group assignment with ETS
- Commissioning of the ballasts and allocation to groups with the DCA
- Configuration of scenes, effects, and timer commands with DCA or web interface
- Status and error diagnosis with the DCA or web interface.

## 2.5 Structure & Handling

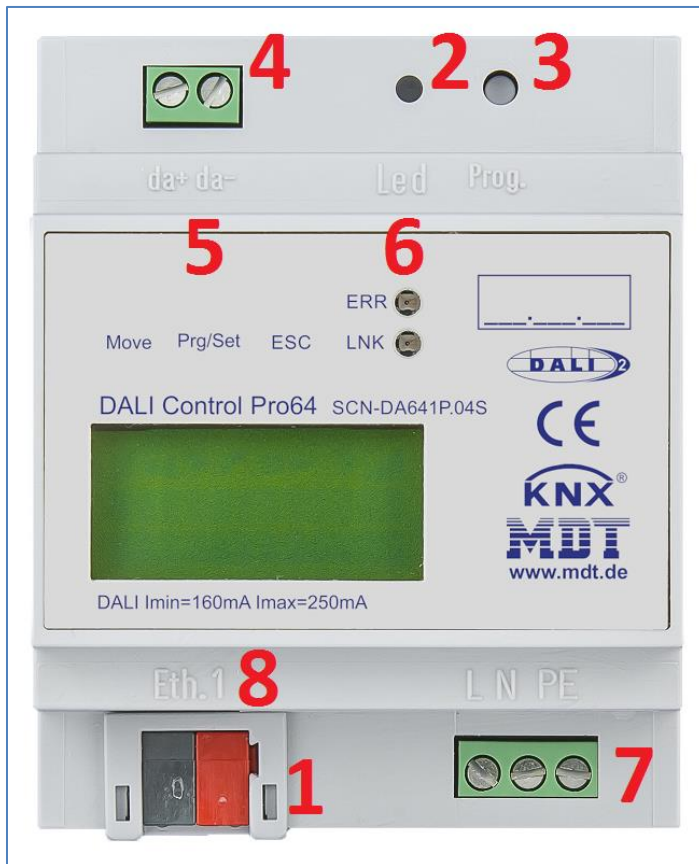


Figure: Hardware module

- |                                   |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 = KNX Bus connection terminal   | 5 = DALI configuration buttons  |
| 2 = Programming LED               | 6 = Indication LEDs             |
| 3 = Programming button            | 7 = Mains connection terminals  |
| 4 = DALI Bus connection terminals | 8 = Network connection terminal |

### 3 KNX Secure

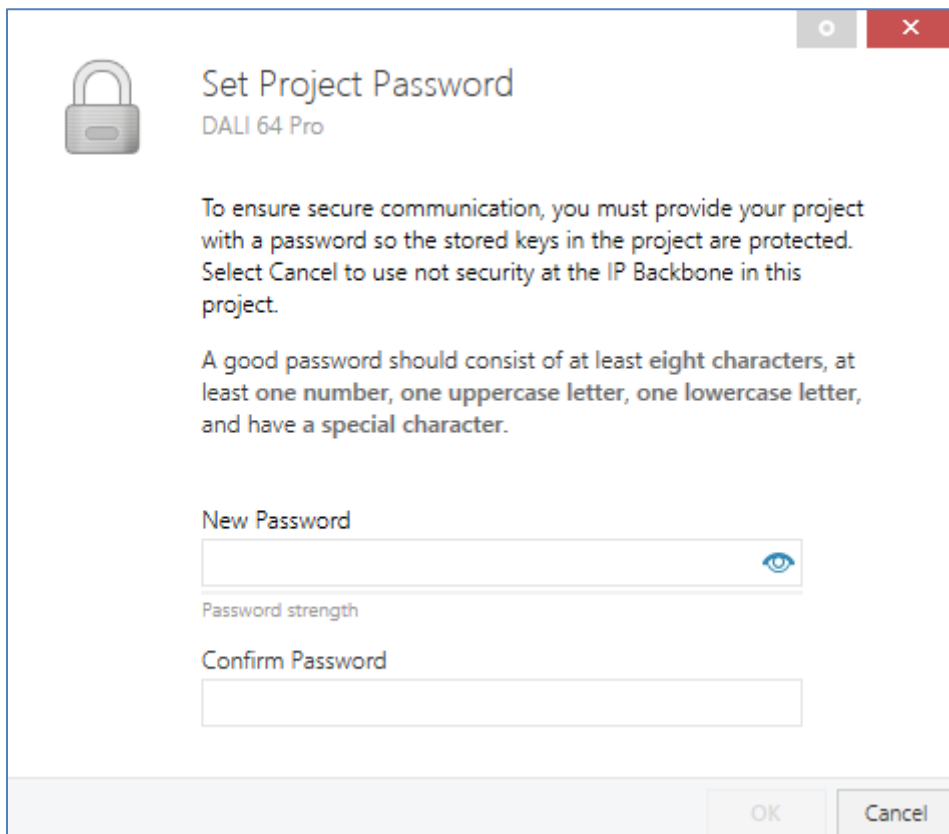
The KNX standard has been extended by KNX Secure.


This enables the transmission of encrypted information within KNX. This allows secure encryption of ETS downloads as well as communication via objects.

**Note:** There are special conditions to be kept in mind when using secure devices in ETS. Please refer to the corresponding web pages on the KNX website <https://www.knx.org>

The MDT DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is equipped with a KNX Secure Stack.

In order to use a device "safely", the ETS project must first be protected with a password.




 **Set Project Password**  
DALI 64 Pro

To ensure secure communication, you must provide your project with a password so the stored keys in the project are protected. Select Cancel to use not security at the IP Backbone in this project.

A good password should consist of at least eight characters, at least one number, one uppercase letter, one lowercase letter, and have a special character.

New Password

Password strength 

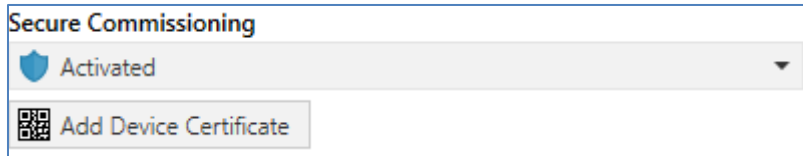
Confirm Password

OK Cancel

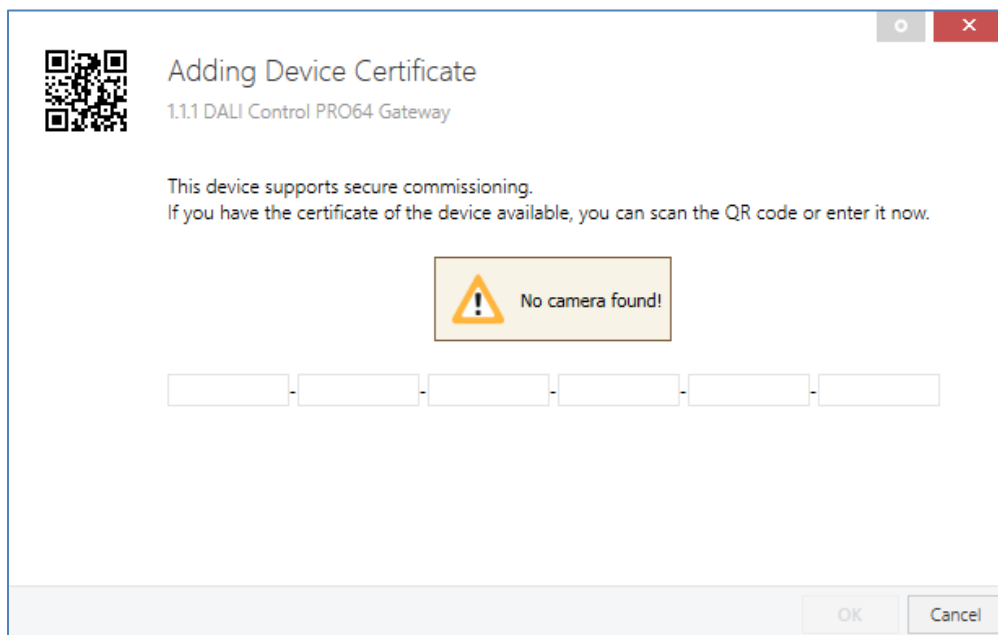
**Note:** "Safe" devices can only be downloaded with an interface that supports longer telegrams (long frames).

### 3.1 Secure Usage

In the ETS the secured usage is shown in the properties as follows:



Subsequently, the device certificate must be read in for each "safe" device. For this purpose, the camera is available as a QR Code Reader, or the code must be entered manually:



The certificate consists of the serial number and an initial key FDSK (Factory Default Setup Key). This code is only used for initial commissioning with the ETS. During the first download this key is replaced by the ETS. This prevents unauthorized persons from gaining access to the installation despite knowing the initial key.

This initial key is printed on the device label both as a QR code and in text form.

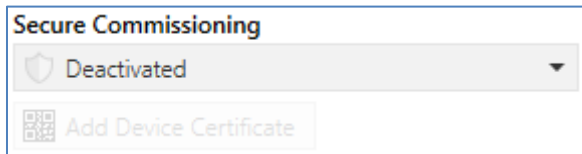
**Note:** A "removable" sticker is also supplied, which the user can place in his documentation.

**Note:** The unit is designed to use up to 1000 group addresses in secure communication. Up to 100 communication partners are possible to communicate with the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway via secured group communication.



### 3.2 Unsecure usage

However, the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway can also be configured as a "traditional" device in the ETS, as was previously the case. In this case, group communication with other devices can also be carried out as usual. In this case no encrypted ETS download takes place.



### 3.3 Master-Reset

A master reset must be carried out so that the device can be returned to the manufacturing state and thus the initial key can be reactivated.

The following procedure must be followed for this:

1. Remove KNX connector
2. Keep commissioning KNX push button pressed
3. Add KNX connector
4. Keep KNX push button pressed for long time (~7sec) after KNX power supply connection.

After this procedure, the device is back in the delivery state.

## 4 Colour control

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway also supports ECGs for colour control (device Type 8 according to EN 62386-209). Such devices allow for multi-channel colour control (RGB) and thereby enable the mixing of a light colour or the setting of a colour temperature via DALI.

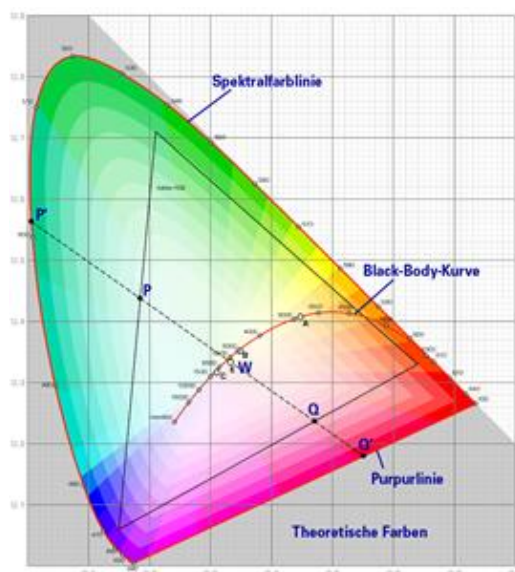
### 4.1 Features of DALI device Type 8

ECGs for colour control (DT-8) are offered by a range of manufacturers. Usually, these devices allow for the direct control of LED modules with multi-colour LEDs. The most common ones are modules with LEDs in the three colours red, green, blue (RGB), as well as modules with two different white tones (Tunable White).

**Attention:** DT-8 ECGs for the sub-Type PrimaryN are not supported by the DALI gateway.

Occasionally LED modules with a further integrated white channel (RGBW) are offered on the market. Whilst it is, of course, possible to control the different colour channels individually, each via a separate DALI control device for LEDs (Device Type-6), this solution has the disadvantage, that each of these devices is assigned a separate DALI short address. This means that two (tunable white), three (RGB) or even four short addresses are required to control a module. With a maximum number of 64 available short addresses per DALI segment, the number of lights that can be used would be greatly reduced. With a DT-8 device, however, only one short address is required for all colour channels and the maximum possible range of 64 lights can be controlled. The DALI standard EN 62386-209 defines different colour control methods for DT-8 devices. Normally, a certain device supports only one of these possible methods. Therefore, please pay attention to the specifications of the respective device or lamp manufacturer.

### 4.2 Colour display via XY coordinates



The display of a colour via two nominated coordinates in a so-called colour space is a common method. By means of the x-y coordinates any point in this space is accessible and as a result any colour can be defined. The diagram used in the DALI standard is the colour space chromaticity diagram according to the 1931 CIE standard. (Cambridge University Press) which is shown in the following graphic.

Figure: University of Cambridge press, source Wikipedia

In devices that support the x-y coordinates method, the colour is set via two values between 0.0 and 1.0. However, because of the physical properties of an LED, even in an RGB LED module not every colour is practically possible. In practice, it is common to set the value which is closest.

**Note:** Please pay attention to the instructions of the ECG or lamp manufacturer. Usually the xy values, which are supported by the lamp, are specified here. XY values outside of the specified range can lead to incorrect values and non-reproducible colours.

### 4.3 Colour display via colour temperature

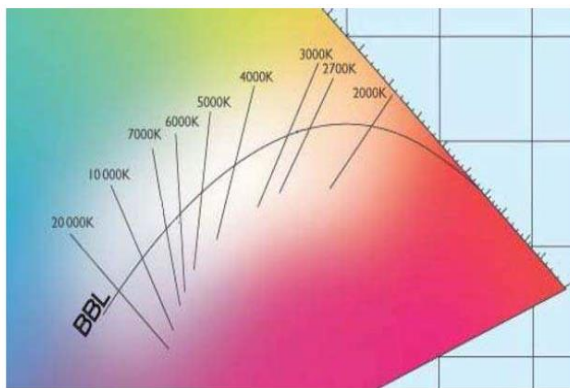


Figure: University of Cambridge press, source Wikipedia

One subset of all the possible colours in the colour space displayed above, are the different white tones. The white tones are found on one line across the whole colour space. The points on this so-called black-body-line (BBL) are usually defined via a colour temperature in Kelvin. This makes it possible to exactly determine the white tone of a light between warm and cool with just one value. The colour temperature principle is therefore perfect for the control of white light fixtures (tunable white).

DT-8 operating devices set the required colour temperature on an LED module by mixing cool and warm white LEDs. Of course, as before this is only possible within certain physical limits. With today's LED modules colour temperatures between 2000 and 8000 Kelvin are common.

### 4.4 Colour display via 3 or 4 colour channels (RGBWAF)

Principally, a colour is always created by mixing different individual colours (different white tones, RGB or RGBW). A colour can therefore also be displayed based on the mixing ratio of different single colours, e.g., 50% red, 0% green, 60% blue.

Unlike the methods described above, the colour definition in this case is not exact but depends greatly on the specific, physical attributes of the LEDs used to create the colour (wavelength, intensity). Nonetheless, the indication of the primary colour percentages within a system is useful for the relative description of a colour. In some DT-8 ballasts, the colour is set by defining 3 (RGB) or 4 values (RGBW) between 0 and 100%.

According to DALI standard EN 62386-209, up to six colours (RGBWAF) can theoretically be drawn upon. The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway, however, only supports a maximum of 4 colours, in line with the ECGs that are currently available on the market.

## 4.5 Colour display via 2 DT-6 LED types

This allows a colour temperature to be set via 2 DT-6 groups. For example, LED strips with a warm colour (3000K) are assigned to a master group and LED strips with a cold colour (6000K) to a slave group.

With this assignment, only the master group with one colour temperature is controlled. The device automatically calculates the control of the warm and cold LED to achieve the desired colour.

## 5 Operating modes

Each group and individual ECG offers different operating modes that can be set individually on the parameter page.

### 5.1 Normal mode

In normal mode, ECGs can be dimmed and switched without restrictions both via individual and group control. The control of each ECG and each group is based on three communication objects (switching, dimming, value setting). For DT-8 ECGs numerous additional objects for light colour control are available.

An ECG can only be assigned to a single DALI group. The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway does not support multi-group assignments on DALI level. If such assignment is required, please use KNX communication objects for this purpose. Separate status objects inform about the switch and value status both at group and individual ECG level.

### 5.2 Permanent mode

If you would like to run an individual ECG or a whole group permanently with a certain light value, (e.g., a permanently lit corridor or workshop) you can choose the permanent mode option. The ECG or group are automatically set to the required value after you program or switch on the gateway. Switch and dim objects remain hidden. Light status, failure and service functions, however, are also available in permanent mode.

**Note:** Should a device in this mode not be running at the pre-set light level because of a special operation (e.g. identification process on the device display) or failure (e.g. ECG was without power when the gateway was started) the light level is automatically corrected after 60 seconds.

### 5.3 Staircase mode

**This operating mode is supported by groups, only.**

In staircase mode, the value set via a switch, dim or value telegram is automatically changed to the switch off value after a programmable time. The lights can be switched off immediately or in 2 steps (within a minute) or through dim-down (within a minute).

In staircase mode, each additionally received telegram re-starts the internal timer. The lights switch off when the timer runs out after the most recently received telegram. The staircase mode can be disabled or enabled via an additional object. If the staircase mode is disabled, the group behaves like in normal mode and does not automatically switch off. If the mode is disabled whilst the switch-off timer is already running, the timer stops and the group remains at the currently set value if the mode is enabled again, the timer starts again from the beginning.

## 5.4 Night mode

The night mode corresponds largely to the staircase mode. The only difference is that the automatic switch-off is dependent on the central night object of the gateway. If the night object is not set (day), the group behaves like in normal mode. If the object is set (night), the group either switches off after a programmable time or it goes into permanent mode

## 5.5 Panic mode (special case)

The panic mode can be activated via a central object for the whole gateway. All groups and ECGs that have been enabled for panic mode, permanently switch to a programmable panic light value on receipt of the object. They can no longer be controlled individually. When the panic mode is switched off, the devices return to the previous light value, or the switch on / switch off value and can again be controlled individually.

**Note:** When the panic mode is active, both the scene and time scheduling module are de-activated.

## 5.6 Test mode for central battery emergency lights

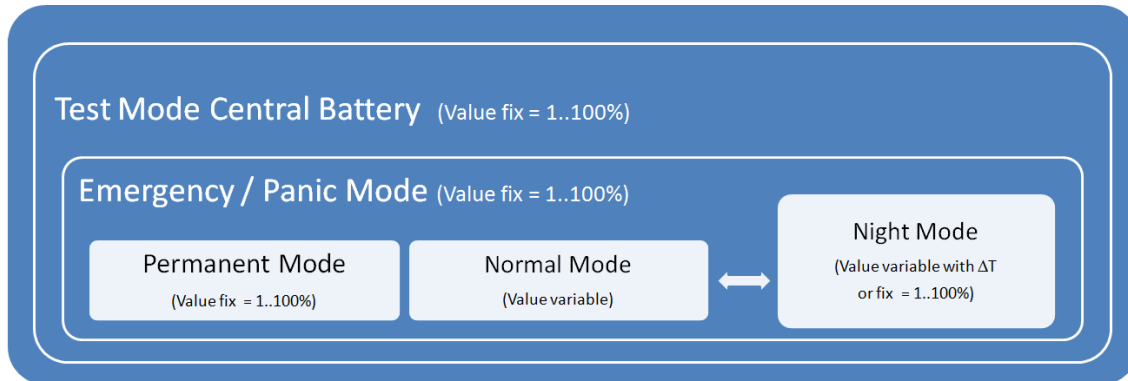
Through its internal function, the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway supports installations with central battery emergency luminaires. Any ECG (except for those of the self-contained battery Type) can be configured as an emergency light (even when assigned to a group). You can choose a test time between 15 minutes and 4 hours. If the gateway receives the central battery test object, the respective lights change to a programmable value for this time period. They can no longer be switched or dimmed via the corresponding objects. The discharge time and capacity of the central battery can thereby be tested under pre-defined conditions.

So that individual ECGs within a group can no longer be switched via group telegrams or scenes, the group assignment is dissolved for the duration of the test mode. When the test has finished, groups and scenes are automatically re-programmed onto the ECGs. Should the gateway lose power during the test mode, the unprogrammed devices are marked and automatically programmed on return of the power supply. The test mode, however, does not continue. It has to be re-started.

When the test mode terminates normally, the devices return to the previous light value or the switch on / switch off value and can again be controlled individually.

## 5.7 Operating mode hierarchy

Some of the individual operating modes described above have higher functions and roles for the operation of the overall system. A prioritisation or hierarchy of operating modes is therefore required. The central battery test mode has the highest priority followed by the panic mode. The permanent, normal and night modes have the same priority level in the hierarchy.



By default, manual mode is enabled and can always be used for service and maintenance functions. However, it can be disabled by means of ETS parameters, see chapter: [20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions](#)

## 6 Analysis and service functions

### 6.1 Recording operating hours

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway allows for the operating hours (burning time) of each lamp to be individually recorded for each group and individual ECG. The internal recording is precise to the second. The value is available externally via communication objects (DPT 13.100).

The operating hours recording is independent from the dim value. This means any light value > 0% contributes to an increase in the operating hours of a group. The counter can be reset (when a lamp is changed). To reset the counter, the value 1 is written on the communication "reset operating hours".

A maximum value can be configured for each running time counter (life span), which activates an alarm object on the KNX bus. This information can be used for maintenance purposes.

**Attention:** In accordance with KNX standards, the operating hours are sent in seconds. However, these can be changed into other units.

### 6.2 Failure recognition at ECG level

A major advantage of DALI technology is the individual recognition of light failures or faulty ECGs. The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway supports this function.

For error analysis, the DALI Gateway cyclically interrogates all connected ECGs for ECG and lamp faults. The polling cycle can be configured. If the time is 1 second (standard setting) and there are 64 connected ECGs, the complete process of scanning all ECGs for light and ECG failures takes 128 seconds (1 second per ECG and failure Type). It can therefore take up to about 2 minutes before a fault that has occurred is recognised. For each ECG, a communication object is available to send the information to the KNX bus (1Bit or 1 Byte object). In addition, the failure status can also be checked on the DCA in the ETS.

Furthermore, the error status of all TOEs is clearly displayed on the web page of the gateway.

**Attention:** If the parameter setting is "Cycle Time for DALI Failure Requests" = "No Request", all failure requests are disabled. No ECG or converter failures or lamp failures are recognised in this case. This setting is only useful for service purposes when an extreme reduction of the DALI busload is required.



### 6.3 Failure analysis at group level

If ECGs and / or converters are merged into groups, numerous group-specific failure data is available in addition to the individual ECG data. For this purpose, different communication objects are available for each group. In addition to general information such as whether there is a failure within a group and of what Type, the complete number of faulty devices within the group and the failure rate can be listed via a communication object. An alarm object is sent when a certain failure rate is exceeded. A complex object with a summary of the data further adds to the analysis options.

For details of group-specific communication objects, please see the communication objects description below in chapter: [19.3 Group objects](#)

The failure information for a group is also clearly displayed on the web site of the integrated web server.

### 6.4 Failure analysis at device level

Failure analysis objects similar to those at group level are also available at device level (i.e. for all ECGs connected to the gateway). The failure rate or number of faulty ECG in the whole DALI segment can be made available via communication objects. In contrast to the group level, at gateway level the percentage and number of failures can be broken down further according to failure Type. The alarm threshold for the failure rate can be individually set for ECG, light and converter failures.

For further details regarding the communication objects, please see the communication objects description in chapter: [19.1.2 General objects analysis and service](#).

As before, the failure information for the entire gateway is also displayed on the website.

## 7 Webservice commissioning and operation

### 7.1 Commissioning and operation

In addition to the DCA, you can also easily commission the DALI via the integrated web server. For this purpose, connect the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway directly to the IP network. An RJ-45 socket is located above the KNX bus connector at the bottom left-hand side of the device.

Use a standard patch cable to connect the device to a switch, hub, or router of the IP network. You can also use a WLAN access point as network coupler. This means you can commission the DALI via a portable notebook, tablet PC or mobile phone.

Once the network is physically connected, you need to assign an IP address to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway to enable access via the web browser. By default, all devices with an IP interface are set to DHCP address assignment. If there is a DHCP server in the network the device automatically receives an IP address after initialisation. This address is shown on the device display. If no DHCP service is available or if you would rather use a fixed IP address, you must set the address either via ETS. You may also need to configure the sub-net mask and standard gateway (for direct access via the Internet). Those two parameters can only be configured in the ETS.

Once the IP address has been assigned correctly, load the device website via any common web browser.

**Attention:** Please, take care that you open a https connection via : **https://<ip>**

HTML5 functionality is required for all browsers used. Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox and Microsoft Edge have been tested in the current status (version of this document).

### 7.2 Safety aspects

The communication with the web server in the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is encrypted via HTTPS.

Each device has a self-signed SSL certificate. This certificate contains among other things the name of the owner, his public key, the period of validity and the name of the certification authority.

The SSL certificate existing in the device was signed by the certification authority and can be verified with the corresponding public key of the certification authority.

For the SSL certificate of the device to be considered trustworthy, the browser or PC must know the certificate of the certification authority to confirm the trustworthiness. The operating system manages a list of all "trusted certification authorities", so-called CA root certificates.

If a secure connection is then established in the browser, the browser first checks whether this certificate can be confirmed by a CA root certificate. If the check is positive, a closed lock is usually displayed in the browser line to confirm security.

If the device certificate cannot be confirmed, a security warning will be issued and must be accepted manually.

The MDT DALI Control PRO64 Gateway has its own CA root certificate, and all device certificates are derived and confirmed from this CA root certificate.

If this CA root certificate is imported on the operating system, the browser recognises all MDT DALI Control PRO64 Gateway devices as "trustworthy", as the individual device certificates are confirmed by this CA root certificate.

The device makes the CA root certificate available via an administrator page. The procedure for loading this certificate and then installing it on the PC is explained in the chapter: [7.3 Import of the CA Root Certificate](#)

### 7.3 Import of the CA Root Certificate

As already explained in the security aspects, the device enables the CA root certificate to be loaded.

To do this, please log in on the website as "Administrator" and select the menu item "ADMINISTRATOR". Below the actions is the entry "Load the root certificate". This allows the root certificate to be stored on the PC. See also chapter: [7.7.2 Download Issuer Certificate](#).

To import this certificate, please proceed as follows:

Install security certificate:

- Right-click the exported file in the location where it was saved and select "Install Certificate".
- In the next step, the storage location is queried. Here you can select "Current User" or "Local Computer". Click on "Next".
- Here the option "**Save all certificates to the following store**" should be selected and "Browse" should be clicked.
- Select the **Trusted Root Certification Authorities** folder as the certificate store and OK.

After completion, the message "The import process was successfully completed" is displayed.

**Note:** For the browser to check this new issuer certificate when calling up a website, it must be restarted.

## 7.4 User Accounts

Two user accounts are managed in the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway. This can be a user with all rights as administrator and a normal user with restricted rights. A total of 4 sessions (login) can be managed.

### 7.4.1 Administrator

This user role has all rights. In particular, commissioning, i.e. new installation or subsequent installation of the ballasts or motion detectors, is only permitted to the administrator.

**Important:** Only one administrator can be logged in at a time.

### 7.4.2 Normal User

The rights of the normal user can be set in even more detail with the ETS. Basically, commissioning is blocked for the user.

By default, however, it has all operating rights to switch lights, configure scenes, effects, schedules and view status information.

Restriction of rights for the user account	
User is allowed to control lights	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
User is allowed to change scene configuration	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
User is allowed to change effect configuration	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
User is allowed to change schedule configuration	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
User is allowed to view emergency reports	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes

## 7.5 Password management and login

For security reasons, access to the web server in the device is blocked by default. Therefore, an ETS configuration and a download is necessary before using the IP interface.

After setting the network configuration, the web server can be activated. By default, the following accesses are provided with the corresponding access data.

Account	Login Name	Password
Admin Account	admin	dali
User Account	user	user

**Note:** Please note that after the download the passwords for the accesses must be changed again into secure passwords.

After that the passwords should not be reset with the ETS. It is therefore strongly recommended to set the corresponding parameter to "No" before the next ETS download:

**Webpage Access**

**i** Set the Override Option only if you want to reset password to ETS Default or during the first ETS Download!

Override Username and Password with ETS Parameter  No  Yes

Listed below are the existing user names for administrator and user account

Username (Administrator)	admin
Username (User)	user

After the first ETS download and the parameter "Overwrite username and password with ETS Parameter" set to "Yes", the authentication is carried out with these values. Afterwards a prompt appears asking you to change the password.

The following rule must be observed here:

- At least 8 characters
- Upper and lower case
- At least one digit
- At least one special character

**ACCOUNT LOGIN**

User name

Current Password

New Password

Confirm New Password

Afterwards you can log in with the changed password.

**Note:** The username is only defined with the ETS configuration.

Accordingly, it would be possible to assign a customer-specific login name for the administrator or the standard user.

**Note:** However, it is recommended to use the default names "admin" and "user".

### 7.5.1 Password forgotten

If the password is forgotten, the password can be reset via an ETS download with the ETS and the corresponding parameter, see figure.

**Webpage Access**

Set the Override Option only if you want to reset password to ETS Default or during the first ETS Download!

Override Username and Password with ETS Parameter  No  Yes

Password has to be changed on web page!

Account	Login Name	Password
Admin Account	admin	dali
User Account	user	user

This is followed by changing the password as described in the previous chapter.

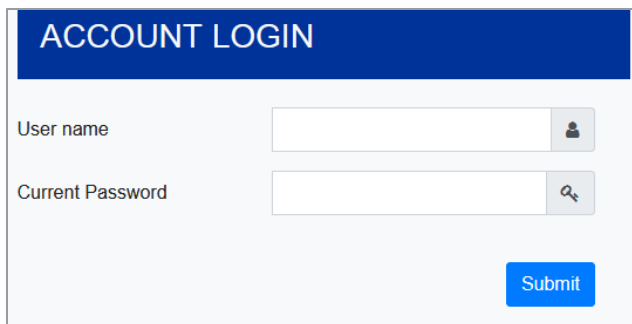
## 7.6 Loading the website

Once the IP connection to the gateway is established, the website can be accessed by entering the IP address in the address field of the browser. The website can be accessed with user or administrator rights.

**Attention:** Please, take care that you open a https connection via **https://<ip>**

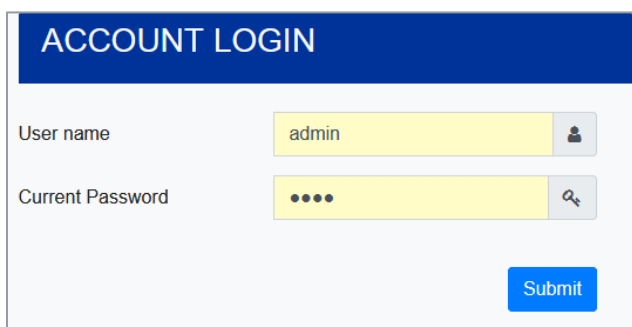
When logging in as "user", the function of the website is restricted, and configuration commands are blocked. This login should be used if the website is used for visualization and operation. If the website is also used for DALI commissioning, the login as administrator is required. All following illustrations and descriptions of the web pages refer to the administrator representation.

In the login window, the username is used to decide whether the administrator role or the normal user role should be activated.



The username is defined in the ETS. By default, "admin" and "user" are used.

**Note:** Under certain circumstances it is advisable to save the login data in the browser. You will be prompted to do so. With the next call the data are then already pre-filled.



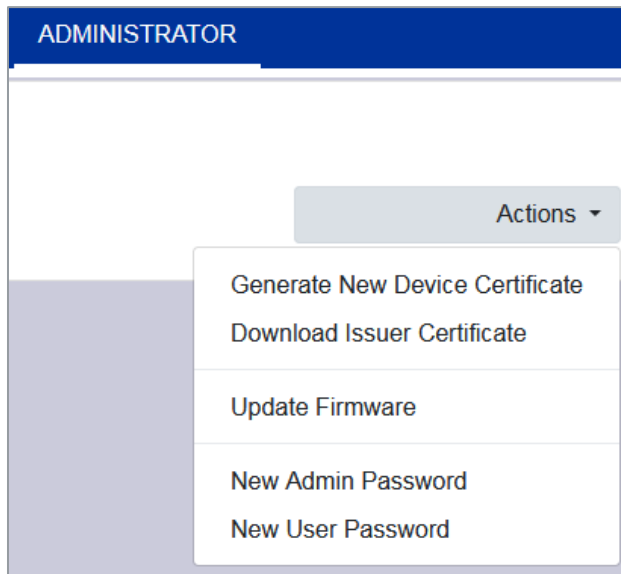
**Note:** If there is no login after 1 minute, a subsequent login is reported as a "forbidden request" for security reasons. The correct URL must then be loaded again, and the user must log on again.

**Note:** For security reasons, access to the website will be blocked for 1 minute if 4 incorrect login attempts are detected.

**Important:** Up to four sessions can be managed. If all four sessions are logged in with "User", the role of "Admin" is also acknowledged with the response "No Session available". In this case the logged in "Users" must first be logged out.

## 7.7 Administration of the website

For administration, please log in on the website as "Administrator" and select the menu item "ADMINISTRATOR".



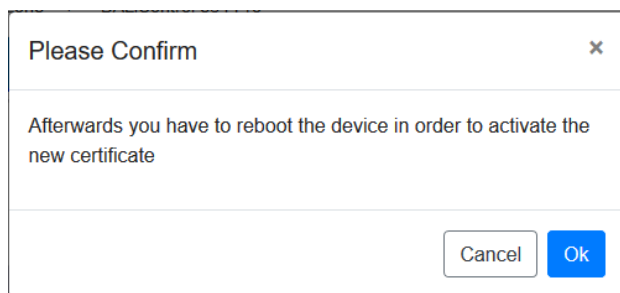
### 7.7.1 Generate New Device Certificate

The device is delivered with a certificate. This certificate has a lifetime of 5 years. There are different reasons to renew the certificate:

- The IP address of the device has changed (after initial commissioning)
- The certificate is no longer valid and must be renewed

To regenerate a certificate, you must be logged in to the administrator role. Under the tab "Administration" you have the possibility to generate a new certificate.

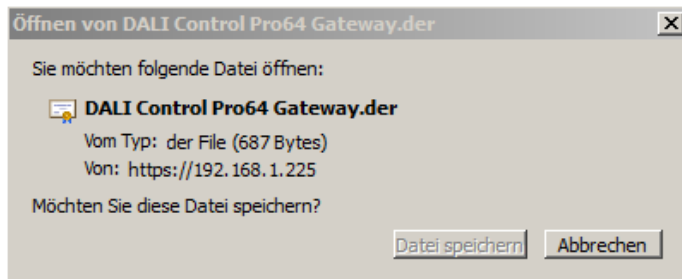
After the certificate is created, the device must be manually restarted for the new certificate to become active.





### 7.7.2 Download Issuer Certificate

With this action the issuer certificate can be downloaded to the PC.



Please select a storage location in order to install the issuer certificate on the PC afterwards, see [7.3 Import of the CA Root Certificate](#). The certificate will be saved in a ".der" format.

### 7.7.3 Update Firmware

Here the firmware of the device can be updated. For security reasons, the PIN is requested which has already been configured in the ETS.

Administrator

Please enter the pin to unlock the device

PIN

Only if the PIN is entered correctly, the next window is displayed to select the firmware package.

Administrator

Please select a file for upload and afterwards press submit.  
Please note, the upload may take up to 2 minutes.

**Note:** The firmware update can take up to 2 minutes.

Under unpredictable conditions, the transmission can be interrupted with an error. The following errors could be reported. Please contact the manufacturer.

- 701: Device is not unlocked via PIN
- 702: Signature could not be verified
- 703: Device type does not match
- 704: Manufacturer does not match
- 705: Request ID is invalid
- 799: General error

#### 7.7.4 New Admin Password

In this menu item the password for the administrator can be changed.

Administrator

Change login credentials for: admin

Current Password  🔍

New Password  🔍

Confirm New Password  🔄

#### 7.7.5 New User Password

In this menu item the password for the user can be changed

Administrator

Change login credentials for: user

New Password  🔍

Confirm New Password  🔄

## 7.8 Language Setting on Website

The language English is selected on delivery. The language can be changed directly on the device using the buttons, see submenu chapter: [18.2.1 Sub-menu language](#)

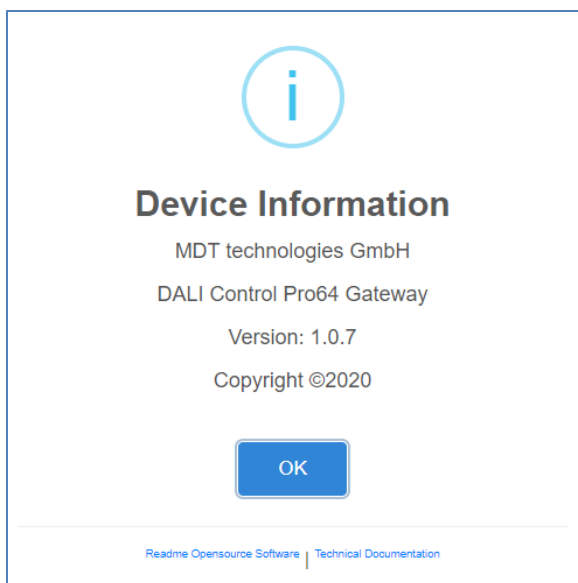
**Attention:** Only the languages English and German are provided on the website.

## 7.9 Calling the start page

The website consists of a header and a menu bar, which are always visible. The header displays the logo, the installation location, if defined in the ETS configuration, and the login name.



The Info button displays a popup window with the version, a link to the technical documentation and a link to use the Open-Source references.



The menu line consists of the entries:

- Information
- Commissioning (only in the admin login)
- Settings
- Configuration
- Diagnosis
- Administrator (only in the admin login)

Initially, the overview page with the basic information of the device is displayed:

The screenshot shows the MDT website interface for a DALI Gateway. At the top, there is a navigation menu with options: INFORMATION, COMMISSIONING, SETTINGS, CONFIGURATION, DIAGNOSIS, and ADMINISTRATOR. The current page is 'DIAGNOSIS'. The device information is displayed as follows:

- Serial Number: 00ef26a015a3
- MAC Address: 00-05-26-A0-15-A3
- Individual Address: 1.1.001
- Firmware: 1.0.7

Below the device information is a 'Failure Status' section with a table showing the status of various components:

Lamp	ECG	Converter	KNX	DALI
<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: red;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>

Below this is a summary table for failure statistics:

	Lamps	ECGs	Converter
Count	5	5	0
Failures	0	2	0
Failrate	0%	40%	0%
Tot. Failrate	40%		

The following properties of the DALI Gateway are displayed in the upper line:

- Serial number
- Mac address
- KNX address
- Firmware version
- DNS name

The current error situation is also displayed. A distinction is made between the following types of error:

- Lamp fault
- ECG Error
- Converter error
- KNX Error
- DALI error

The table below shows the number of connected devices and their error rate.

## 7.10 Actions on the website

Different actions can be performed on the website. A distinction is made between configuration commands such as new installation and switching commands.

Acknowledgement after processing is necessary for configuration commands. If this cannot be received because of errors, the process is aborted after a timeout of 5 minutes.

## 7.11 Automatic log-off

An inactive session, i.e., a login as user or administrator without active operation, is automatically logged off after 5 minutes. After this time, the login window appears again. This is particularly useful for the administrator session, so that it is not blocked indefinitely.

**Note:** Mouse movements, keyboard entries and clicks are considered active operation.

## 8 System Diagnostic

A system with several DALI gateways allows a simple automated overview of the fault status of all connected gateways. The complete overview is available in each gateway and can be displayed on the website.

When a gateway is restarted, it reports with status information and is automatically transferred to the list of other devices. The current status is automatically sent with every error status change. Further parameter settings are described in the next chapter.

### 8.1 Requirements and Function

To activate the system diagnostics, the corresponding parameter must be set in the ETS.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for 'System Diagnostic via IP Network'. On the left is a navigation menu with 'GENERAL' expanded, showing 'General', 'Behaviour', 'Analysis and Service', 'Special Functions', and 'IP Network'. The main content area is titled 'System Diagnostic via IP Network' and includes the following settings:

- 'Enable System Diagnostic' is set to 'Yes' (radio button).
- Two informational messages: 'Ensure that the webservice is accessible to show System Diagnostic results. Therefore, enable access in the Page "IP Settings".' and 'Ensure that all gateways on the same system are working with the same Diagnostic Multicast Address'.
- 'System Diagnostic Multicast Address' is set to '224.0.218.201'.
- 'Device Name' is set to 'DALI Gateway'.
- 'Send Status at least all' is set to '60 Minutes'.
- 'Delete inactive entries from the list after' is set to '1 Day'.

All gateways that are to communicate with each other must be configured with the same multicast address.

Each event (value change and error message) is automatically sent to the group of participating gateways. This allows each gateway to store and monitor the status of the other gateways. This data is only stored temporarily and is collected again after a restart.

Another parameter can be used to define the time after which the status should be sent if no change has occurred during this time and no automated event is reported.

The inactive entries (inactive gateways) are deleted after a predefined time, which can be set via ETS.

**Note:** After restarting a gateway, the device status is initially sent to this multicast address. Subsequently, at each change or after the time set in the ETS. The system diagnostics broadcast service cannot be fully protected against spoofing. If in doubt about the correct device segment status, please login to the corresponding device web interface directly.

The parameters are also described in chapter [20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions](#).

## 8.2 Viewing the Diagnostic Information

The diagnostic view is displayed on the website.

To do this, select "Diagnosis" in the main menu and "System Overview" in the following submenu.

INFORMATION COMMISSIONING SETTINGS CONFIGURATION DIAGNOSIS ADMINISTRATOR									
Report System Overview									
Name	IP	Lamp	ECG	Converter	KNX	DALI	Tot. Failrate		
DALI Gateway	192.168.1.228						40 %		

In a list all DALI Gateways that are working in the same system and are enabled according to the requirements are displayed.

The following information is displayed:

- Name of the DALI Gateway
- IP address of the DALI gateway
- Lamp Error
- ECG Error
- Converter error
- KNX Error
- DALI error
- Failure rate

Clicking the Info button displays further information about the status of the device in a detail window.

DALI Gateway									
192.168.1.228							40 %		
Serial Number: 00ef.26a015a3		Individual Address: 1.1.1		Firmware: 1.0_07		Project Id:		Building Id: Zone Id:	
		Lamps		ECGs		Converter			
<b>Count</b>		5		5		0			
<b>Failures</b>		0		2		0			
<b>Failrate</b>		0 %		40 %		0 %			

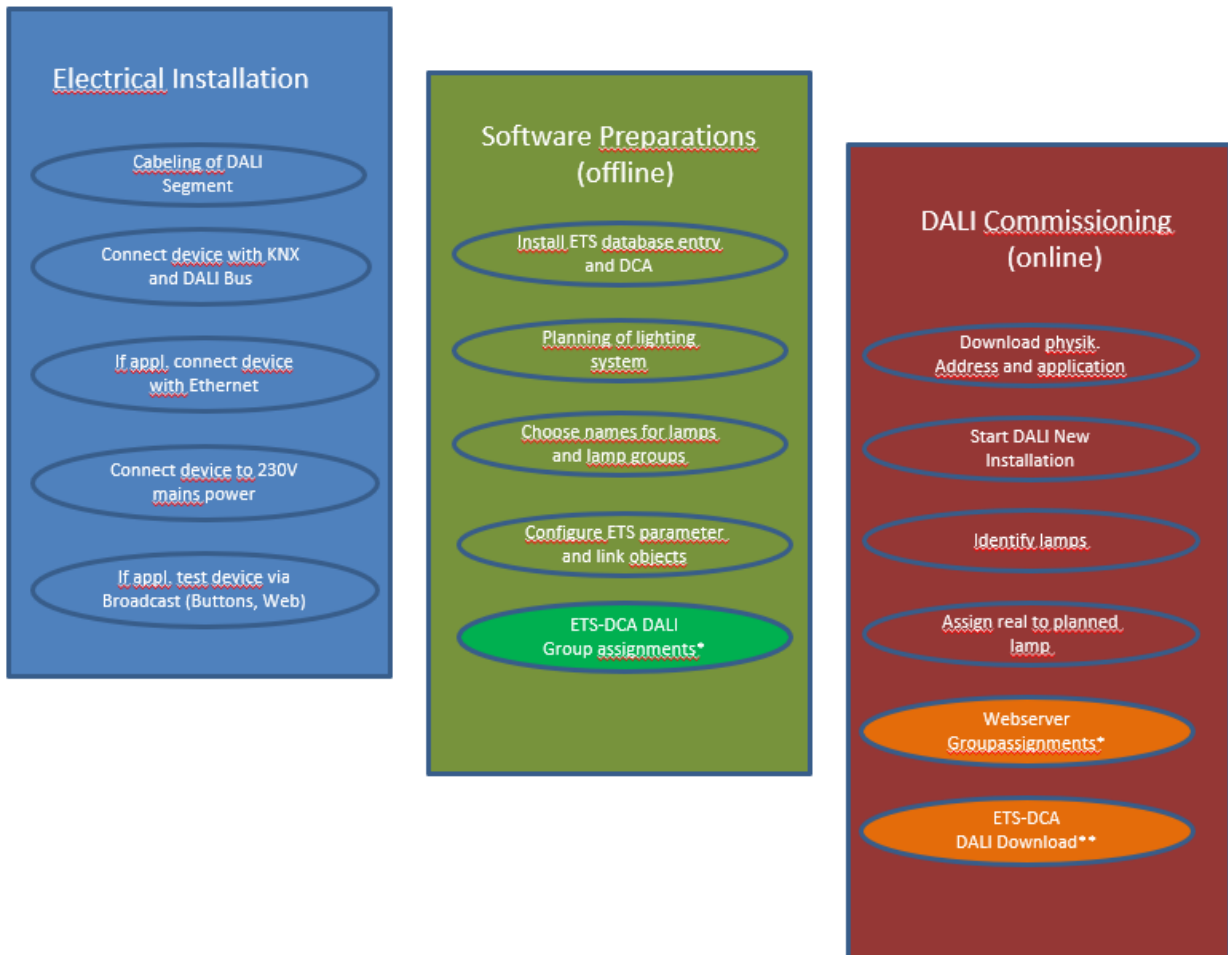
## 8.3 Website access of other gateways

Each Dali Gateway in the list can be opened in a second browser tab by clicking on the IP address.

**Note:** The corresponding login data of the DALI Gateway must be available.

## 9 Installation and commissioning concept

The following graphic shows the steps required for the new installation and commissioning of a DALI gateway.



\* When commissioning via DCA the group assignment can already be done in the planning phase (offline). When commissioning via web server the system has to be on-line.

## 9.1 DALI New installation

After wiring the DALI segment (see mounting and operating instructions) and software preparations such as installation, planning and configuration (see below) which can be performed without connection to the DALI gateway (offline), you are ready to start a new DALI installation.

**A new installation is only possible with a connection to the DALI gateway and when the ECGs that are to be installed are connected and supplied with power.**

As with every configuration process, the new installation is possible in a few different ways:

- Configuration and execution via DCA (Device Control App) in the ETS5
- Configuration and execution via integrated web server (Ethernet network connection required)
- Configuration and execution via pushbuttons and display on the device

**Note:** Depending on the type of use, configuration data should be synchronized in the DCA, see [9.5 Synchronization between web pages and DCA](#)

If you start a new installation, the ECGs connected to the DALI gateway are reset and automatically recognised and programmed by the DALI gateway. During the programming process each ECG is assigned a short address between 0 and 63 based on a random long address. As the long address is generated randomly, the short addresses and lights need to be assigned afterwards. The new installation makes the connected ECGs known to the gateway and enables the gateway to contact them via the short address.

**Note:** Please remember that every time a new installation is started, the ECGs are reset and thereby randomly allocated again. Any previous configuration is overwritten and deleted.

## 9.2 Identification and Assignment of DALI ECGs

As the ECGs are assigned randomly following the new installation, individual ECGs need to be identified and assigned as required. During the commissioning process, the ECGs are usually identified by setting an ECG / lamp to flashing mode. This means that in the installation, the lamp can be identified visually so that it can be assigned according to the user's preference. Instead of flashing, lights can also be turned on/off.

For self-contained emergency lights according to DT-1, the identification is slightly different. As not all lights support switching on/off or may only switch on in case of power loss, the EN 62386-202 enables the activation of an identification status. When the gateway sets these ECGs to flashing mode, the identification status starts instead. The exact execution of this status is up to the manufacturer. Normally the control LED connected to the converter flashes red or red/green for a few seconds. Please refer to the instructions for the emergency lights or converters used.

After an ECG has been identified, it can be assigned to the previously planned ECG. Again, there are different options for the assignment (DCA, web server, pushbuttons and display on the device). The different options are described in the following chapters.

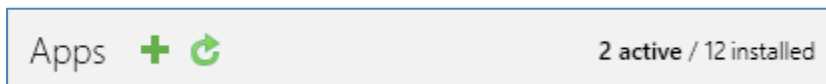


### 9.3 ETS-App (DCA)

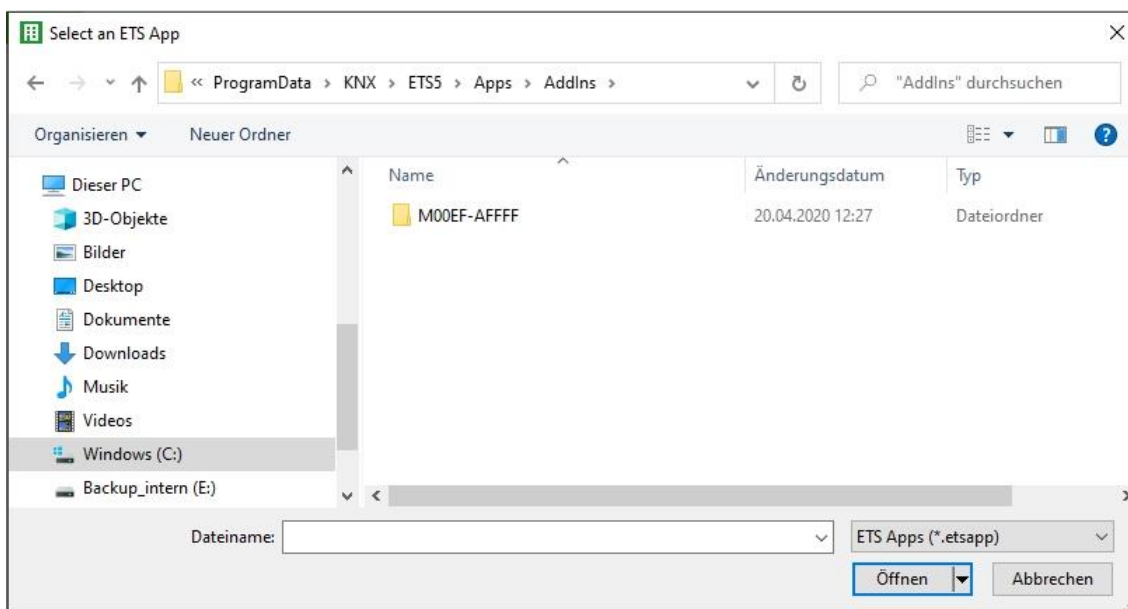
The application for the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is based on the standard surface for the configuration of communication objects and parameters as well as a special surface for commissioning the DALI bus system. This special surface is designed as a DCA (Device Control App) for the ETS5.

All required program data are automatically created when the App is imported.

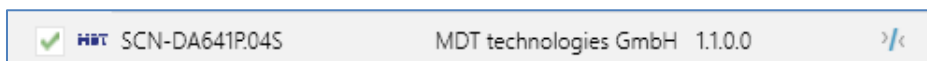
Click on the "App" button in the ETS5 footer and then select the "plus" button in order to add a new application to your ETS5 system:



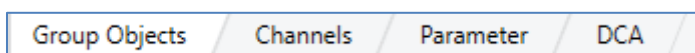
A file box will appear to select the ETS App for the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway:



The application will now be installed and displayed in the list of all ETS5 apps.



After the installation, the ETS must be re-started. When the product is selected, an additional "DCA" tab is shown in the ETS5.



## 9.4 Configuration

The parameters and the corresponding group addresses can now be configured as with any other KNX product. Through the parameters, various operating modes can also be configured. These are described in more detail in the chapter. [5 Operating modes](#)

If a later use of the website is to be enabled, this must first be enabled in the ETS parameterization. As the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway also supports colour control, future ECGs or groups with the desired colour control should be configured in ETS. Only in this way can the corresponding communication objects be made available.

In order to better identify the types of ECGs or groups both in the DCA and on the website, meaningful descriptive texts should also be defined for the ECGs and groups. These texts are also displayed in the list of communication objects.

The DALI specific configuration is performed in the DCA tab or by using the Website. You should start by planning and naming the ECGs you want to use and by assigning them to the required groups. This work can be carried out offline without connection to the KNX and without connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway. The actual DALI commissioning is only possible online which means that a connection to the device is required. During this process the connected ECGs are recognised so that they can be assigned to the previously set up configuration.

After the assignment, the special DALI configuration must be loaded onto the device by using the "Program" button in the DCA tab, see chapter:

[11.1 DCA Commissioning](#) or [11.2 Website Commissioning](#).

Finally, the parameters and links to group addresses should be loaded onto the device. The device is now ready to use.

## 9.5 Synchronization between web pages and DCA

The web pages read the real data from the device each time they are called up and thus always display current configuration data. The DCA on the other hand works with the configuration data stored in the ETS.

If a configuration has been carried out with the web page or with the buttons directly on the device and you should continue working with the DCA later, a synchronization is necessary. The menu items "Extras" and "Read device data" in the DCA are used for this purpose. More detailed information can be found in chapter: [17 DCA Extras](#)

## 10 Maintenance and Expansion

### 10.1 Quick exchange of individual ECGs

When a DALI segment is commissioned, the short address, group assignment (if applicable) and other configuration data are programmed into the ECG's internal memory. If you need to replace an ECG because of a fault, you need to program this data onto the new device.

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway offers a function that makes it possible to replace individual ECGs quickly and easily. The "ECG quick exchange" can be started from the DCA, the web server (when logged in as administrator) or on the device (pushbuttons, display) itself. The gateway first checks if any of the configured ECGs that are known to it have been reported as faulty. Then the segment is searched for new, unknown devices. If a new device is found, all configuration details of the old ECG are automatically programmed onto the new one and the installation is immediately ready for use again.

However, the ECG quick exchange only works if just one ECG within a segment is faulty and replaced by a new one. If several devices are faulty, the ECGs must be identified, and you must use the post installation function. Please also remember that the quick exchange is only possible for devices of the same Type. You cannot, for example, replace an ECG for self-contained battery emergency lights with a device for LEDs.

If a quick exchange is not possible because of any of the conditions above, the gateway terminates the process with a failure code. The different failure codes have the following meaning:

**Failure Type 7:** No ECG fault

**Failure Type 8:** More than one ECG faulty

**Failure Type 9:** No new ECG can be found

**Failure Type 10:** ECG has wrong device Type

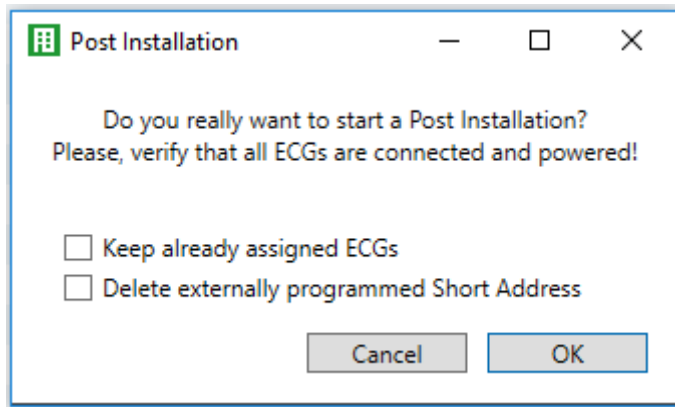
**Failure Type 11:** More than one new ECG

### 10.2 DALI Post-installation

If you would like to expand an already commissioned DALI segment with new ECGs or would like to replace several faulty ones in the segment, please use the "post installation" function.

It is possible to activate "post-installation" on DCA or on the device itself (pushbuttons, display) and in the web browser when logging in as administrator.

When you start the post installation, the gateway first checks on basis of DALI long addresses if all previously configured ECGs are still available in the segment. Usually, ECGs that no longer exist or cannot be found are deleted from the gateway's internal memory. Should unavailable ECGs be kept (i.e., if parts of the system are not powered temporarily), the deleting can be avoided by using an additional option.



Usually, ECGs have no short address and long address 0xFFFFF on delivery by default. It might be possible, that ECGs got a short address even if long address is still 0xFFFFF (i.e., if an external tool was used for programming). To delete a short address in this case please activate the control element "Delete externally programmed short address".

After verification the segment is searched for new ECGs. Newly found devices are inserted into any existing gaps or added on at the end.

**Attention:** Please remember that the maximum number of ECGs within a segment is 64

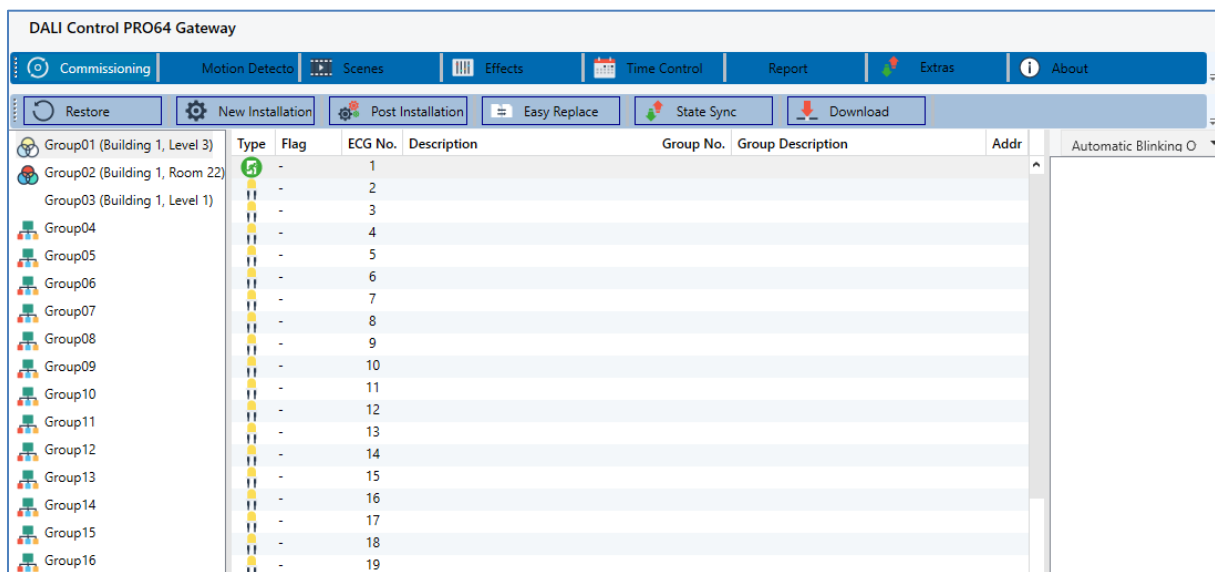
As the position (short address) of a newly found device is allocated randomly, you need to identify the lights after the installation and if required assign them to groups.

## 11 DALI Commissioning ECG

This chapter describes the commissioning with the DCA and the website

### 11.1 DCA Commissioning

Following the physical installation and wiring of the DALI ECGs and lights and the electronic commissioning, the ECG configuration needs to be prepared and planned in the DCA. For this purpose, open the commissioning page in the DCA:



The group configuration is displayed in a tree structure on the left-hand side. The middle part shows a table for the ECG configuration and names. A list on the right-hand side shows the actual devices found in the system that have not yet been identified. During the planning phase the list is empty as the ETS is not yet connected to the system.

#### 11.1.1 Preparation

First you should plan and name the ECGs. Use the description field to enter a name (light number, room number, etc.).

Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description
	-	1	T101

Double-click to display an editing window which will allow you to enter a maximum of 20 characters.

You should also set the correct ECG Type in the parameters (in this example LED Module is selected):

ECG 1, Description	T101
Group Assignment	Not Assigned
ECG Type	LED Module

This also leads to the corresponding display in the Type field in the DCA:

	Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description
-->		-	1	T101

**Note:** The icon in the first column always reflects the ETS setting.

As a next step, you should define the group control Type in the parameters (in this example colour control via RGB):

G1, Room 111		Colour Control Type	RGB Colour
General		Selection of Object Type	RGB (3 Byte combined Object)
Behaviour		Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming	fast (10 Seconds)
Colour Control			

This leads to the corresponding display in the group tree in the DCA:

Group01	Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description
		Plan	1	T101

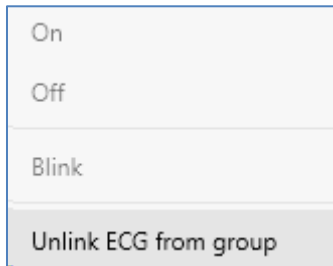
You can now assign the individual ECGs to the corresponding groups. Pull the ECGs via Drag & Drop onto the corresponding group in the tree on the left-hand side.

Group01 (Room 111)	Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description	Group No.	Group Description
		Plan	1	T101	1	Room 111

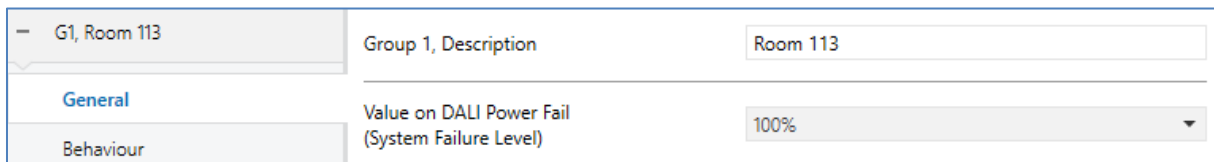
If an ECG is assigned to a group by Drag & Drop, the corresponding group number is automatically displayed in the "Group No." field in the ECG configuration table. The icon of the group type is also automatically displayed.

**Note:** The icon in the first column of ECGs assigned to a group always reflects the type of the group, i.e., the icon of the ECG is replaced by the icon of the group.

If a group assignment must be removed, the command can be found in the context menu of the ECG configuration table:



You can enter a user-friendly name in the neighbouring field "group description". ECG and group names are automatically displayed both in the group configuration tree (displayed in brackets) and in the descriptions of the ETS communication objects. Alternatively, you can rename groups via the parameter page:



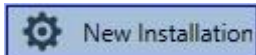
Easily recognisable names make it much easier for the system integrator when linking group addresses with communication objects.

47	G1, Switching, Room 113	On/Off
48	G1, Dimming, Room 113	Dim relative
49	G1, Set Value, Room 113	Dim absolute
52	G1, Status, Room 113	Status On/Off
53	G1, Status, Room 113	Status of dimming value
54	G1, Failure Status, Room 113	Failure status of DALI ECG

### 11.1.2 New installation

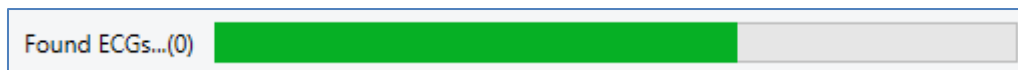
Once the planning, parameter setting and linking of group addresses have all been completed, the DALI segment can be commissioned. To do so, please connect the commissioning PC with the ETS to the KNX system via an interface (USB or IP). Once the connection is active, you need to program the physical address of the gateway. The communication between the plug-in and the gateway is based on the physical address.

Use the 'commissioning' page and the 'new installation' button to start the teach-in process of the connected DALI segment.

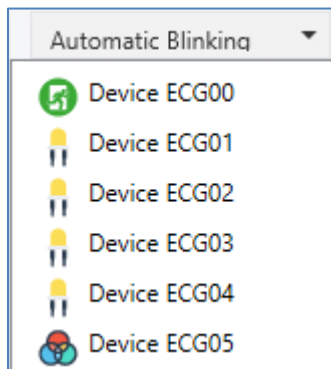


During the teach-in process all ECGs are automatically recognised and each ECG is assigned a short address from 0 - 63. Depending on the size of the connected DALI segment the process can take up to 3 minutes.

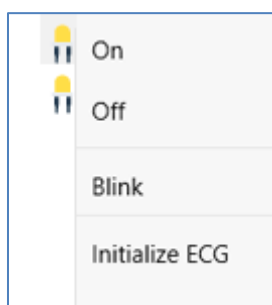
A bar in the bottom right-hand corner indicates how far this process has progressed. At the same time a display also informs about the current process and the number of ECGs that have so far been found.



Once the process is complete, all ECGs that have been found are displayed in the list of to-be identified devices on the right-hand side.

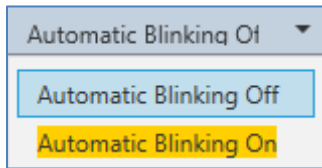


To identify the devices, switch the corresponding lamp on and off. If you select an ECG and press the right mouse button, a context menu appears from which you can select the required function.



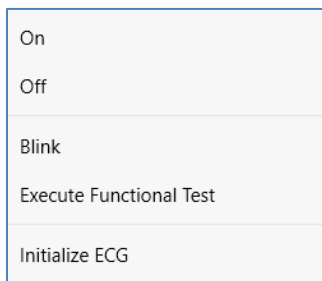


Alternatively, you can also select 'on' in the box 'Flash automatically'.



In this case, the flashing mode of an ECG starts by itself when a device is selected.

For self-contained battery emergency lights, selecting "flashing" activates the identification process of the light. Usually, the status LED of the emergency light flashes during this process. Please pay attention to the description of the lights you are using. As the status LED does not work or is not visible for some lights, you can also start a function test. During the function test, the ECG usually switches the lights on for a few seconds.



The context menu is also available at group level. During the identification process it might be useful to switch certain groups or all connected lamps on or off. You can also send broadcast commands via the context menu, in order to, for example, switch all lights on or off, see chapter: [11.1.5 Operating DALI devices](#)

Once an ECG has been identified, you can drag and drop it onto the previously planned element in the ECG configuration table.

Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description	Group No.	Group Description	Addr	Automatic Blinking (Device ECG05)
Plan	1	L-10R01-1		1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	0	
Plan	2	L-10R01-2		1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	1	
Plan	3	L-10R01-3		1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	2	
Plan	4	L-10R01-4		1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	3	
Plan	5	L-10R02-1		2	Building 1, Level 0, Room 02	4	
Plan (E)	6	L-10R02-2		2	Building 1, Level 0, Room 02		
Plan	7	EL-10F1-1		5		6	
-	8	EL-10F1-2					
Plan	9	L-10F1-3		3	Building 1, Level 0, Room 03		
Plan	10	L-10R03-1		3	Building 1, Level 0, Room 03		
Plan	11	L-10R03-2		3	Building 1, Level 0, Room 03		
-	12	R-10R03-3					
-	13						

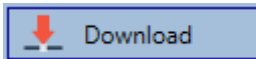
Once an ECG has been dragged into the ECG configuration table, it disappears from the list of non-identified ECGs. At the same time the 'PLAN'-flag in the configuration table shows that the ECG has been assigned to the planned element. The last column in the table shows the real ECG short address.

**Note:** Please make sure that the short address is between 0 and 63. If an ECG has been wrongly assigned, it can be moved back to the list of non-identified devices using the same drag& drop mechanism.

Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description	Group No.	Group Description	Addr
Plan		1	L-10R01-1	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	0
Plan		2	L-10R01-2	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	1
Plan		3	L-10R01-3	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	2
Plan		4	L-10R01-4	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	3
Plan		5	L-10R02-1	2	Building 1, Level 0, Room 02	4
Plan (E)		6	L-10R02-2	2	Building 1, Level 0, Room 02	6
Plan		7	EL-10F1-1	S		
-		8	EL-10F1-2			
Plan		9	L-10F1-3	3	Building 1, Level 0, Room 03	
Plan		10	L-10R03-1	3	Building 1, Level 0, Room 03	
Plan		11	L-10R03-2	3	Building 1, Level 0, Room 03	
-		12	R-10R03-3			
-		13				

The element in the configuration table is now available again (Flag: 'PLAN (E)' → Empty) and the ECG re-appears in the list of non-identified devices from where it can now be moved to a different element if required.

**Important:** Please remember that at this point all operations that have been performed are only displayed in the workspace. They are not immediately loaded onto the DALI gateway. To start the process of downloading the settings onto the gateway and the ECGs, you must press the 'Download'-button.



The download can take up to 1 minute. The progress bar informs about the current status. Once the download is complete, all previously planned ECGs are programmed in the system with the DALI configuration. The respective devices are marked with an "OK" flag in the ECG configuration table.

Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description	Group No.	Group Description	Addr
OK		1	L-10R01-1	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	0
OK		2	L-10R01-2	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	1
OK		3	L-10R01-3	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	2
OK		4	L-10R01-4	1	Building 1, Level 0, Room 01	3
OK		5	L-10R02-1	2	Building 1, Level 0, Room 02	4
OK		6	L-10R02-2	2	Building 1, Level 0, Room 02	6
OK		7	EL-10F1-1	S		

**Important:** Please remember that the download on the 'commissioning page' only programmes the DALI configuration data onto the gateway and ECGs. In addition, the actual ETS application with the parameter settings and group addresses must be loaded into the device before or after the DALI identification and commissioning. This is done, as usual, via the normal download process in the ETS.

### 11.1.3 ECG and group detail info

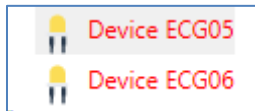
The following icons are displayed for the different ECG Types in the DCA:

A green background shows that this ECG has been configured as emergency light with central battery. See below.

	ECG Type 0: Fluorescent lamp
	ECG Type 1: Emergency light switchable or Emergency Light + Colour temperature
	ECG Type 1: Emergency light non switchable
	ECG Type 2: Discharge lamp
	ECG Type 3: Low voltage lamp
	ECG Type 4: Incandescent lamp
	ECG Type 5: 0..10V Converter
	ECG Type 6: LED
	ECG Type 7: Relays module
	ECG Type 8: Colour module RGB
	ECG Type 8: Colour module Tunable white
	ECG Type 8: Colour module Tunable white + RGB

### 11.1.4 Failure and status display

During the commissioning, lamps/ECGs are identified visually (ON, OFF, flashing). It is therefore crucial that all lamps and ECGs operate correctly. If the gateway identifies a lamp or ECG fault during the installation process, the ECG concerned is highlighted in red. Failures are displayed for non-identified devices (right tree)



and for ECGs that have already been assigned (middle table).

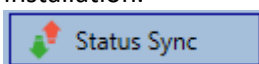
Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description	Group No.	Group Description
	OK	1	L-10R01-1	1	Building 1, Level 0
	OK	2	L-10R01-2	2	Building 1, Level 1
	OK	3	L-10R01-3	S	
	OK	4	L-10R01-4	S	

Failures are marked with a red dot. Detailed information is available via double-click (see next chapter).

**Note:** If the lifetime of a lamp, provided that a limit has been set in the ETS parameters, exceeds the value, the ECG will be marked with a blue dot.

	OK	1	1 RGB
	OK	2	TC

As the view is not automatically updated and as it may take a few minutes for the DALI gateway to recognise a fault, we recommend that you press the 'Status Sync' button a short while after the installation.



This ensures that the displayed status is updated with the actual status and any failures that may have been detected in the meantime are displayed correctly.

**Attention:** If an ECG failure already exists during the search process of the initial installation, the device is usually not detected. This means that the number of ECGs found does not correspond to the number that was expected. ECG failures are only displayed in the manner described above if the ECG concerned has been previously programmed and is known to the gateway.

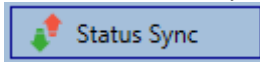
In addition to ECG failures, further ECG info is exported or displayed. This information includes:

- Long address
- Short address
- Device Type
- Device Sub-Type (important for colour ECGs DT-8)
  - TC: Temperature Colour
  - XY: XY Colour
  - RGBW: RGB or HSV Colour
- Device Sub-Type (important for emergency ECGs DT-1)
  - SW: switchable emergency lights
  - NSW: non switchable emergency lights
- Failure status

For DT-8 ECGs with colour temperature control the following are also displayed:

- Min. temperature
- Max. temperature

Press the "Status Sync" button to export and update the information.

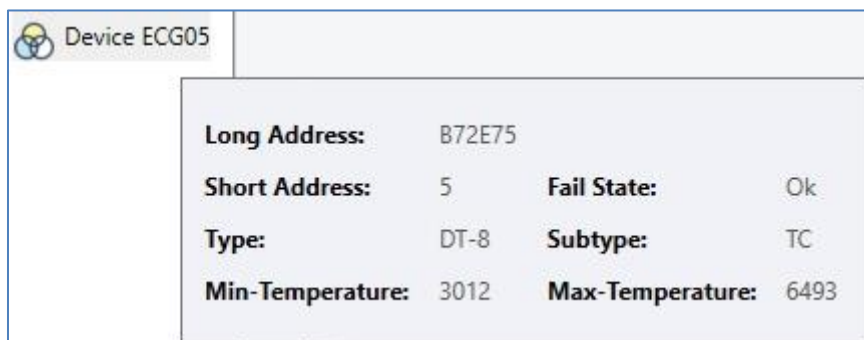


The process can take a few seconds:



#### 11.1.4.1 ECG info in the right-hand side tree

Additional information for the ECGs is displayed via tooltip:



To activate the tooltip, the mouse pointer must remain on this position for a little longer.

#### 11.1.4.2 ECG info in the ECG table

Double-click to open another window with further details:

	<b>Long Address:</b>	B72E75		
	<b>Short Address:</b>	5	<b>Fail State:</b>	Ok
	<b>Type:</b>	DT-8	<b>Subtype:</b>	TC
	<b>Min-Temperature:</b>	3012	<b>Max-Temperature:</b>	6493


**Important:** The icon in the detail window shows the real ECG Type. Please make sure that the ETS definition is the same as the actual Type.

Further information:

- Long address
- Real short address
- Type
- Sub-Type
- Failure status
- Min. temperature (only for sub-Type TC)
- Max. temperature (only for sub-Type TC)

#### 11.1.4.3 Group Info in the group tree

Additional information for the group is displayed via tooltip in the group tree.

<b>Value:</b>	0%	<b>ECG Count (Failed):</b>	3 (0)
<b>Operation Hours:</b>	0	<b>Converter Count (Failed):</b>	0 (0)
<b>Lifetime:</b>		<b>Fail Rate:</b>	0%

### 11.1.5 Operating DALI devices

DALI devices can be directly controlled in five different ways.

- **Broadcast:**

In this case telegrams that all participating devices react to are sent to the DALI bus.

The commands are executed by all ECGs even if they have not yet been commissioned. Therefore these commands work independently of the status of the DALI system.

- **Group Control:**

In this case, group telegrams are sent to control a particular group. For this process to work correctly the ECGs need to have been assigned to groups and the configuration has to be downloaded onto the gateway.

- **ECG Control:**

In this case, ECGs can be individually controlled.

- **Emergency (Converter) inhibit**

Use the context menu in the group tree on the left-hand side to disable converters.

If the power supply for the connected emergency lights is turned off within 15 minutes after activating the converter inhibit mode, the lights are turned off instead of changing into emergency mode. This operating mode may be necessary during the commissioning and installation process to prevent constant emergency lighting and battery discharge.

- **Emergency (Converter) Start Functional Test**

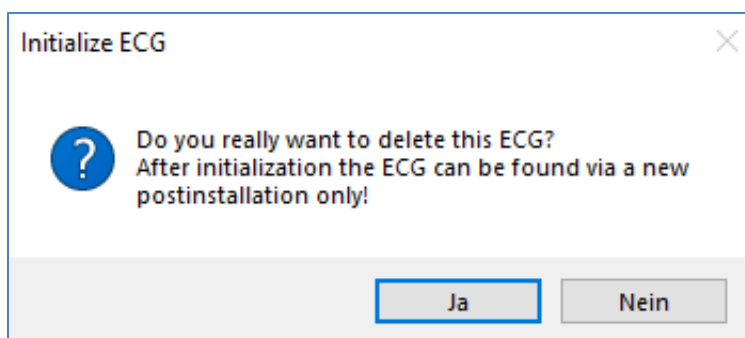
Use the context menu in the right-hand side tree or the list to start a function test with converters.

- **Initialize ECG**

This function is only available in the tree on the right. This can be used to completely delete an ECG.

After this action, it is no longer present and can only be found by renewed post installation.

Therefore, this action must be confirmed by the operator:



The DCA offers different options to activate these commands. The DALI must be commissioned and a connection to the gateway must be available for all the options.

Group menu in the left-hand side tree:

Group On
Group Off
Group Blink
Broadcast On
Broadcast Off
Broadcast Blink
Broadcast converter inhibit

Context menu in the ECG table:

On
Off
Blink
Unlink ECG from group

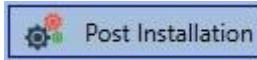
ECG menu in the right-hand side tree:

On
Off
Blink
Initialize ECG

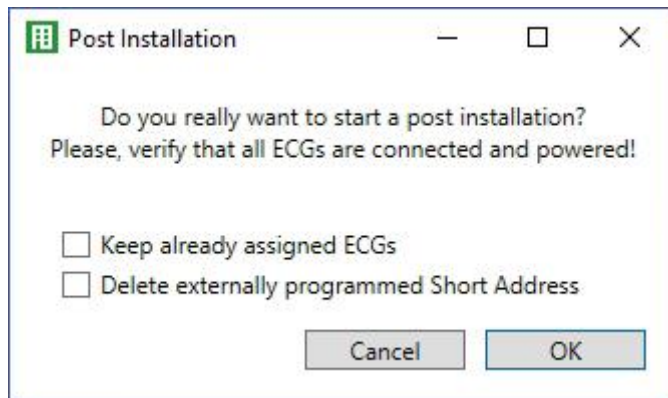


### 11.1.6 Post Installation

If you would like to expand an already commissioned DALI segment with new ECGs or would like to replace several faulty ones in the segment, please use the "post installation" function.



When you start the post installation in the ETS, the gateway first checks if all previously configured ECGs are still available in the segment. ECGs that no longer exist or cannot be found are usually deleted from the gateway's internal memory. Should unavailable ECGs be kept (i.e. if parts of the system are not powered temporarily), the deleting can be avoided by using an additional option: "Keep already assigned ECGs"



Usually, ECGs have no short address and long address 0xFFFFF on delivery by default. It might be possible, that ECGs got a short address even if long address is still 0xFFFFF (i.e. if an external tool was used for programming). In order to delete short address in this case please activate the control element "Delete externally programmed short address".

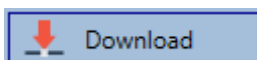
After verification the segment is searched for new ECGs. Newly found devices are inserted into any existing gaps or added on at the end.

**Attention:** Please remember that the maximum number of ECGs within a segment is 64.

As the position (short address) of a newly found device is allocated randomly, you need to identify the lights and if required assign them to groups.

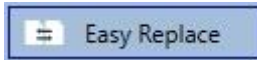
**Note:** If you choose the setting "Switch ECG power supply via object", the corresponding objects are sent before the post installation. Afterwards the ECG can be assigned again to a group.

**Important:** Please remember that at this point all operations that have been performed are only displayed in the workspace. They are not immediately loaded onto the DALI gateway. To start the process of downloading the settings onto the gateway and the ECGs, you must press the 'Download' button.

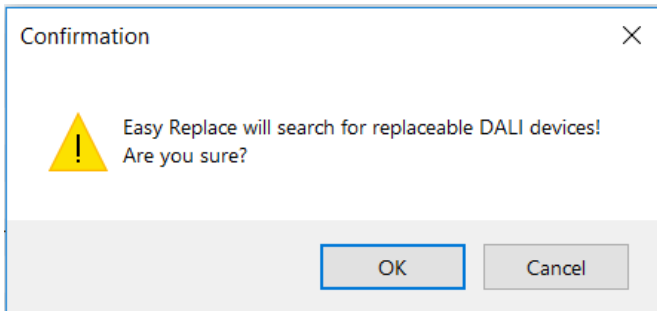


### 11.1.7 ECG Quick exchange

If you need to exchange an individual ECG because of a fault, you can also use the quick exchange function. Press the quick exchange button in the DCA.



The execution of this function must be confirmed in a query window.

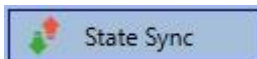


If a quick exchange is not possible because of external circumstances, the gateway terminates the process with a failure code. The different failure codes have the following meaning:

- Failure Type 7:** No ECG fault
- Failure Type 8:** More than one ECG faulty
- Failure Type 9:** No new ECG can be found
- Failure Type 10:** ECG has wrong device Type
- Failure Type 11:** More than one new ECG

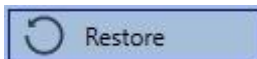
### 11.1.8 Status Sync

Use this function to read and display the status of all ECGs, see chapter: [11.1.3 ECG and group detail info](#). The DALI Gateway polls the ECG status cyclically.

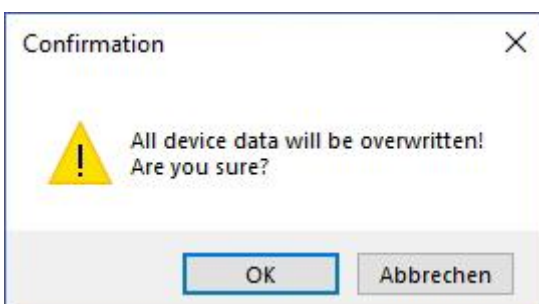


### 11.1.9 Restoring the DALI configuration

This command is used to completely restore a DALI Control PRO64 Gateway, for example, by replacing it with a completely unprogrammed device.



After actuation, a window appears in which the overwriting of the device configuration must be confirmed.



In this case all Dali relevant data from the ETS is written onto the device.

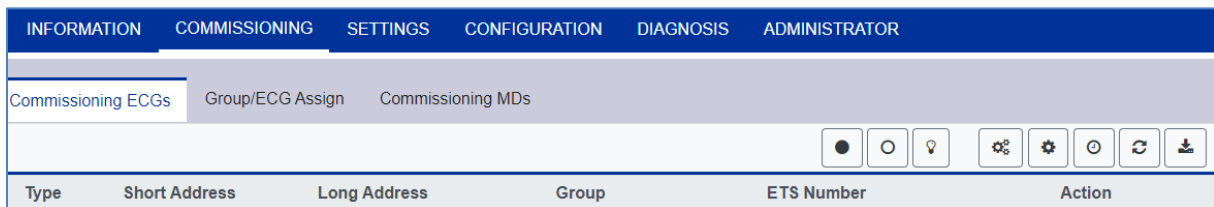
**Important:** Once this process is complete, the device must be restarted manually.

This function only applies to the DALI configuration. It is therefore essential to carry out a normal ETS download for the ETS parameters and communication objects.

**Important:** It is strongly recommended to make a backup of the ETS after completing all configuration.

## 11.2 Website Commissioning

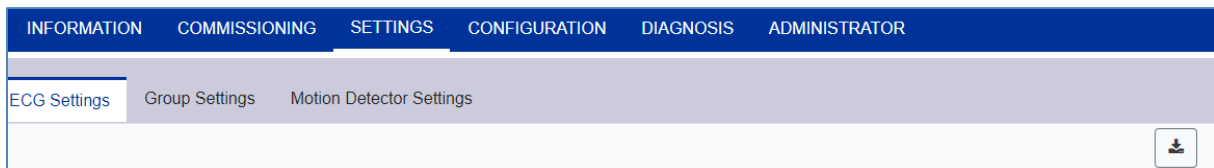
After the physical installation and wiring of the DALI ECGs and luminaires and the electrical commissioning, the ECG configuration must first be prepared and planned on the website. For this purpose, the commissioning page is opened:



Important for commissioning via web is the correct ETS configuration of the groups and ECG settings. Here the group type (normal or colour control) and the individual ECG types should already be correctly defined.

### 11.2.1 Preparation

The first step should be to plan and designate the ECGs and groups. For this purpose, a name (luminaire number, room number and group designation or similar) can be entered in the description field on the "Settings" page.



**Important:** It is useful to assign plausible descriptive texts for the groups and for the ECGs which are to be used later as individual ECGs.

**Note:** The view under ECG settings is sorted by the ETS ECG number. These ECG numbers must then also receive the corresponding planned settings and object assignments in ETS.

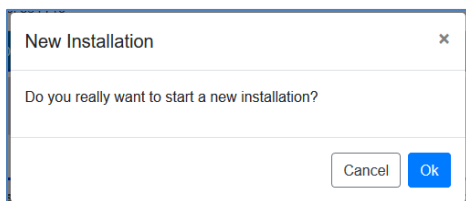
Type	Number	Short Address	Group	Description	Value	Colour	Action
	1	0	Unassigned	ECG-0	0 %	N/A	

**Important:** Please note that all performed operations are initially only displayed within the user interface but are not directly loaded into the DALI Gateway. To start the save operation the save button in the upper right corner must be pressed:

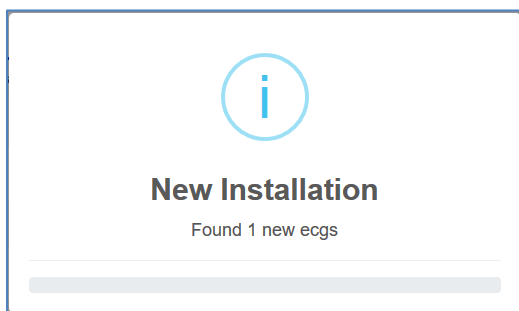


### 11.2.2 New Installation

After planning, setting the parameters and linking the group addresses, the actual commissioning of the DALI segment takes place. The teach-in process of the connected DALI segment can then be started via the "Commissioning" page and the "New installation" button.



During teach-in, all ECGs are automatically detected, and each ECG is assigned a short address from 0...63. The teach-in process can take up to 3 minutes, depending on the size of the connected DALI segment. The progress is shown in the popup window.



After completion of the teach-in process, all found ECGs are included in the table.

Type	Short Address	Long Address	Group	ETS Number	Action
	0	0x118DE0	Unassigned	[1]: ECG-0	
	1	0x5F2330	Unassigned	[2]: ECG-1	
	2	0xA0E939	Unassigned	[3]: ECG-2	
	3	0xE91EBF	Unassigned	[4]: ECG-3	
	4	0xE91EC0	Unassigned	[5]: ECG-4	
	5	0xE91EC1	Unassigned	[6]: ECG-5	
	6	0xE91EC2	Unassigned	[7]: ECG-6	

The identification is now carried out by switching the respective light on and off.

Once an ECG has been identified, it can be assigned as an individual ECG or to a group in the drop-down menu:

Long Address	Group	ETS Number
0x118DE0	Unassigned	[1]: ECG-0
0x5F2330	[1]: TC	[2]: ECG-1
0xA0E939	[2]: RGB	[3]: ECG-2
0xE91EBF	[3]: TC+RGB	[4]: ECG-3
0xE91EC0	[4]: Group-4	[5]: ECG-4
0xE91EC1	[5]: Group-5	[6]: ECG-5
0xE91EC2	[6]: Group-6	[7]: ECG-6
	[7]: Group-7	
	[8]: Group-8	
	[9]: Group-9	
	[10]: Group-10	
	[11]: Group-11	
	[12]: Group-12	
	[13]: Group-13	
	[14]: Group-14	
	[15]: Group-15	
	[16]: Group-16	
	Single	
	Unassigned	

The desired assignment to the ETS ECG number can then be selected.

Example: ECG with control of colour temperature with short address 1 is assigned to group 1 (TC) and ETS ECG number 2:

	1	0x5F2330	[1]: TC	[2]: ECG-1		
--	---	----------	---------	------------	--	--

With this procedure all found ECGs can be assigned.

**Note:** Please note that the real short address is between 0 and 63.

**Important:** Please remember that at this point all operations that have been performed are only displayed in the workspace. They are not immediately loaded onto the DALI gateway. To start the process of downloading the settings onto the gateway and the ECGs, you must press the 'Download' button.



The programming process can take up to 1 minute.

**Important:** It is important to note that the programming process on the "commissioning side" only programs the DALI configuration data in gateway and ECGs. In addition, the actual ETS application with the parameter settings and group addresses must be loaded into the device before or after the DALI identification and commissioning. This is done as usual via the normal loading process in the ETS.

### 11.2.3 Post Installation

If an already commissioned DALI segment is to be extended by additional ECGs, or if several defective ECGs in the segment are to be replaced, the "post installation" function must be used.



When you start the post installation in the ETS, the gateway first checks if all previously configured ECGs are still available in the segment. ECGs that no longer exist or cannot be found are usually deleted from the gateway's internal memory. Should unavailable ECGs be kept (i.e. if parts of the system are not powered temporarily), the deleting can be avoided by using an additional option: "*Keep already configured ECGs*"



Usually, ECGs have no short address and long address 0xFFFFF on delivery by default. It might be possible, that ECGs got a short address even if long address is still 0xFFFFF ( i.e., if an external tool was used for programming). To delete short address in this case please activate the control element "*Reassign short address*".

After verification the segment is searched for new ECGs. Newly found devices are inserted into any existing gaps or added on at the end.










**Attention:** Please remember that the maximum number of ECGs within a segment is 64.

Since the position (short address) of the newly found devices was assigned randomly, an identification of the luminaires and, if necessary, a group assignment must be carried out after the subsequent installation, as with the new installation.

**Note:** If you choose the setting "Switch ECG power supply via object", the corresponding objects are sent before the post installation. Afterwards the ECG can be assigned again to a group.

### 11.2.4 Failure and status display









The identification of the luminaires/ECG's during commissioning is carried out visually (switch on, switch off, flashing) and is therefore only possible if the lamps and ECGs are working without errors. If a lamp or ECG fault is identified by the gateway during the installation process, the corresponding ECG is highlighted in red.

Type	Number	Short Address	Group	Description	Value	Colour	Action
	1	4	Single	ECG No. 1	0 %	0 X 0 Y	 
	2	6	[1]: Group 1	ECG No. 2	N/A %	N/A	 
	3	0	Single	ECG No. 3	0 %	N/A	 

**Note:** If the lifetime of a lamp, provided that a limit has been set in the ETS parameters, exceeds the value, the ECG will be highlighted in blue.

	1	4	Single
	2	6	Single

By pressing the Info button detailed information will be shown:

Show Details		tion
Long Address	0x6E1853	
Short Address	4	
Type	8	
Sub-Type	RGB SW	
Operating hours	275	
Lifetime		
Fault-State	0	

### 11.2.5 Operating DALI devices

The DALI devices can be controlled directly in various ways. In the menu bar is available:

- **Broadcast :**



In this case telegrams that all participating devices react to are sent to the DALI bus. The commands are executed by all ECGs even if they have not yet been commissioned. Therefore these commands work independently of the status of the DALI system.

- **Emergency (Converter) inhibit**



Use the context menu in the group tree on the left-hand side to disable converters. If the power supply for the connected emergency lights is turned off within 15 minutes after activating the converter inhibit mode, the lights are turned off instead of changing into emergency mode. This operating mode may be necessary during the commissioning and installation process to prevent constant emergency lighting and battery discharge.

- **Easy Replace**



If you need to exchange an individual ECG because of a fault, you can also use the quick exchange function. This action must be confirmed by the operator:

If a quick exchange is not possible because of external circumstances, the gateway terminates the process with a failure code. The different failure codes have the following meaning:

**Failure Type 7:** No ECG fault

**Failure Type 8:** More than one ECG faulty

**Failure Type 9:** No new ECG can be found

**Failure Type 10:** ECG has wrong device Type

**Failure Type 11:** More than one new ECG

In the table for each individual ECG:

- **ECG Control:**



Single ECGs can be controlled directly.



This can be used to completely delete an ECG. After this action, it is no longer present and can only be found by renewed post installation. Therefore, this action must be confirmed by the operator.





- **All On/Off:**



These broadcast commands switch all groups and ECGs on or off.

- **Switch On/Off:**



With the help of these two commands, individual groups or ECGs can be switched On or Off.

## 12 DALI Commissioning Motion Detector

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway allows the configuration of input devices.

**Note:** Only motion detectors that comply with the IEC 62386, part 303/304 standard are supported.

Each input device is identified by a short address, as with ECGs. This address is assigned during the new installation.

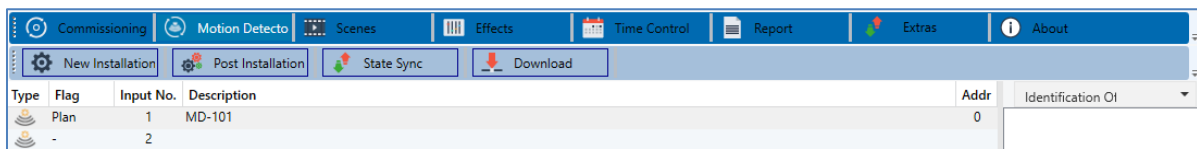
The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway supports up to 8 motion sensors.

Each input device can contain one or more instances. With motion sensors it is common that one instance represents the "motion" and another instance represents the "brightness".

This type of motion detector is pre-set in DALI Control PRO64 Gateway.

### 12.1 DCA Commissioning

The assignment settings and programming of motion sensors can be done in the DCA. For this purpose, switch from the commissioning page to the Motion Detector page.



#### 12.1.1 Preparation

The first step should be to plan and name the motion sensors. For this purpose a name (room number or similar) can be entered in the description field.

Type	Flag	Input No.	Description
	Plan	1	MD-101

By double-clicking, an editing window appears for entering a text. A maximum of 20 characters can be entered. In addition, the correct motion detector type should also be set in the parameters.

The ETS parameters provide for a built-in brightness sensor for each motion detector see parameter "Additional brightness sensor available".

If motion detectors without brightness measurement are used, this can be set via this ETS parameter.

MD 1, Description	MD-101
<b>DALI Configuration</b>	
Time without movement > Vacant	5 Minutes
Deadtime between Movement Detection Events	0.1 Seconds
<b>KNX Configuration</b>	
Object Type for Output	Switch Object
Cyclic Sending	only on movement detection
Usage of Disable Object	No
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>i</b> If an additional Brightness Sensor is available a new parameter page will be activated</p> </div>	
Additional Brightness Sensor available	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Brightness depending Switching	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Activate when Brightness Level is below	500 lux



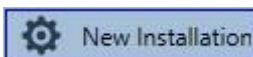
Icon for Motion Detector with Brightness



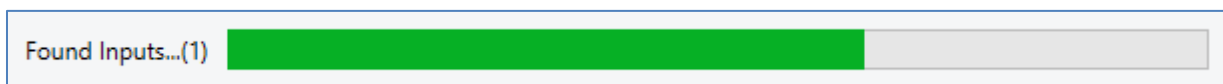
Icon for Motion Detector without Brightness

### 12.1.2 New Installation

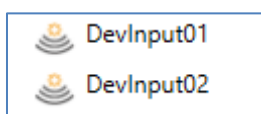
The teach-in process of the connected DALI segment can then be started via the "Commissioning" page and the "New installation" button.



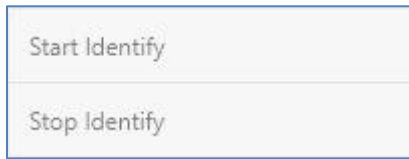
During teach-in, all motion detectors are automatically detected and each motion detector is assigned a short address from 0...63. The teach-in process can take up to 3 minutes, depending on the size of the connected DALI segment. The progress is shown in the progress bar at the bottom right of the window. At the same time a display informs about the number of motion detectors found so far, or about the current process.



When the teach-in process is complete, all motion detectors found are entered in the list of devices still to be identified on the right-hand side.

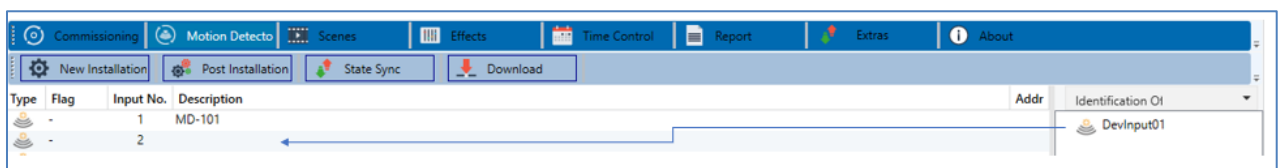


The identification is now carried out by an identity process of the motion detectors. When activated, an LED usually flashes in the identified motion detector.

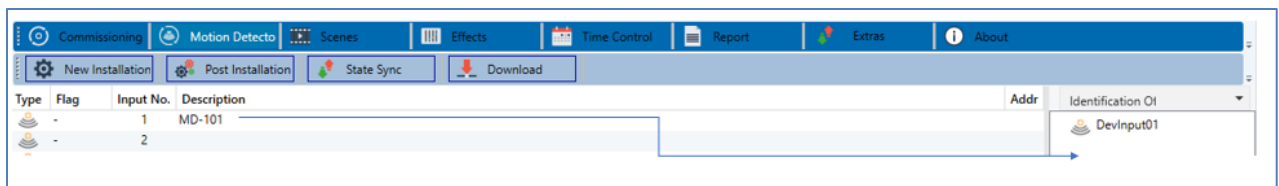


**Note:** The way in which the connected motion sensor displays its identification may be different for different manufacturers. Please read the manufacturer's instructions.

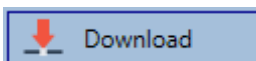
Once a motion sensor has been identified, it can be dragged and dropped to the corresponding ETS entry in the table.



To delete an assignment, this entry can also be dragged back into the right-hand tree.



**Important:** Please note that all performed operations are initially only displayed within the user interface but are not directly loaded into the DALI Gateway. To start the loading process of the settings into the Gateway and into the motion detectors, it is absolutely necessary to press the "Download" button.



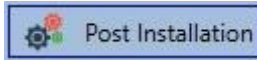
The programming process can take up to 1 minute. The progress bar provides information about the current status. When the loading process is complete, all previously planned motion sensors in the real system have been programmed with the DALI configuration. In the motion detector configuration table, the corresponding devices are marked with the "OK" flag.

Type	Flag	Input No.	Description
	OK	1	MD-101

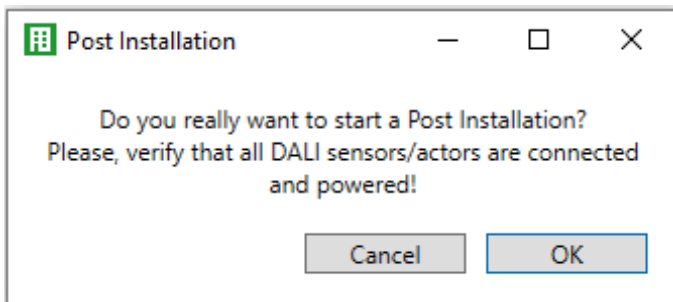
**Important:** It is important to note that the programming process on the "commissioning side" only programs the DALI configuration data into the gateway and into the ECGs/movement sensors. In addition, the actual ETS application with the parameter settings and group addresses must be loaded into the device before or after the DALI identification and commissioning. This is done as usual via the normal loading process in the ETS.

### 12.1.3 Post Installation

If an already commissioned DALI segment is to be extended by additional motion detectors, or if one or more defective motion detectors in the segment are to be replaced, the "Post installation" function must be used.



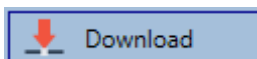
If a subsequent installation is started, the gateway first checks on the basis of the DALI long address whether all previously configured motion sensors are still present in the segment. Normally, motion sensors that are no longer present or cannot be found are deleted from the internal memory of the gateway during the subsequent installation.



**Attention:** Please note the maximum number of 8 motion detectors in one segment.

Since the position (short address) of the newly found devices was assigned randomly, the motion detectors must be identified after the subsequent installation in the same way as for the new installation.

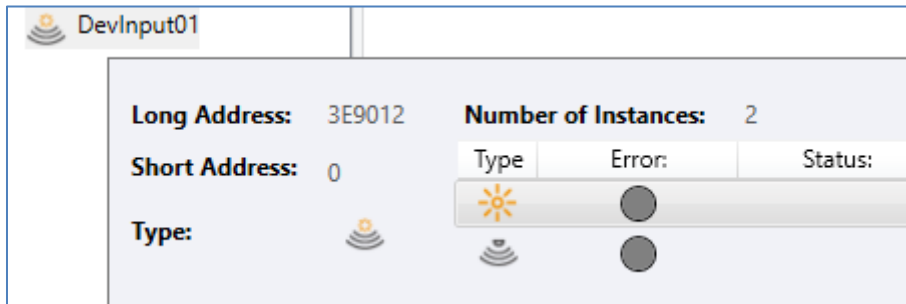
**Important:** Please note that all performed operations are initially only displayed within the user interface but are not directly loaded into the DALI Gateway. To start the loading process of the settings into the Gateway and into the motion detectors, it is necessary to press the "Download" button.



## 12.1.4 Failure and status display

### 12.1.4.1 Info in right tree view

Here the additional information is displayed as tooltip of the respective Motion Detector:



To activate the tooltip, the mouse pointer must remain in this position for a little longer.

### 12.1.4.2 Info in table view

A double click opens an additional window with further details:

Type	Flag	Input No.	Description									
	Plan	1	MD-101									
<p><b>Long Address:</b> 3E9012</p> <p><b>Short Address:</b> 0</p> <p><b>Type:</b> </p>		<p><b>Number of Instances:</b> 2</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>Error:</th> <th>Status:</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Type	Error:	Status:						
Type	Error:	Status:										

**Important:** The icon in the details window indicates the real motion detector type that was read out via DALI. Please make sure that the ETS definition matches the real type.

Further information:

- Long address
- Real short address
- Type
- Number of instances
- Sub-type
- Error status

## 12.2 Website Commissioning

The assignment settings and programming of motion sensors can be done on the web page.

Type	Short Address	Long Address	ETS Number	Action
------	---------------	--------------	------------	--------

### 12.2.1 Preparation

The first step should be to plan and name the motion sensors. For this purpose, a text can be entered in the description field on the "Settings" page.

Type	Number	Short Address	Description	Info
	1		<input type="text" value="Input 1"/>	

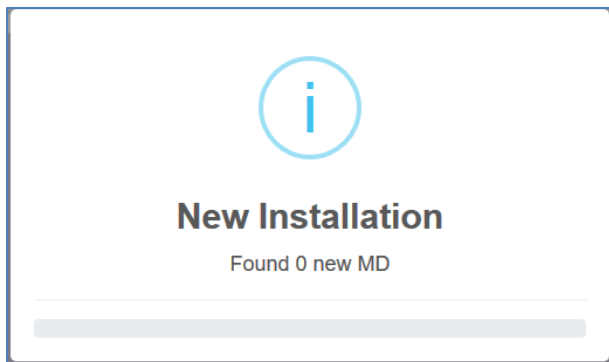
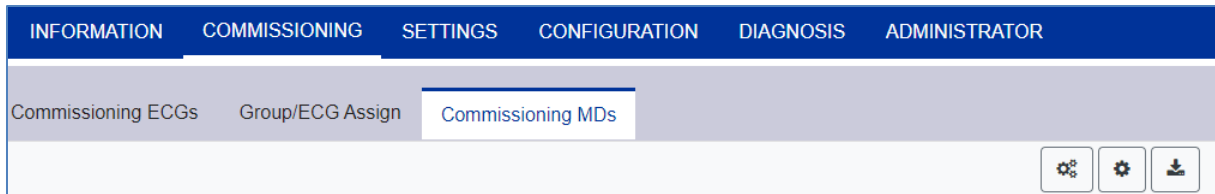
**Important:** Please note that all operations performed are initially only displayed within the user interface but are not directly loaded into the DALI Gateway. To start the save operation the save button in the upper right corner must be pressed:





### 12.2.2 New Installation

After planning, setting the parameters and linking the group addresses, the actual commissioning of the DALI segment takes place. The teach-in process of the connected DALI segment can then be started via the "Commissioning" page and the "New installation" button.



After installation, all motion detectors found are displayed in the list and can be identified with the action button.



After identification, they can be assigned to the motion detectors preconfigured in the ETS.

Type	Short Address	Long Address	ETS Number	Action
	0	0x3E9012	Unassigned [1]: Input 1 [2]: Input 2 [3]: Input 3 [4]: Input 4 [5]: Input 5 [6]: Input 6 [7]: Input 7 [8]: Input 8 Unassigned	

**Important:** Please note that all performed operations are initially only displayed within the user interface but are not directly loaded into the DALI Gateway. To start the loading process of the settings into the Gateway and into the motion detectors it is necessary to press the "Program" button.

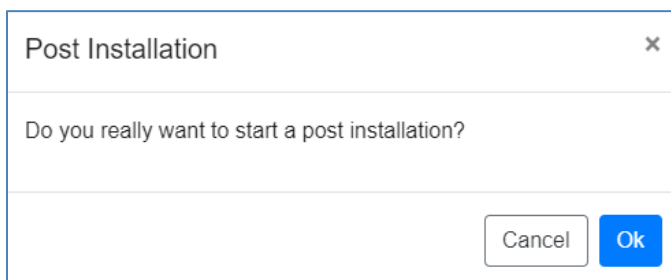


### 12.2.3 Post Installation

If an already commissioned DALI segment is to be extended by additional motion detectors, or if one or more defective motion detectors in the segment are to be replaced, the "Post-Installation" function must be used.



If a subsequent installation is started, the gateway first checks based on the DALI long address whether all previously configured motion sensors are still present in the segment. Normally, motion sensors that are no longer present or cannot be found are then deleted from the internal memory of the gateway during the subsequent installation.



**Attention:** Please note the maximum number of 8 motion detectors in one segment.

Newly found motion detectors can be assigned according to the previous chapter of the ETS configuration.

**Important:** Please note that all performed operations are initially only displayed within the user interface but are not directly loaded into the DALI Gateway. To start the loading process of the settings into the Gateway and into the motion detectors, it is necessary to press the "Program" button.



## 13 The Scene module

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway enables the programming and invoking of up to 16 internal light scenes. A scene is invoked via a 1Byte scene object. It can be adjusted by which KNX scene 1...64 (value 0...63) which of the 1...16 DALI scenes are invoked. This object can also be used to save scenes (Bit 7 set). The currently set value is saved as scene value. In case of DALI DT-8 devices, the currently set light colour or colour temperature also becomes part of the scene and is automatically adjusted when a scene is invoked.

General, a scene can consist of groups and individual ECGs (if these have not been assigned to a group).

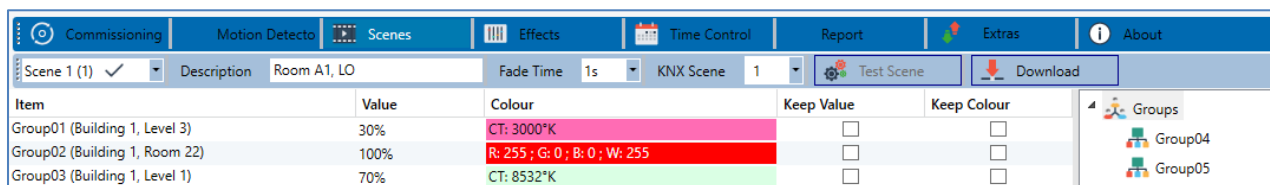
To assign a group to a scene or to delete a group from a scene and to assign the KNX scene number to the DALI scene, use the DCA or the website. Both configuration methods can be used to set values and colours for invoking a scene.

By default, when a scene is called up, the programmed scene is jumped to immediately without dimming time. If a scene is to be dimmed, a dimming time can also be set for each scene. If a scene is in the process of dimming, switching an individual group (or an ECG) from the scene does not cause the entire scene to be stopped, but only the group addressed is affected. All other groups continue the dimming process started by the scene call.

For each scene a 4 Bit dim object is available. This makes it possible to dim all the lights in a scene together.

### 13.1 Scene configuration via DCA

Scenes can be programmed and assigned in the DCA. For this purpose, switch from the commissioning page to the scene page.



Item	Value	Colour	Keep Value	Keep Colour
Group01 (Building 1, Level 3)	30%	CT: 3000°K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group02 (Building 1, Room 22)	100%	R: 255 ; G: 0 ; B: 0 ; W: 255	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group03 (Building 1, Level 1)	70%	CT: 8532°K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

### 13.1.1 Configuration

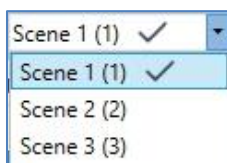
You can enter a user-friendly name for each scene in the description field. The name can be up to 20 characters long.



If you do not want a scene to start immediately but would prefer dimming it up to its final value, you can set the dimming time individually for each scene.

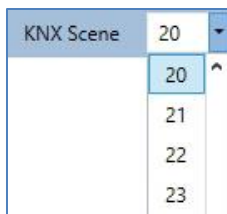
Please remember that the dim time always refers to the full value range. Accordingly, a dim time of 30 s means a value change of 100% within 30 s. If the value within a scene is only changed by 50%, the change is performed within 15 s.

Select the required scene from the dropdown on the left-hand side.



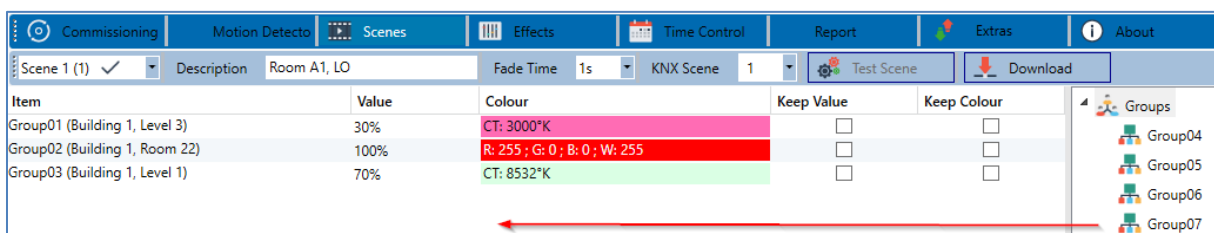
A "tick" means that the scene has already been defined.

A scene is activated by a 1 Byte scene object according DPT 18.001. In the KNX standard you can address up to 64 scenes by this datapoint. In the DALI gateway there are only 16 scenes available. By default, DALI scenes are assigned one to one to the KNX scenes, what means scene 1 of the DALI gateway is usually invoked by object value 0 (KNX scene 1) respectively by object value 128 it is programmed. In the DCA it is now possible to change this assignment. This adjustment can be done in the headline of the scene editor.



In the example above, the selected DALI scene can be invoked object value 19 (KNX scene 20), respectively programmed by value 147. Please note that the assignment has to be unique. If different DALI scenes are assigned to the same KNX scene only the first DALI scene is activated / programmed.

The groups which you would like to use for this scene can be moved from the tree on the right-hand side into the field in the middle using drag-and-drop.



Use the entry fields to enter the required values for this scene.

- **Value**

A brightness level between 0 and 100% can be selected via a drop-down field.

- **Colour**

This defines the colour according to type of colour control for this group. Use the context menu or simply double-click to open a window to select the colour from a colour picker.

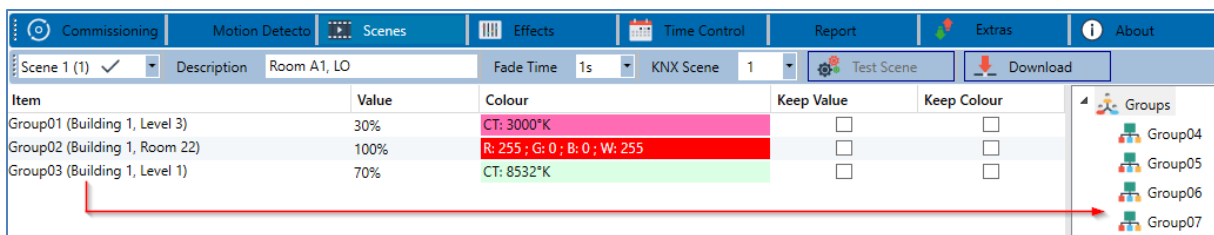
- **Keep value**

In this case the current value remains unchanged when the scene is invoked. The entry field for the value is disabled. Any entry in the value field is ignored.

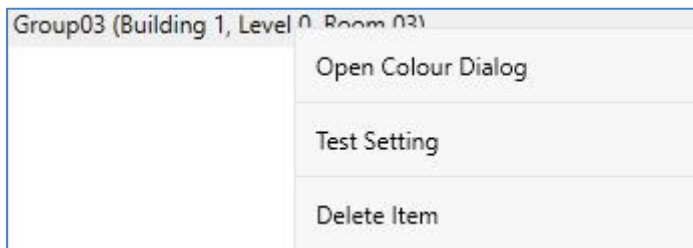
- **Keep colour**

In this case the current colour remains unchanged when the scene is invoked. The entry field for the colour is disabled. Any entry in the colour field is ignored.

To delete an entry, select a group and use drag and drop to move it back to the tree on the right-hand side.

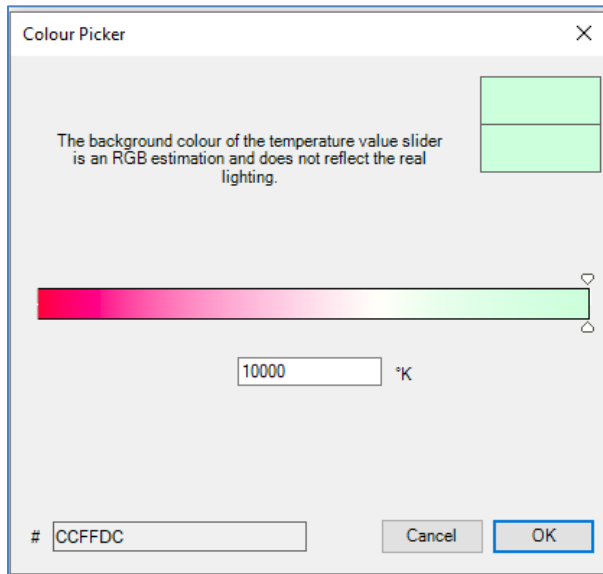


You can also delete an entry via the context menu (right click on a line):

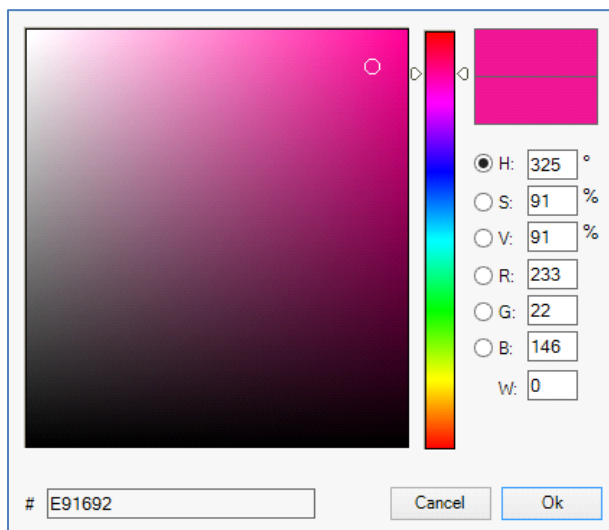


### 13.1.2 Colour setting

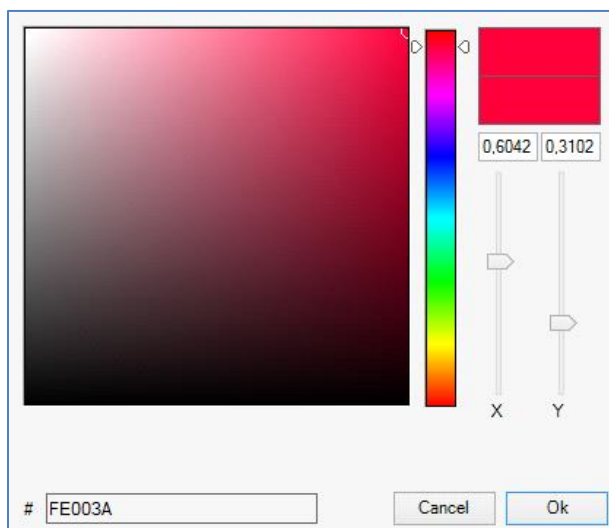
Each group or ECG can only support one Type of colour control.



The following colour input window is displayed for the "Colour Temperature" type.



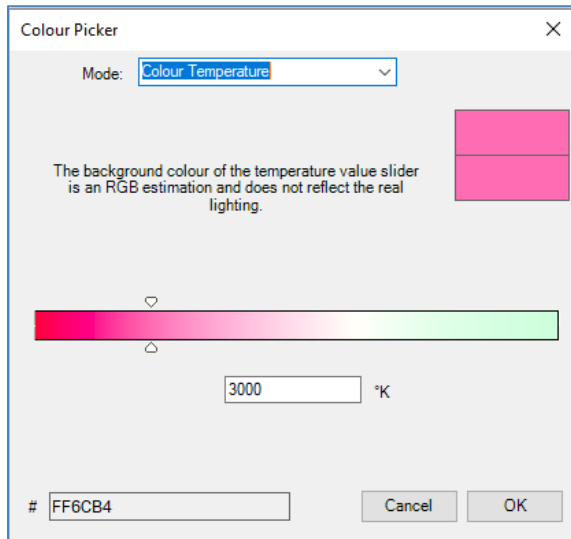
For the "RGB (RGBW)" or "HSV" type, this colour input window is displayed.



For the type "XY" this colour input window is displayed.

### 13.1.2.1 Groups with flexible Colour Control Types

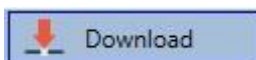
If a group in ETS is selected as colour type "RGB + colour temperature", this group can be used in the scene with both colour controls. This type is indicated by the following dialog element:



In the upper setting the type of control can be selected.

### 13.1.3 Programming scenes

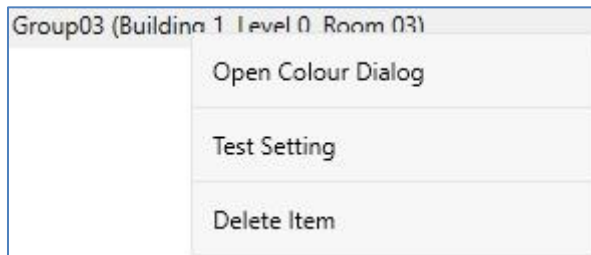
Once all scene values have been set and assigned, you need to download the scene onto the DALI ECGs. For this purpose, please press the download button in the top right-hand corner.



A connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway required. In principle, you can also plan individual scenes in the ETS 'offline', independently of the DALI system. The DCA only must be connected to the gateway for the duration of the programming.

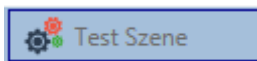
### 13.1.4 Testing a scene event

One way to test the settings for an event is via the context menu (right click with the mouse).



A connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway required. The command setting the value and colour of the group is executed. This means you can check the correct properties before programming the whole scene. If "Keep Value" or "Keep colour" have been selected, the current values are kept and the new values are not activated.

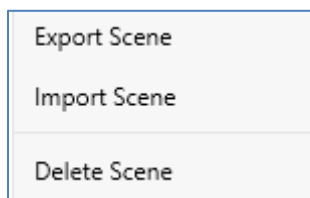
### 13.1.5 Test of the entire scene



After a scene has been programmed, the button becomes active. Press the button to activate and execute the selected scene. A connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is required for this purpose.

### 13.1.6 Export/Import/Delete

To be able to reuse a scene that has already been created, it is possible to export it. The created XML file can be saved separately to be used again in another project or in another template. The commands for export or import can be found in the context menu.



The template is saved as an XLM file in the desired target directory



## 13.2 Scene configuration via web server

The assignment settings and programming of scenes can be done from the web page via the web server. After starting the web page, switch to the configuration page for this purpose and select "Scenes".

Up to 16 scenes can be configured here. Each scene can be provided with a description text.

### 13.2.1 Configuration

On the left side, the desired scene can be selected in the drop-down menu. An "asterisk" indicates that this scene has already been defined.

In the description field of the scenes a user-friendly name can be assigned. This name can be up to 10 characters long.

If the scene is not to be jumped to immediately when called up, but is to be dimmed to the end value, a dimming time can also be set individually for each scene.

Please note that the dimming time always refers to the complete value range. Accordingly, a dimming time of 30 s means a change in value of 100% within 30 s. If the value is only changed by 50% within the scene, this change will be made within 15 s.

The scene is activated via a 1-byte scene object in accordance with DPT 18.001. In the KNX standard, up to 64 scenes can be addressed. However, only 16 scenes are available in the DALI Gateway. By default, the assignment of the DALI scene to the KNX value which calls up the scenes is set to 1 to 1 assignment. This means that scene 1 of the DALI gateway is activated via the KNX object value 0 (KNX scene 1) or programmed via the object value 128. It is possible to change this assignment. The setting can be made in the header of the scene editor:

In the example above, the selected DALI scene is then called up via the object value 19 (KNX scene 20) or programmed via the value 147. It must be ensured that the assignment is unique. If the same KNX scene is assigned to different DALI scenes, only the first DALI scene is retrieved / programmed by the KNX scene call.


The following actions are available for a selected scene:



- Adding a new entry
- Test this scene (the scene must first be loaded into the gateway)
- Saving the scene
- Reload configuration data
- Deleting a Scene

### 13.2.2 Colour Settings

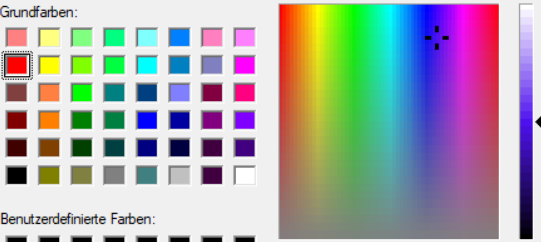
If individual ECGs or groups are parameterised for colour control (DT-8), a colour can be set in addition to the light value. To do this, click in the Colour field of the desired ECG or group:

Scene 1 (Scene 1)*	Description	Scene 1	Fade time	1 s	KNX Scene	1	+	▶	⬇	↻	🗑
Target	Value	Colour	Keep Value	Keep Colour	Action						
Group 1	0 %	3000 °K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	▶ 🗑						
Group 2	0 %	 255 W	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	▶ 🗑						


**Attention:** Setting a colour is only possible if the respective group or ECG has been enabled for colour control. Otherwise, the note N/A (not applicable) appears in the "Colour" field. A further window opens in which the colour data can be set.

Farbe

Grundfarben:



Benutzerdefinierte Farben:



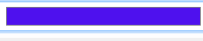

Farben definieren >>

OK Abbrechen

Farben hinzufügen

Farbt.: 171 Rot: 78  
Sätt.: 207 Grün: 17  
Farbe/Basis Hell.: 120 Blau: 238

With the confirmation "OK" the set colour for the group / individual ECG is adopted in the scene.

Target	Value	Colour	Keep Value	Keep Colour	Action	
Group 1	0 %	10000 °K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	▶	🗑
Group 2	0 %		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	▶	🗑
Group 3	0 %	 3000 °K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	▶	🗑

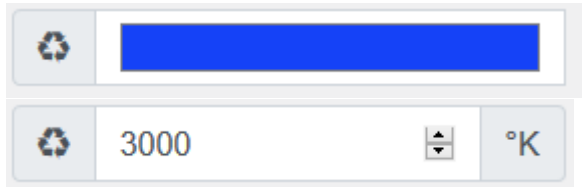
Two additional flags can be used to set whether only the value setting or only the colour setting should be made:

- KV (Keep Value) Value remains as set, only colour is considered
- KC (Keep Colour) Colour remains as set, only value is considered

### 13.2.2.1 Groups with variable colour control

If a group in ETS is selected as colour type "RGB + colour temperature", this group can be used in the scene with both colour controls.

This type is indicated by the following dialog element:



By clicking on the front icon, the input of colour temperature in Kelvin changes to the normal colour dialog.

### 13.2.3 Programming the scenes and scene test

Once all entries have been made for all desired scenes, the settings must be loaded from the browser into the device. This is done by pressing the "Save" button.



The scene data are then also transferred simultaneously to the connected ECGs.

During programming, a descriptive text (max. 10 characters) can also be assigned to the respective scene. To do this, the name must be entered in the text field above the scene block before saving.

If the selected scene is to be activated for testing, this can be done using the "Test scene" button.

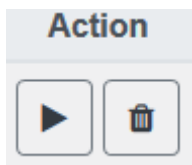


The scene data can be loaded from the gateway into the web browser using the "Reload scene" button.



### 13.2.4 Testing an event in the scene

A way to test the setting of an event is in the "Action" column. When the "Play" button is activated, this event is sent to the DALI bus.



The command with the setting of the value and colour is executed for this group or ECG. In this way the desired property can be checked before programming the whole scene. If the properties "Keep value" or "Keep colour" are set, the corresponding values are not activated but are kept at the current value.

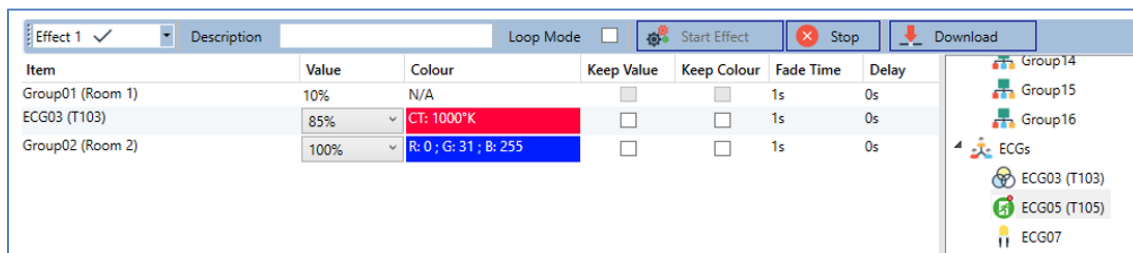
## 14 The effect module

In addition to light scenes the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway also enables the use of effects. An effect is essentially the process control of light values of different groups and individual ECGs. The individual light values can either be directly controlled or dimmed via a dim value. Please remember that the value relates to a dim time between 0 and 100% (see scene module). The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway enables 16 independent effects. An effect is started or stopped via a 1 Byte object. Set Bit 7 in the object to start the effect. Receiving the object with a deleted Bit 7, will stop the effect.

Altogether, 500 effect steps can be programmed, which can be spread across 16 effects.

### 14.1 Effect configuration with the DCA

Effect programming and assigning can be done via the DCA. For this purpose, please change from the commissioning to the effect page.



Item	Value	Colour	Keep Value	Keep Colour	Fade Time	Delay
Group01 (Room 1)	10%	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1s	0s
ECG03 (T103)	85%	CT: 1000°K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1s	0s
Group02 (Room 2)	100%	R: 0 ; G: 31 ; B: 255	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1s	0s

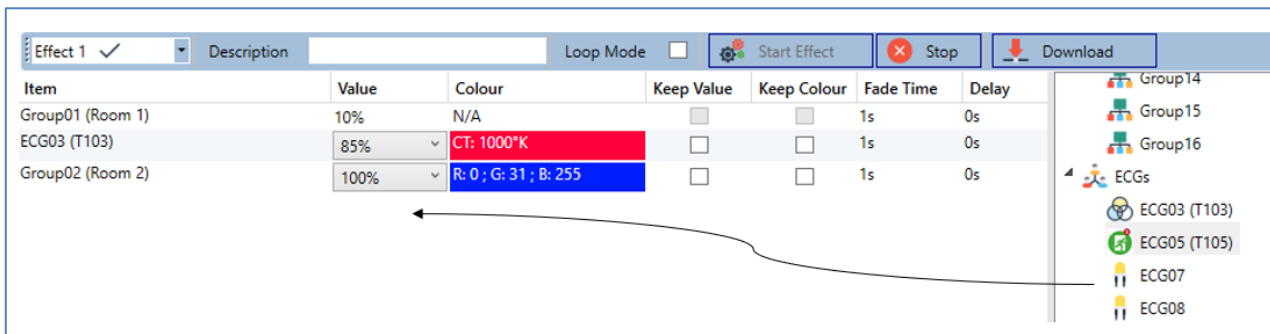
#### 14.1.1 Configuration

On the effect page, select the required effect from the drop-down field.

In the description field of the effect a user-friendly name can be assigned. This name can be up to 20 characters long.

If the "Loop Mode" setting is checked, this effect is played endlessly and can only be stopped by a stop command.

Drag the groups and individual ECGs that are required for this effect from the tree on the right-hand side into the middle field listing the effect steps. The order of the list entries corresponds to the individual effect steps. To change the order within the list, use the mouse to move the entries around.



Enter the values required for the scene in the different fields.

### Value

This defines the light value between 0 and 100%. The value can be selected via a drop-down field.

### Colour

This defines the colour according to the type of colour control for this group. Double-click on the mouse or use the context menu to open a window and simply select the colour from a colour picker.

### Keep value

With this setting, the current value remains unchanged when the scene is recalled. The entry field for the value is disabled with this setting as it is not needed. Any entry in the value field will be ignored.

### Keep colour

With this setting, the current colour remains unchanged when the scene is recalled. The entry field for the value is disabled with this setting as it is not needed. Any entry in the colour field will be ignored.

### Fade time

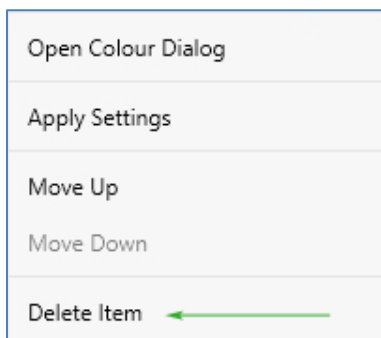
Defines the time needed to achieve the required setting. This entry can be used to define fading effects.

### Delay

This defines the time until the next event.

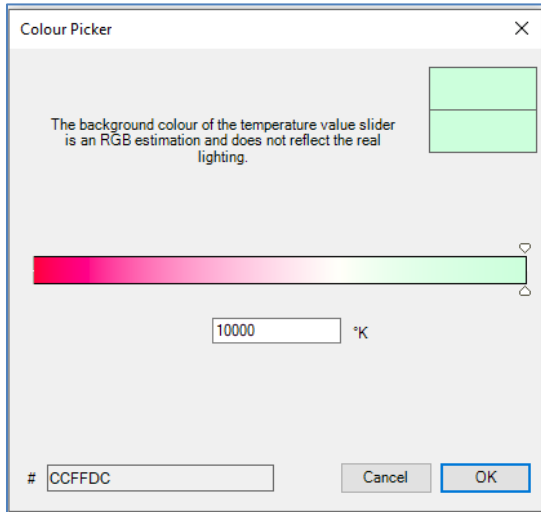
To delete an entry, select a group and drag it back into the tree on the right-hand side.

Another option to delete an entry is via the context menu (delete element):

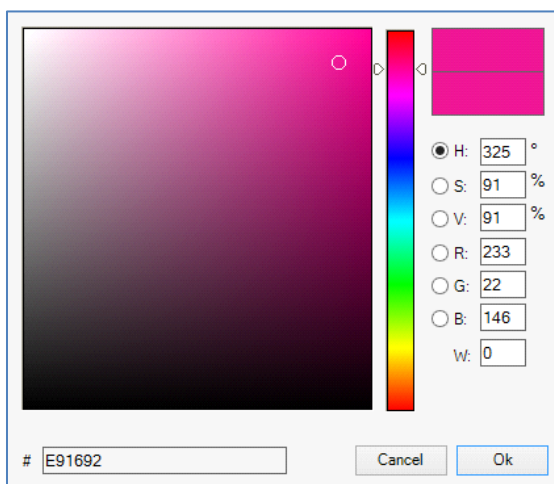


### 14.1.2 Colour settings

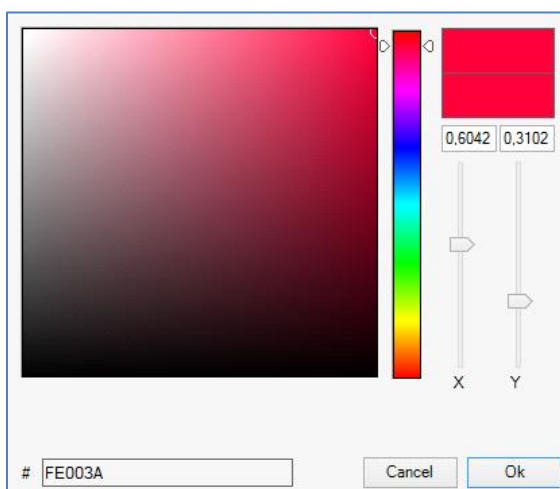
Each group or ECG can only support one Type of colour control.



The following colour input window is displayed for the "Colour Temperature" type.



For the "RGB (RGBW)" or "HSV" type, this colour input window is displayed.



For the type "XY" this colour input window is displayed.



For the type RGB + colour temperature a selection option is offered in the upper line

### 14.1.3 Programming effects

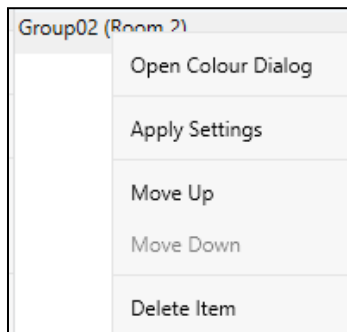
Once all effect values have been set and assigned, save the effect on the device. Press the "download" button in the top right-hand corner.



A connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is required for the download. Individual effects can also be planned "offline" in the ETS, independently of the DALI system. The DCA only needs to be connected to the gateway for the download.

### 14.1.4 Testing an effect event

To test the settings of an event, use the context menu (Right click on a field):



Connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is required. The command is performed with the value and colour settings that have been defined for this group or ECG. This makes it possible to check properties before the whole effect is programmed. If "Keep value" or "Keep colour" have been set, the respective values will not be activated, and the current value will be retained.

### 14.1.5 Testing the whole effect

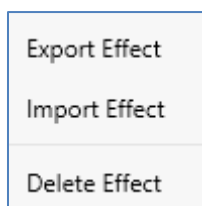
After an effect has been programmed, the button is activated. Press the button to start the selected effect. Connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is required.



To stop an endless (loop mode) effect, press the stop button.

### 14.1.6 Export/Import/Delete

To be able to reuse an effect that has already been created, it is possible to export it. The created XML file can be saved separately to be used again in another project or in another template. The commands for export or import can be found in the context menu.

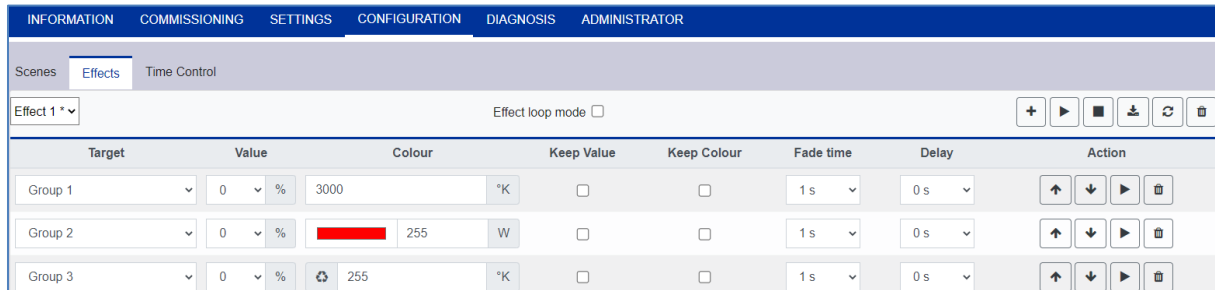


The template is saved as an XLM file in the desired target directory.



## 14.2 Effect configuration via web server

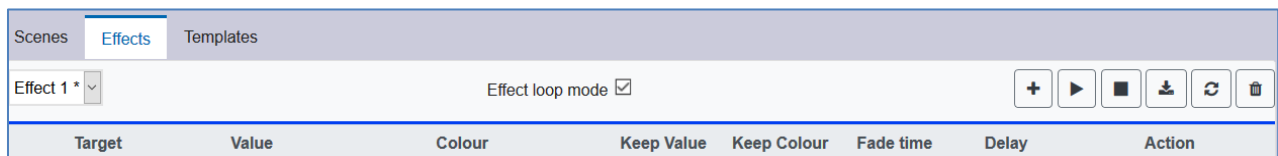
The assignment settings and the programming of effects can be done from the website via the web server. After starting the web page, switch to the configuration page and select "Effects".



### 14.1.2 Configuration

On the left side, the desired effect can be selected in the drop-down menu. An "asterisk" indicates that this effect has already been defined.

If the "Endless" setting is checked, this effect is played endlessly and can only be stopped by a stop command.



The following actions are available for a selected effect:



- Adding a new entry
- Testing the effect (the effect must first be loaded into the gateway)
- Saving the effects
- Reload configuration data
- Delete effect

Use the "Plus" button to add new entries to the selected effect.

In the Dropdown Element you can now select the desired group or the desired single ECG.

The order of the entries in the list corresponds to the order of the individual effect steps. If the order within a list is to be changed, this can be changed using the buttons in the action column.



The desired values for this effect can be entered in the individual entries.

**Value**

Specifies the brightness value in 0...100% and can be selected via a drop-down field.

**Colour**

This specifies the colour according to the type of colour control for this group. To do this, a window is opened by clicking on it to simply select the colour in a colour picker.

**Keep value**

With this setting, the current value remains unchanged when the effect is called. The input field for the value is deactivated, as it is not considered in this function. An entry in the value field is ignored.

**Keep colour**

With this setting, the current colour remains unchanged when the effect is called. The input field for the colour is deactivated, as it is not considered in this function. An entry in the colour field is ignored.

**Fade time**

With this setting, the time can be defined to reach the desired setting. This allows you to define crossfade effects.

**Delay**

The delay defines the time until the next event is set.



**Delete**

To delete an entry, use the corresponding button in the action column.

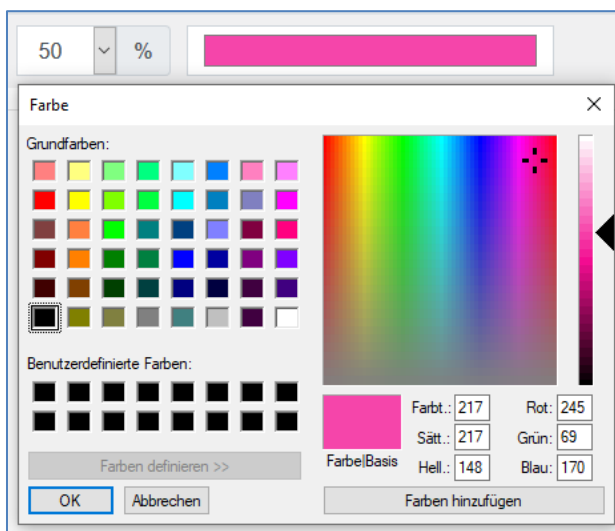


### 14.2.2 Colour settings

If individual ECGs or groups are parameterised for colour control (DT-8), a colour can be set in addition to the light value. To do this, click in the Colour field of the desired ECG or group:

Target	Value	Colour	Keep Value	Keep Colour	Fade time	Delay	Action
Group 1	75 %	4000 °K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 s	0	↑ ↓ ▶ ☒
Group 2	60 %		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 s	0	↑ ↓ ▶ ☒
Group 3	25 %	 4000 °K	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1 s	0	↑ ↓ ▶ ☒

**Attention:** Setting a colour is only possible if the respective group or ECG has been enabled for colour control. Otherwise, the note N/A (not applicable) appears in the "Colour" field. A further window opens in which the colour data can be set.

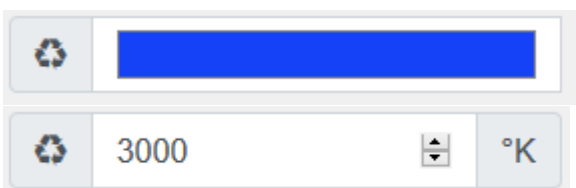


With the confirmation "OK" the set colour for the group / individual ECG is adopted in the effect.

#### 14.2.2.1 Groups with variable colour control

If a group in ETS is selected as colour type "RGB + colour temperature", this group can be used in the effect with both colour controls.

This type is indicated by the following dialog element:



By clicking on the front icon, the input of colour temperature in Kelvin changes to the normal colour dialog.

### 14.2.3 Programming the effects and effect test

Once all entries for all desired effects have been made, the settings must be loaded from the browser into the device. This is done by pressing the "Save" button.



If the selected effect should be activated for testing, this can be done by pressing the "Test effect" button.



In case of loop mode, the effect can be stopped.

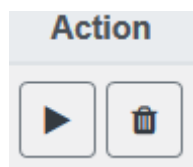


Loading the effect data from the gateway into the web browser is possible by pressing the "Reload Effects" button.



### 14.2.4 Testing an event in an effect

A way to test the setting of an event is in the "Action" column. When the "Play" button is activated, this event is sent to the DALI bus.



The command with the setting of the value and colour is executed for this group or ECG. This way the desired property can be checked before programming the whole effect. If the properties "Keep value" or "Keep colour" are set, the corresponding values are not activated but are kept at the current value.

## 15 Time control module for values and colours

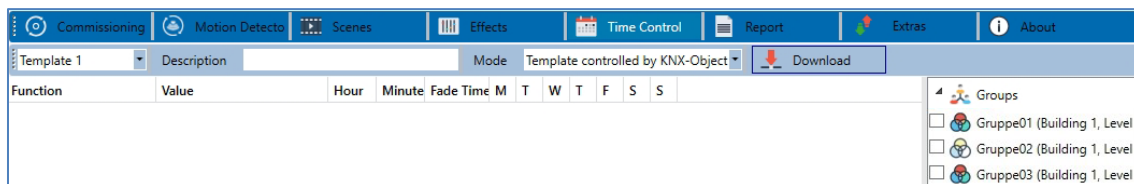
In order to use the colour setting options of DT-8 devices, DALI Control PRO64 Gateway offers an integrated time control module. With this module, users can automatically set a defined light colour and potentially a light value depending on the current time and date. Up to 16 templates are available. A template combines different actions which will trigger an event at a configurable time.

Time control of DT-8 colour ECGS is particularly interesting for white light control. Changes in colour temperature over the course of a day have a positive effect on well-being and efficiency in the workplace. Educational institutions, hospitals and many other settings use daytime dependent white light control.

The time control module can also be used to implement general temporal colour changes in DT-8 devices. For example, a building facade can be illuminated in red light in the first half of the night and in blue light in the second half of the night. Automatic adjustment of the dimming value depending on the time is also possible.

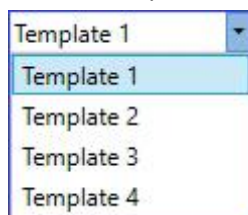
### 15.1 Time schedules configuration with DCA

Time control can be programmed and assigned in the DCA. For this purpose, change from the commissioning to the time control page.



#### 15.1.1 Configuration

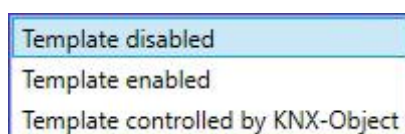
Use the drop down on the left-hand side to select a template.



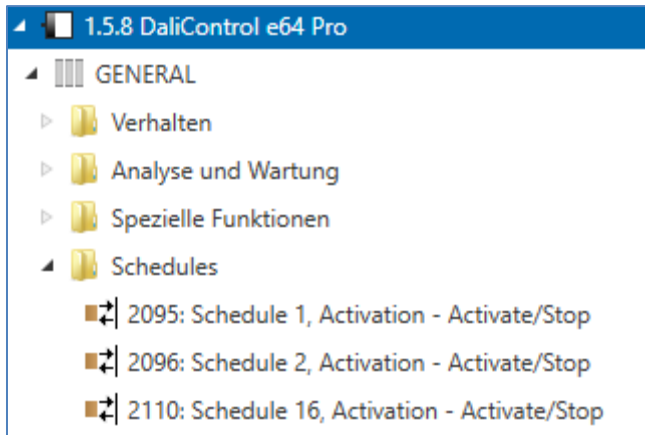
A "tick" means that the template has already been defined.

Use the description field to enter a user-friendly name for the template. The name can be up to 20 characters long and is displayed in brackets in the dropdown list for information purposes.

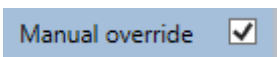
You can also define the behaviour of the template:



The template can be disabled. By default, all templates are enabled. It is also possible to enable or disable the template via a communication object. If you choose the option "control template via object" the corresponding objects are displayed. See chapter: [19.1.4 Time control objects](#)

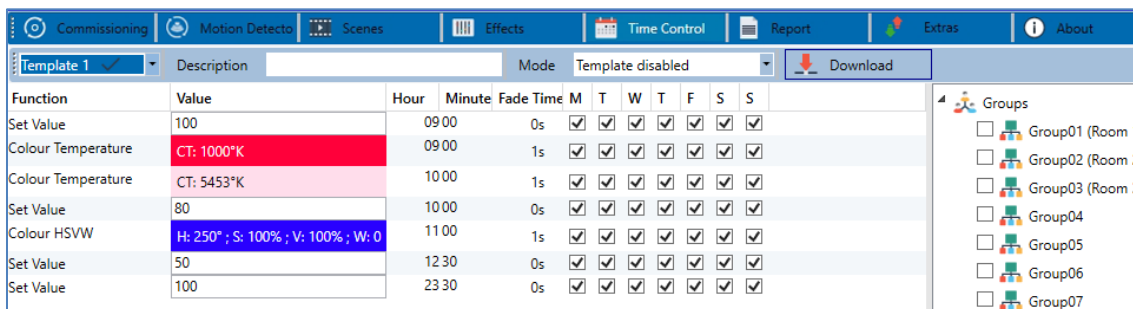


By using the „Manual Override” Option you can allow to temporarily deactivate a certain group in this template. Please refer to chapter [15.1.4 Manual Override](#)



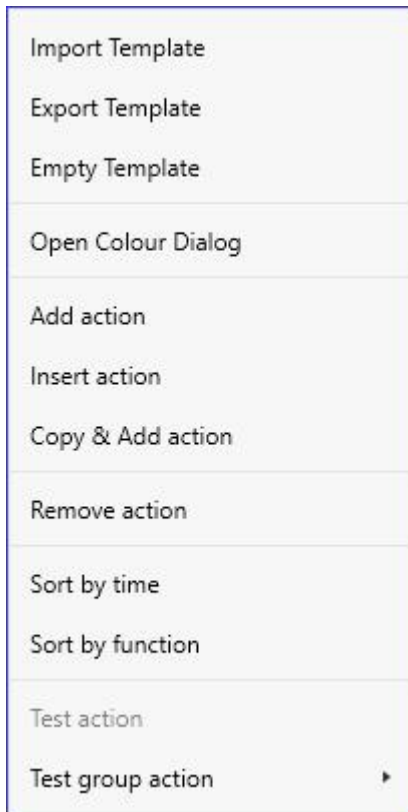
Use the tree on the right-hand side to select the DALI groups that you want to include in the template.

The middle part of the page is used to create an action list. All groups that have been selected automatically perform an action at the configured time. Altogether a maximum of 300 actions can be stored on a DALI gateway if all templates are used. A context menu is available to control and create action lists.



A total of 9 function types are available for time control. See chapter: [15.1.2 Types of action](#)

The creation of action lists and the operation is done as far as possible via the context menu. The context menu opens when the mouse pointer is positioned on an action in a line and the right mouse button is pressed. The following functions are then available for editing and creating action lists:



**Import template**  
see [15.1.5 Export/Import](#)

**Export template**  
see [15.1.5 Export/Import](#)

**Empty template**  
Completely removes the configuration of this template.

**Add action**  
Creates a new action and adds it to the end of the list.

**Insert action**  
Creates a new action and inserts it between two existing list entries.

**Copy and add action**  
Copies a selected action and adds it to the end of the list.

**Delete action**  
Deletes a selected action.

**Sort by time**  
This sorts the action list into ascending chronological order.

**Sort by function**  
This sorts the action list according to function entries.

**Test action**  
Immediately executes the chosen action (without regard for any potentially configured transition time) for all selected groups within a template. A connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is required.

**Test group action**  
Immediately executes the chosen action (without regard for any potentially configured transition time) for a selected group within a template. You can also select the group via the context menu. A connection to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway is required.

### 15.1.2 Types of action

Once you have created an action, set the corresponding function via the selection box. For each function, you can select a value, the time of the action and (if you would like the value to slowly cross-fade) a transition time. If you do not want the action to be performed every day, please enter the days of the week when you want to schedule the action. Please remember that only certain value ranges make sense for each function. In principle any value can be entered in the value field. However, if this value exceeds the possible value range, it is automatically limited to the maximum value. (For example, if you enter 200 for the function "Set value", the maximum value 100% is automatically entered.) The following functions are possible for an action:

#### Set value

This sets the brightness level of a group. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

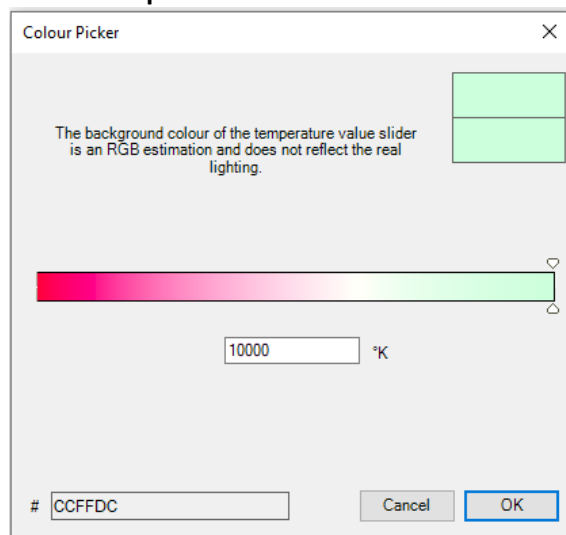
#### MinValue

This sets the minimum dim value of the selected group for relative (4 Bit) and absolute (8 Bit) dimming. When using this action, any minimum dim value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%. This value is reset to the ETS setting after an ETS download.

#### MaxValue

This sets the maximum dim value of the selected group for relative (4 Bit) and absolute (8 Bit) dimming. When using this action, any maximum dim value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%. This value is reset to the ETS setting after an ETS download.

#### Colour temperature



This function sets the colour temperature of DT-8 devices that support the colour temperature setting (TC). On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action. You can enter the colour temperature range. The value range permitted is between 1000 and 10000 K but please remember the physical limits of the connected ECGs and lights.

#### Colour RGB

This sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the colours RGB. On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action. The values for each colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for R, G and B is between 0 and 255. The final colour is a mixture of the different primary colours according to their percentage.

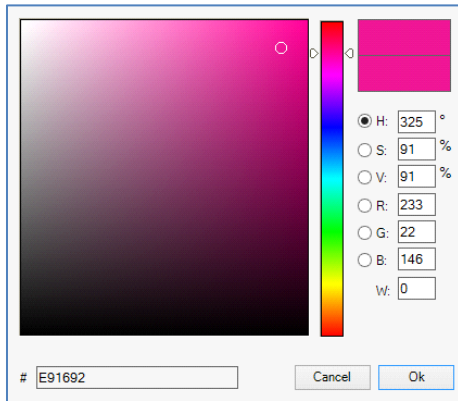


**Colour RGBW**

This sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the colours RGB or RGBW.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action.

The values for each colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for R, G, B and W is between 0 and 255. The final colour is a mixture of the different primary colours according to their percentage.



**Colour HSV**

This sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the colours RGB.

However, the value is entered by means of saturation, hue and brightness levels in this case.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action.

The permitted value range for the hue is between 0 and 360°, the value range for saturation and brightness is between 0 and 100%.

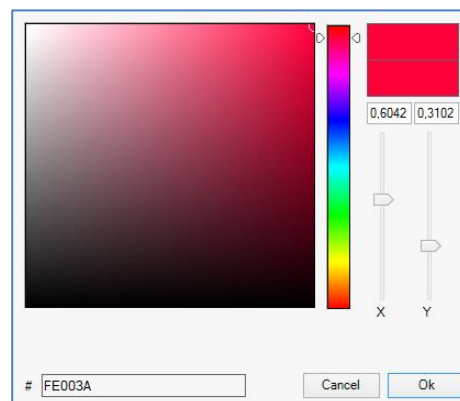
**Colour HSVW**

In this function, a separate white value (separate channel) is specified in addition to HSV.

**Colour XY**

Sets the XY colour of DT-8 devices that support the XY colour space.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action. The X and Y coordinates of the colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for X and Y is from 0.0 to 1.0. Please remember the physical limits of the connected ECGs/lights. Not every colour from the colour spectrum can be set.



**MaxOnValue**

This sets the maximum ON value of the selected group or ECG. When using this action, any maximum On-value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

This value is reset to the ETS setting after an ETS download.

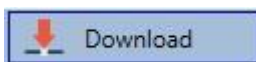
In principle, every group and ECG can be added to a template independently of the ECG device Types used in the group. Whilst the functions "Set Value", "MinValue" and "MaxValue" work for all device Types, (including, for example, fluorescent lights DT-0 and LED modules DT-6), the colour control functions "Colour Temperature", "Colour XY", "Colour RGBW", "Colour RGB", "Colour HSV" and "Colour HSVW" can only be executed by the connected DT-8 devices.

Other device Types will ignore these actions. This also applies to the selected method. A DT-8 device with XY control, for example, will ignore an RGBW action and vice versa.

If the DT-8 devices within a group or template use different methods but are to perform a colour change at the same time, you need to set up two actions with different functions for the same point in time:

Function	Value	Hour	Minute	Fade Time	M	T	W	T	F	S	S
Colour HSV	H: 246° ; S: 92% ; V: 92%	11	00	1s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Colour Temperature	CT: 2200°K	11	00	1s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Set Value	66	11	00	0s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Once an action table within a template is complete, you need to save the template into the DALI gateway. Therefore, please press the download button to do so.

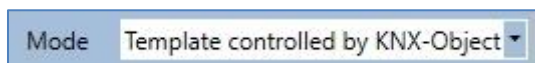


Please remember that time-dependent actions can only be performed if they have previously been saved on the gateway. You can, however, test individual actions via the test button without saving them on the gateway. This does not change the data on the device.

### 15.1.3 Disable/enable

A template can be enabled or disabled in the header of the editor.

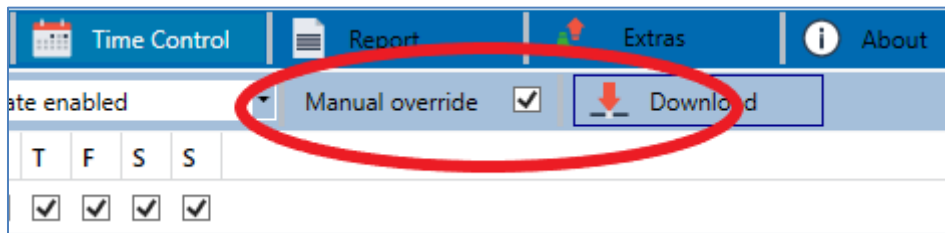
This makes it possible to fully prepare a template whilst disabling its execution. This way you can, for example, create two templates: one for a building in normal mode and one for the holiday period. You can now simply enable the required template without having to modify any of the actions. It is even easier to control time-dependencies via external objects. If you select this setting for a template, you can control it via the external objects 2095ff.



The value on receipt of the object determines whether a template is disabled or enabled.

### 15.1.4 Manual Override

By default, actions are triggered immediately when the action time is reached regardless of any previously executed commands (automatic mode). However, if the "Manual override" flag is set in a time program, the automatic mode can be stopped by a manual intervention for individual groups / ECGs of the template. Automatic mode is thus manually overridden.



This function is particularly interesting for HCL control applications. If the brightness or color of an element (group / individual ECG) is changed, automatic operation for this element stops. No automatic color adjustment will then be performed at the next action time. The change made by the user will remain until the automatic mode is activated again.

The activation of the automatic mode according to the template takes place at the reception of the next 1 bit Off or On telegram belonging to the element, or at the switching off of the element by another command (e.g., scene value = 0 or broadcast = 0). When an on telegram is received, the last color value regularly desired by an action is set. When an off telegram is received, the group /individual ECG is switched off and the automatic system continues to run in the background. Furthermore, a manual override is always resolved at midnight and automatic mode is automatically reactivated.

### 15.1.5 Export/Import

To reuse a previously created template it is possible to export the template. The resulting xml file can be saved separately so that it can be reused in another project or template. The export and import commands can be found in the context menu.



The template is saved as an XLM file in the chosen destination directory.

## 15.2 Time schedules configuration via web server

The assignment settings and the programming of schedules can be done from the website via the web server. After starting the web page, switch to the configuration page for this purpose and select "Templates".

Function	Value	Unit	Time	Fade time	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Action
Temperature Colour	1000	°K	0:00	1 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
RGBW Colour	0	W	0:00	1 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
HSV Colour			0:00	1 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

### 15.2.1 Configuration

On the left side you can first select the desired template in the drop-down menu. An "asterisk" indicates that this template has already been defined.

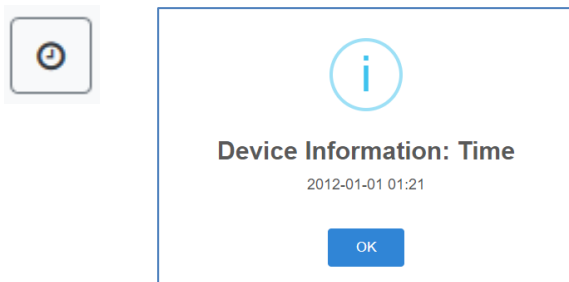
The behaviour of the template can also be defined, see Chapter: [15.1.3 Disable/enable](#)

The following actions are available for a selected template:



- Read current date/time
- Adding a new entry
- Saving the template
- Reload configuration data
- Delete template
- Assignment of groups and/or ECGs
- Sorting the entries
- Import of the configuration from an xml file
- Export of the configuration to an xml file

Specially for the time schedule it is necessary to ensure that the gateway is working with correct date and time information. By clicking on this icon, the current date/time information is being displayed:



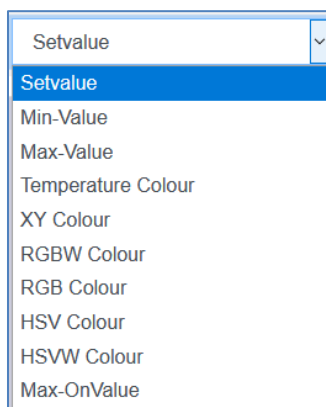
With the "Plus" button new entries can be added to the selected template. In the drop-down element you can now select the desired action type, see next chapter.

Depending on the action type, values, and colours as well as the time of execution including the desired weekdays can be selected.

### 15.2.2 Types of action

Once you have created an action, set the corresponding function via the selection box. For each function, you can select a value, the time of the action and (if you would like the value to slowly cross-fade) a transition time. If you do not want the action to be performed every day, please enter the days of the week when you want to schedule the action. Please remember that only certain value ranges make sense for each function. In principle any value can be entered in the value field. However, if this value exceeds the possible value range, it is automatically displayed a red border to indicate the not matching input value.

The following functions are possible for an action:



#### Set value

This sets the brightness level of a group. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

#### MinValue

This sets the minimum dim value of the selected group for relative (4 Bit) and absolute (8 Bit) dimming. When using this action, any minimum dim value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

This value is reset to the ETS setting after an ETS download.

**MaxValue**

This sets the maximum dim value of the selected group for relative (4 Bit) and absolute (8 Bit) dimming. When using this action, any maximum dim value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

This value is reset to the ETS setting after an ETS download.

**Colour temperature**

This function sets the colour temperature (TC). On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action. You can enter the colour temperature range. The value range permitted is between 1000 and 10000 K but please remember the physical limits of the connected ECGs and lights

**Colour RGBW**

This sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the colours RGB or RGBW. On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action. The values for each colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for R, G, B and W is between 0 and 255. The final colour is a mixture of the different primary colours according to their percentage.

**Colour RGB**

This sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the colours RGB.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action. The values for each colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for R, G and B is between 0 and 255. The final colour is a mixture of the different primary colours according to their percentage.

**Colour HSV**

This sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the colours RGB.

However, the value is entered by means of saturation, hue, and brightness levels in this case.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action.

The permitted value range for the hue is between 0 and 360°, the value range for saturation and brightness is between 0 and 100%.

**Colour HSVW**

In this function, a separate white value (separate channel) is specified in addition to HSV.

**Colour XY**

This sets the colour temperature of DT-8 devices that support the XY colour space display (XY).

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the lamp is turned off at the time of the action. The X and Y coordinates of the colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for X and Y is from 0.0 to 1.0. Please remember the physical limits of the connected ECGs/lights. Not every colour from the colour spectrum can be set.

**MaxOnValue**

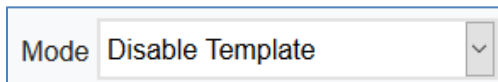
This sets the maximum ON value of the selected group or ECG. When using this action, any maximum On-value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%. This value is reset to the ETS setting after an ETS download.

In principle, every group can be added to a template independently of the ECG device Types used in the group. Whilst the functions "Set Value", "MinValue" and "MaxValue" work for all device Types, (including, for example, fluorescent lights DT-0 and LED modules DT-6), the colour control functions "Colour Temperature", "Colour XY", "Colour RGBW", "Colour RGB" and "Colour HSV" can only be executed by the connected DT-8 devices. Devices of other device types will ignore the actions. This also applies regarding the selected procedure.

Other device Types will ignore these actions. This also applies to the selected method. A DT-8 device with XY control, for example, will ignore an RGBW action and vice versa. If the DT-8 devices within a group or template use different methods but are to perform a colour change at the same time, you need to set up two actions with different functions for the same point in time:

### 15.2.3 Disable/enable

In the page header, the respective template can be released or locked.



A screenshot of a web interface showing a dropdown menu. The label 'Mode' is on the left, and the selected option is 'Disable Template'. A small downward arrow is visible on the right side of the dropdown box.

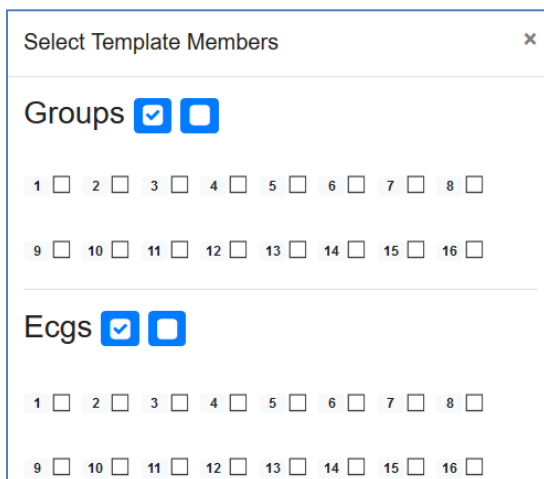
This option allows you to prepare templates completely but block their execution. For example, two templates could be created: One for the normal operation of a building and another one for the holiday period. By simply selecting the desired template, the desired template can be released without having to manipulate any actions. Time dependencies can be implemented even more conveniently using external objects. If this setting is selected for a template, the control can be carried out via the external objects 2095ff.

### 15.2.4 Manual Override

Please refer to chapter [15.1.4 Manual Override](#)

### 15.2.5 Assignment of groups and ECGs

By selecting the "Assignment" button, the desired groups and ECGs that are to work with this schedule can be selected.



A screenshot of a dialog box titled 'Select Template Members'. It has a close button (x) in the top right corner. The dialog is divided into two sections: 'Groups' and 'Ecgs'. Each section has a header with two checkboxes, the first of which is checked. Below each header is a grid of 16 numbered checkboxes, arranged in two rows of eight. In the 'Groups' section, the first checkbox is checked. In the 'Ecgs' section, the first checkbox is checked.

### 15.2.6 Programming the time programs

Once all entries for all desired templates have been made, the settings must be loaded from the browser into the device. This is done by pressing the "Save" button.



### 15.2.7 Export/Import

To be able to reuse an already created template, it is possible to export it. The created XML file can be saved separately to be used again in another project or in another template. The export or import can be done with the following buttons:



Import of a time program



Export of a time program

The template is saved as an XLM file in the desired target directory.

## 15.3 Timer

To ensure the safe operation of the time control module the exact time and date are required on the device. This must be provided by the KNX in form of 3 Byte communication objects. The precision of the DALI gateway's internal time calculation is limited. It is therefore essential to update the time at least once a day. When the application is started the device automatically sends a read request for time and date to the KNX bus.

The time control module remains completely disabled until an updated time has been received. Actions are only performed after receipt of a valid time. Please remember that the 3 Byte time object also transmits information about the current weekday (Monday – Sunday). (For some KNX timers this is configurable). If a 3 Byte object is received without this information, the weekday is not checked. This means that an action which has, in fact, only been enabled for Saturday and Sunday would also be performed on a Monday.

As the date is not calculated internally, the DALI gateway automatically sends a read request to the date object at 00:01 and at 00:04. At the same time, the time object is also automatically queried. A further read request is sent at 3:01. This avoids any potential failures when "clocCW" change to daylight saving time and vice versa.



## 16 Self-contained battery emergency lights

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway also supports ECGs for the control of self-contained battery emergency lights. (Device Type 1 according to EN 62386-202). Such devices contain a battery within the lamp that will operate the light for a certain time in case of loss of power supply.

### 16.1 Characteristics of self-contained battery emergency lights

Principally a distinction is made between switchable and non-switchable devices for self-contained battery lamps. A switchable device can be directly connected to a lamp just like a 'normal' ECG. In normal mode the light (usually an LED) can be switched and dimmed via DALI. The standard switch parameters and objects are available for these devices.

In contrast to the 'switchable' device, a 'non-switchable' device (converter) can only control the connected lamp in an emergency. The light is normally either always on or always off. As these devices do not allow direct switching, there are no objects available for this purpose.

During both new and post-installation, the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway recognises automatically, whether the connected device is a 'switchable' or 'non-switchable' ECG.

Sometimes special, non-switchable converters are used together with "normal" DALI ECGs in a light. These lights are therefore called emergency lights with 2 DALI devices. The two ECGs make a device pair that shares a common light. The 'non-switchable' device uses the DALI communication to query the device status and to initiate mandatory test phases. The switchable device controls the light in normal mode.

However, because of the DALI structure with its random assignment of short addresses, the pairing of a 'normal' device with a 'non-switchable' device does not occur automatically. It must be performed manually on the parameter page in ETS. The assignment is crucial for failure analysis purposes as 'non-switchable' devices usually share the connected lamp with a 'normal' device. Without the assignment, a lamp failure may be double counted. In addition, the 'normal' ECG in a pair is usually automatically disconnected from the power supply when the emergency light is tested. This loss of function generates an ECG failure. However, by making a pair, the gateway recognises automatically, whether a real ECG failure has occurred or whether the corresponding converter has simply been tested. Only real ECG failures are considered for the analysis.

## 16.2 Identification of self-contained battery emergency lights

For identification after new/reinstalled single-battery emergency lights, the identification process is started when "flashing mode" is selected. Usually, the status LED of the emergency light flashes. However, please observe the respective description of the light. Since the status LED is not executed or visible with some lights, a function test can be started alternatively. During the function test, the ECG usually switches the luminaire on for a few seconds.

## 16.3 Converter inhibit mode

Self-contained battery emergency lights always change into emergency mode if there is a power supply failure. The lamp is now operated by the internal battery. However, it may become necessary at times to cut off the power supply, for example during maintenance work or the commissioning phase of a building. To prevent the lights from switching into emergency mode, the converters connected to the DALI Control PRO64 Gateway can be disabled via the pushbuttons and display on the device (see above). This converter inhibit mode is only available for all connected devices at the same time. If the power supply is turned off within 15 minutes after activating the mode, the connected lights do not change into emergency mode and the lights remain switched off. When the power resumes, the lights return to normal. If the 15 minutes run out without a power loss, all converters are automatically reset to normal mode.

## 16.4 Test mode for self-contained battery emergency lights

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway supports the execution and recording of mandatory tests for self-contained battery emergency lamps.

**Attention:** The legal regulations and norms vary in different countries. Please make sure that you comply with all country-specific requirements.

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway supports functional tests, long duration tests and battery status tests. Functional and duration tests can be started externally via KNX telegrams (1 Byte telegrams, see below) or via the device website. Alternatively, you may choose to set automatic test intervals. This means, tests are performed automatically via the connected converters. (Please check the converter description for the exact function). After a test has been completed, the test results are available on the KNX bus via communication objects, and they may be recorded in the visualisation. The corresponding objects are updated with the test result and automatically sent after every new test. Please see chapter: [19.1.3.2 Objects for emergency](#) for the exact function.

Alternatively, test results can be displayed on the website if you select the respective converter.

## 16.5 Emergency Test Results

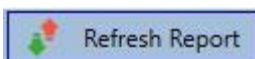
The test results of the self-contained emergency lights can be displayed on the website as well as in the DCA.

### 16.5.1 DCA Report

The "Report" tab displays statistical data on the fault status of the connected ECGs, as well as the test reports of the connected emergency luminaires. In the upper part the following information is displayed:

<span>Commissioning</span> <span>Motion Detecto</span> <span>Scenes</span> <span>Effects</span> <span>Time Control</span> <span>Report</span> <span>Extras</span> <span>About</span>			
<span>Refresh Report</span> <span>Export</span>			
Lamp Count:	5	ECG Count:	5
Lamp Failed:	0	ECG Failed:	2
Lamp Fail Rate:	0%	ECG Fail Rate:	40%
Converter Count:	0	Converter Failed:	0
Converter Fail Rate:	0%	Converter Fail Rate:	0%

- Lamp Count
- ECG Count
- Converter Count
- Lamp failed
- ECG failed
- Converter failed
- Lamp failure rate
- ECG failure rate
- Converter failure rate



Press the "Refresh" button to display the test reports (Result of the last emergency lighting test of all emergency lights). This information is directly obtained from the emergency lights via a DALI command.

#### Date

**ECG:** Number of ECGs (ETS Definition)

**ECG Name:** Name of the ECG assigned by the ETS

**Mode:** FT= Function test; DT: Duration test; BT: Battery test

**Result:** During a battery test the battery status is displayed; during a duration test the time of the test is displayed.

**Converter:** green: no failure; red: Converter was faulty during the test (DALI QUERY 252: bit 0)

**Duration:** green: no failure; red: Duration of the battery is insufficient (DALI QUERY 252: bit 1)

**Battery:** green: no failure; red: Battery faulty (DALI QUERY 252: bit 2)

**Lamp:** green: no failure; red: Emergency light is faulty (DALI QUERY 252: bit 3)

**Delay:** green: no failure; red: Maximum delay time has been exceeded during function or duration test (DALI QUERY 252: bit 4 or bit 5)

**Test:** green: ok

### 16.5.1.1 Detailed information about emergency lights

Double-click on an emergency light (converter) to display detailed information.

Date	ECG	ECG Name	Mode	Result	Converter	Duration	Battery	Lamp	Delay	Test
2012-01-01 00:20:19	5	ECG05 (T105)	FT	?	●	●	●	●	●	●
<b>Converter StateMachine:</b> 1					<b>Emergency Status:</b> 0					
<b>Emergency Mode:</b> 130					<b>Emergency Failure:</b> 0					
<b>FT Pending:</b> No					<b>DT Pending:</b> No					
<b>FT Running:</b> No					<b>DT Running:</b> No					

Converter status: Status according to DTP 244.600:

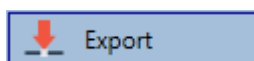
- 0: Unknown
- 1: Normal mode active, all OK
- 2: Inhibit mode active
- 3: Hardwired inhibit mode active
- 4: Rest mode active
- 5: Emergency mode active
- 6: Extended emergency mode active
- 7: FT in progress
- 8: DT in progress

**Emergency light status:** Status according to DALI Query\_Emergency\_Status 253

**Emergency light mode:** Status according to DALI Query\_Emergency\_Mode 250

**Emergency light failure:** Status according to DALI Query\_Failure\_Status 252

### 16.5.1.2 Exporting test results



Press the Export button to save the test results in an xml file. The file can be saved in any location.

### 16.5.2 Website Report

The test results of the emergency lights can be displayed on the website via the web server. After starting the web page, switch to the diagnosis page for this purpose and select "Report".

Short Address	ETS Number	Ecg Description	Date	Converter Failure	Duration Failure	Battery Failure	Lamp Failure	Delay Failed	Test Failed	Result	Test	Action	Info
6	10	Ecg10	2012-01-01 00:01:19	●	●	●	●	●	●	252 min	⏸	Long Duration Test	⏪

This table lists all configured emergency luminaires:

**Short address:** real address of the ECG

**ECG:** Number of the ECG (ETS definition)

**ECG Description:** the name given to this ECG by the ETS

**Date:** Date of the last test result

**Converter:** green: no error; red: converter was faulty during test (DALI QUERY 252: bit 0)

**Duration:** green: no error; red: battery rated time insufficient (DALI QUERY 252: bit 1)




**Battery:** green: no error; red: battery defective (DALI QUERY 252: bit 2)

**Lamp:** green: no error; red: emergency lighting lamp defective (DALI QUERY 252: Bit 3)

**Delay:** green: no error; red: maximum delay time in function test or duration test exceeded (DALI QUERY 252: bit 4 or bit 5)

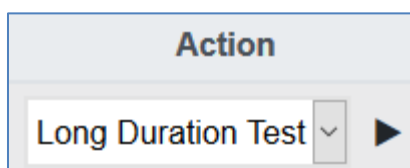
**Result:** During a battery test, the charge state of the battery is displayed; during an endurance test, the time of the test is displayed

Testing:

	FT= Function Test
	DT: Duration Test
	BT: Battery Test

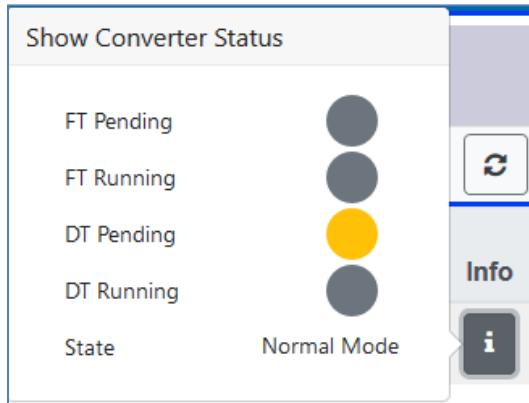
Action:

Here you can choose between function test, endurance test and battery test. The test is started with the following key:



### 16.5.2.1 Detailed information of an emergency lamp

Info: The Info button displays detailed information:



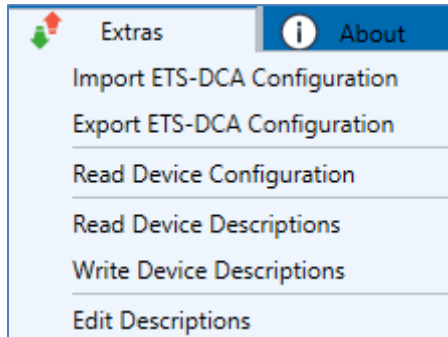
### 16.5.2.2 Exporting the test results



Press the Export button to save the test results in an xml file.  
The storage location is freely selectable.

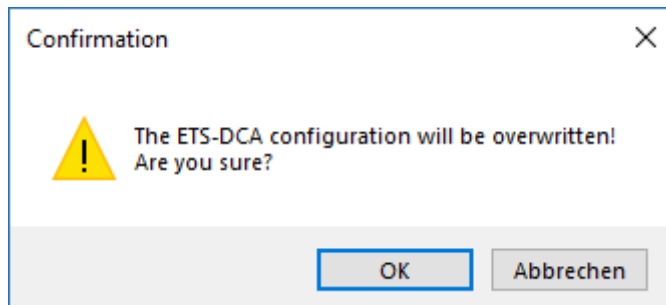
## 17 DCA Extras

The menu item Extras offers further special functions.



### Import device configuration

A previously saved device configuration can be loaded into the ETS with this function.



Please remember that all DCA data in the ETS will be overwritten with this data. Press the "Restore" button under commissioning in order to load the configuration onto the Dali gateway. See chapter: [11.1.9 Restoring the DALI configuration](#)

### Export device configuration

The ETS DCA configuration can be saved as an xml file.

### Read device configuration

All data from the DALI gateway is exported and transferred to the ETS-DCA configuration.

**Note:** This is especially important if you have previously worked with the website. Description texts are not read automatically. To do this, the separate menu item "Read description texts" must be selected.

### Read description texts

The description texts of the ECGs, groups and scenes can also be saved on the DALI gateway. The descriptions on the device are available on the device website. Please remember that the device allows only 20 characters per name. In case the website was previously used for commissioning, the texts are transferred to the ETS.

### Write description texts

The description texts of the ECGs, groups and scenes can be saved on the DALI gateway. The descriptions on the device are available on the device website.

### Edit Descriptions

The description texts of the ECGs, the groups and input devices can be defined separately under the following menu item:

## 17.1 Menu: Edit Descriptions

For each category the description texts can be entered separately.

Item No.	Description
1	Room1
2	Room2
3	Room3

In addition, it is possible to import, export or delete texts by right-clicking on a line in the context menu:

Export Descriptions
Import Descriptions
Clear All Descriptions

There are 2 formats provided for Export, resp. Import:

- xml
- txt

By default, the "xml" format is selected. The following is an example of the group export:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<GRP_TEXT>
  <text index="1" description="Room 1" />
  <text index="2" description="Room 2" />
  <text index="3" description="Room 3" />
  <text index="4" description="Room 4" />
  <text index="5" description="" />
  <text index="6" description="" />
  <text index="7" description="" />
  <text index="8" description="" />
  <text index="9" description="" />
  <text index="10" description="" />
  <text index="11" description="" />
  <text index="12" description="" />
  <text index="13" description="" />
  <text index="14" description="" />
  <text index="15" description="" />
  <text index="16" description="" />
</GRP_TEXT>
```

**Hint (xml):** If you do not want to overwrite all texts, you can simply omit the corresponding indices.

**Hint (txt):** When using the txt format, it should be noted that this file is read in line by line. An entry that is not to be changed must therefore be defined as an "empty" line. An entry that is to be deleted is marked with single quotation marks.



## 18 Commissioning/operating via display and pushbuttons


You can commission the connected DALI segment and set and change some functions and tests via the three pushbuttons (MOVE, Set/Prg, ESC) and the 2x12 character display on the front of the device. The user concept is menu-based. Depending on the menu position, you can select two sub-levels. The current menu position is shown on the display. To navigate within the menu, press the pushbuttons briefly.

The Move key is used to select the next menu item within a level. With a short push on the Prg/Set button you reach the respective subordinate level. Pressing the ESC key causes the selected level to be exited and returns to the higher level.

### 18.1 Main menu level 1

The main menu (level 1) has the following structure:

DALI CONTROL PRO64 V1.0	The product name and firmware version are displayed. The sub-menu can be used to set the display language.
NETWORK IP ADDRESS	This sub-menu displays the IP address set in the ETS or assigned by the DHCP server.
NEW INSTALLATION	When a DALI segment is newly installed, use the sub-menu to reset the connected DALI devices and automatically search for ECGs. <b>Unlike with a new installation that was started through DCA or web server, the ECGs in this case are directly assigned 1:1 to the real ECGs.</b>
POST INSTALLATION	Use this sub-menu to start the automatic search process and possibly adjust the configuration following a post-installation of DALI ECGs.
ECG EASY REPLACEMENT	Use this sub-menu to active the ECG quick exchange function and possibly program and integrate individually replaced ECGs into the system.
GROUP ASSINGMENT	Identifies ECGs and assigns them to DALI groups.
GROUP TEST	Switches programmed groups for test purposes.
SCENE TEST	Tests individually programmed scenes.
SYSTEM TEST	Use this sub-menu to individually load any existing system failures.
MAINTENANCE ECG/LAMP	Resets operating hours
CONVERTER INHIBIT MODE	Activates the converter inhibit mode in the installation phase.

To perform a function or change a configuration within a sub-menu, go to the respective position and change into programming mode. To change into programming mode, hold the Prg/Set button for more than 2 seconds. Once the function is in programming mode, a -symbol appears in the display. If the programming mode is active, use the Move button to change a parameter or setting. Briefly press the Prg/Set button again to complete the process and save the set parameter or activate the function.

## 18.2 Sub-menu level 2

### 18.2.1 Sub-menu language

The sub-menu language has the following structure:

```

DALI CONTROL
PRO64 V1.0
    
```

The product description and firmware version are displayed. The display language can be set in the sub-menu.

```

LANGUAGE
GERMAN
    
```

The currently set display language is shown. Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode. Use the MOVE button to choose from one of the following languages: GERMAN, ENGLISH, FRENCH, SPANISH, ITALIAN, DUTCH, SWEDISH, DANISH. Briefly press the Prg/Set button again to save the configuration. The display now works in the selected language.

**Hint:** The language will be activated after a restart of the device.

### 18.2.2 Sub-menu IP network / address

The sub-menu IP/address has the following structure:

```

NETWORK
IP ADDRESS
    
```

Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu IP ADDRESS to the sub-menu.

```

DHCP: 192.
168.004.xxx
    
```

This sub-menu displays the IP address currently set in the ETS or assigned by the DHCP-Server.

### 18.2.3 Sub-menu new installation

The sub-menu new installation has the following structure:

NEW INSTALLATION	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu NEW INSTALLATION to the sub-menu SEARCH ECGs via PROG-MODE.
SEARCH ECGs via PROG-MODE	This sub-menu displays the IP address currently set in the ETS or assigned by the DHCP-Server.
FOUND ECGs: xx	Use this sub-menu to reset the connected DALI devices and automatically search for ECGs during a new installation.

### 18.2.4 Sub-menu post-installation

The sub-menu post-installation has the following structure:

POST- INSTALLATION	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu POST- INSTALLATION to the sub-menu SEARCH ECGs via PROG-MODE.
SEARCH ECGs via PROG-MODE	Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode. Briefly press the Prg/Set-button again to start the verification and search process. The device searches for the connected ECGs via their long address and automatically compares them to the previous configuration
DELETED ECGs: x	If ECGs have been removed from the DALI segment, the entries are deleted from the device. The number of deleted devices is displayed during the verification process
NEW ECGs: x	After that, the DALI segment is searched for newly installed devices. Newly added ECGs are automatically reset, and any previously programmed parameters and group assignments are deleted. Depending on the number of connected ECGs the search process may take a few minutes. During the search process, the number of newly found devices is shown in the display.
DELTED/NEW ECGs: x/x	Once the whole process (verification and search) is complete, the display shows both the deleted and the newly found ECGs (deleted devices / new devices from left to right, see picture on the left). Press the ESC button (or wait for about 30 seconds) to return to the level above.).

### 18.2.5 Sub-menu ECG quick exchange

The sub-menu ECG quick exchange has the following structure:

ECG QUICK EXCHANGE	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu ECG QUICK EXCHANGE to the sub-menu SEARCH ECGs via PROG-MODE.
SEARCH ECGs via PROG-MODE	Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode. Briefly press the Prg/Set-button again to start the quick exchange. The device first checks if one or several ECGs in the system were faulty. It then automatically looks for newly connected ECGs in the segment. The quick exchange is only possible if just one ECG in the segment was faulty and one new ECG is found. If the process is successful, the number of the replaced ECG is shown in the display.
ECG xx REPLACED	If the search process cannot be completed because the required conditions are not met, an failure code appears in the display.
ERROR TYPEE xx	If the search process cannot be completed because one of the conditions necessary for the quick exchange is not fulfilled, an error code is shown in the display. The displayed error codes have the following meaning: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Failure Type 7:</b> No faulty ECG</li> <li>- <b>Failure Type 8:</b> More than one ECG faulty</li> <li>- <b>Failure Type 9:</b> No new ECG found</li> <li>- <b>Failure Type 10:</b> ECG has wrong device Type</li> <li>- <b>Failure Type 11:</b> More than one new ECG</li> </ul>

Press the ESC button (or wait for about 30 seconds) to return to the level above.

### 18.2.6 Sub-menu group assignment

The sub-menu group assignment has the following structure:

GROUP ASSIGNMENT	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu GROUP ASSIGNMENT to the sub-menu. Within this menu the individual ECGs that were found during the search process can be assigned to 16 DALI groups and previous assignments can be modified.
ECG NR. :    xx GROUP :       --	Briefly press the MOVE button to run through the different ECGs. The number of the selected ECG is shown in the first display line. As long as the ECG is selected, the connected lamp is flashing. The programmer can thereby determine which lamp is assigned to the number.
KONV. NR. :  xx GROUP :       --	If the selected device is a converter for emergency lights, the selection sets the device into identification mode and the display shows the word CONV. For identification purposes, the function LED on the converter flashes during the test (see user manual for the converter).
KONV. NR. :  xx GROUP :       xx	Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode. Briefly press the MOVE button again to select the group that you want to assign the ECG to. If the group is selected, briefly press the Prg/Set button to confirm and save the setting. Press the ESC button (or wait for about 30 seconds) to return to the level above.

### 18.2.7 Sub-menu group test

The sub-menu group test has the following structure:

GROUP TEST	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu GROUP TEST to the sub-menu. Within the menu, groups can be switched either individually or all together (ALL GROUPS TEST = BROADCAST) to test the installation.
---------------	---

GROUP: X TEST	Briefly press the MOVE button to run through the individual groups. The number of the selected group is shown in the first display line.
------------------	--

GROUP: X ---> OFF	Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode. Briefly press the Move button to select whether you would like to switch the group on or off. Briefly press the Prg/Set button to execute the selected command. Press the ESC button (or wait for about 30 seconds) to return to the level above.
----------------------	--

### 18.2.8 Sub-menu scene test

The sub-menu scene test has the following structure:

SCENE TEST	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu SCENE TEST to the sub-menu. Within the menu you can invoke all scenes for test purposes or program newly set light scenarios into the scene.
---------------	--

SCENE: X TEST	Briefly press the MOVE button to run through the individual scenes. The number of the selected scene is shown in the first display line.
------------------	--

SCENE: X ----> INVOKE	Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode. Briefly press the Move button to choose whether you would like to invoke or save a scene. Briefly press the Prg/Set-Taste button to execute the selected command and either invoke or save the scene. Press the ESC button (or wait for about 30 seconds) to return to the level above.
--------------------------	--

### 18.2.9 Sub-menu system test

The sub-menu system test has the following structure:

SYSTEM TEST	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu SYSTEM TEST to the sub-menu. Within the menu you can check for any potential failures.
DALI NO ERROR	If there is no failure, this is shown in the display. The following failures can be recognised by the system. They are shown in the display and simultaneously set off the red failure LED:
DALI ERROR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- DALI short-circuits</li><li>- Lamp fault with the lamp or ECG number being displayed</li><li>- ECG failure with display of the ECG number</li><li>- No KNX Bus</li></ul> In case of a DALI short-circuit, no further failures can be recognised. For all other failure Types, several failures can be recognised at the same time. Within the menu you can toggle between different failures by briefly pressing the Move button.
LAMP xx NO ERROR	The number of the ECG is displayed for lamp failures. This means that an failure can be easily localised.
ECG xx NO ERROR	The number of the ECG is displayed for ECG failures. This means that an failure can be easily localised.
KNX NO ERROR	If there are no failures, this is shown on the display.

### 18.2.10 Sub-menu maintenance ECG/lamp

The sub-menu maintenance ECG/lamp has the following structure:

MAINTENANCE ECG/LAMP	Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu MAINTENANCE ECG/LAMP to the sub-menu. Within the menu you can start the burn-in of a lamp and reset the reader for its operating hours.
ECG NR. :    xx xxx   h	Briefly press the MOVE button to run through the individual ECGs. The number of the selected ECG is shown in the first display line. Line 2 shows the number of operating hours since the last reset.
ECG. NR. :    xx RESET	Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode. Briefly press the Prg/Set button to execute the selected command. Press the ESC button (or wait for about 30 seconds) to return to the level above.

### 18.2.11 Sub-menu converter inhibit mode

The sub-menu converter inhibit mode has the following structure:

<p>CONVERTER INHIBIT MODE</p>	<p>Briefly press the Prg/Set button to change from the main menu CONVERTER INHIBIT MODE to the sub-menu. Within the menu you can turn on the Inhibit Mode for all connected self-contained battery emergency lights. If the mains power supply is turned off within 15 minutes from activating the Inhibit Mode, the lights do not change into emergency mode but remain switched off. Particularly during the initialisation phase of a building this operating mode may be required to prevent the emergency lights from being turned on constantly</p>
<p>INHIBIT MODE via PROG-MODE</p>	<p>Hold the Prg/Set button to change into programming mode.</p>
<p>INHIBIT CONVERTER?</p>	<p>Briefly press the Prg/Set button again to activate the Inhibit Mode. Press the ESC button (or wait for about 30 seconds) to return to the level above.</p>

## 19 ETS Communication objects

The DALI Control PRO64 Gateway communicates via the KNX bus based on a powerful communication stack of the System B type. Altogether 2110 communication objects are available, which are described below separated by function bloc.

**Note:** Up to 1000 group addresses can be used in encrypted form, see chapter [3.1 Secure Usage](#).

### 19.1 General objects

#### 19.1.1 General objects behavior

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
1	Time	Receive	3 Byte 10.001	CWT
This object is used to set the time. The time must be provided by a central timer and updated at least twice a day.				
2	Date	Receive	3 Byte 11.001	CWT
This object is used to set the date. The date must be provided by a central timer and updated at least twice a day. Leap years and change-over to and from daylight saving time are not taken into consideration during internal calculations of time and date. Therefore, please pay attention that the timer sends the correct date on these occasions.				
10	Activate Panic mode	Activate/Stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW
Use this object to activate or stop the panic mode via the bus.				
11	Activate Test mode	Activate/Stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW
This object is used to activate or stop the test mode via the bus.				
12	Activate Night mode	Activate/Stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW
This object is used to activate or stop the night mode via the bus.				



### 19.1.2 General objects analysis and service

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
13	General failures	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report the presence of a general failure in the connected DALI segment independent of its type.				
14	DALI failure	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report the presence of a DALI short-circuit in the connected DALI segment.				
15	General Failure Exceed Threshold	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report that the total of all lamps, ECG and converter failures recognised by the gateway exceeds the set threshold.				
16	General Failure Total	Value Rate	1 Byte 5.010	CRT
This object is used to report the total number of all lamps, ECG and converter failures recognised by the gateway. Please remember that for each connected device a failure is counted just once. A simultaneous lamp failure in case of an ECG or converter failure cannot be recognised or counted.				
16a	General Failure Total	Failure Rate in %	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
This object is used to report the failure rate as a percentage of all lamps, ECG and converter failures recognised by the gateway. Please remember that for each connected device a failure is counted just once. A simultaneous lamp failure in case of an ECG or converter failure cannot be recognised or counted.				
17	Lamp Failure Exceed Threshold	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report that the total of all lamp failures recognised by the gateway exceeds the set threshold.				
18	Lamp Failure Total	Value Rate	1 Byte 5.010	CRT
Reports the total amount of lamp failures recognised by the gateway.				
18a	Lamp Failure Total	Failure Rate in %	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Alternatively, this object is used to report the failure rate as a percentage of the total number of lamps in the DALI segment.				
19	ECG Failure Exceeds Threshold	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report that the total of all lamp failures recognised by the gateway exceeds the set threshold.				
20	ECG Failure Total	Value Rate	1 Byte 5.010	CRT
Reports the total amount of ECG failures recognised by the gateway.				
20a	ECG Failure Total	Failure Rate in %	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Alternatively, this object is used to report the failure rate as a percentage of the total number of lamps in the DALI segment.				

21	Converter Failure Exceeds Threshold	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report that the total of all converter failures recognised by the gateway exceeds the set threshold.				
22	Converter Failure Total	Value Rate	1 Byte 5.010	CRT
Reports the total amount of converter failures recognised by the gateway.				
22a	Converter Failure Total	Failure Rate in %	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Alternatively, this object is used to report the failure rate as a percentage of the total number of converters in the DALI segment.				
23	Status (Group 1 – Group 16)	Status On/Off	4 Bytes 27.001	CRT
Activates the status display for groups 1 - 16.				
24	Status (ECG 1 - ECG 16)	Status On/Off	4 Bytes 27.001	CRT
Sends the switch status for ECGs 1 - 16. Each value >0% is interpreted as ON.				
25	Status (ECG 17 - ECG 32)	Status On/Off	4 Bytes 27.001	CRT
Sends the switch status for ECGs 17 - 32. Each value >0% is interpreted as ON.				
26	Status (ECG 33 - ECG 48)	Status On/Off	4 Bytes 27.001	CRT
Sends the switch status for ECGs 33 - 48. Each value >0% is interpreted as ON.				
27	Status (ECG 49 - ECG 64)	Status On/Off	4 Bytes 27.001	CRT
Sends the switch status for ECGs 49 - 64. Each value >0% is interpreted as ON.				
28	Failure Lamp/ECG	Status	1 Byte 238.600	CRT
Sends the switch status of individual lamps in the DALI segment when the system is started or when a change has taken place. Bit 0 - 5 refer to the number of the ECG. Bit 7 represents an ECG failure, Bit 6 a lamp failure. For example:				
<pre>                 Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 ECG 5 / ECG failure    1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 ECG 6 / Lamp failure   0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1                     </pre> <p>If a value is received where Bit 7 and Bit 6 are set, it is interpreted as a status query. For example:</p> <pre>                 Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 ECG 5 / Query          1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0                     </pre> <p>The gateway responds with the current status of the queried ECG.</p> <pre>                 Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 ECG 5 / ECG failure    1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0                     </pre>				

### 19.1.3 General objects special functions

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags												
29	Scene number	Activate/Learn	1 Byte 18.001	CW												
<p>Scenes can be called up or programmed via this object. Up to 16 scenes are available in the Dali Gateway. To program a set scene, the top bit must be set:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Start</th> <th>Program</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Scene 1</td> <td>0</td> <td>128</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Scene 2</td> <td>1</td> <td>129</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Scene 16</td> <td>15</td> <td>143</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						Start	Program	Scene 1	0	128	Scene 2	1	129	Scene 16	15	143
	Start	Program														
Scene 1	0	128														
Scene 2	1	129														
Scene 16	15	143														
46	Effect number	Start/Stop	1 Byte	CW												
<p>Effects can be started or stopped via this object. Up to 16 effects are available in the Dali Gateway. The top bit must be set to start an effect. Stopping takes place when bit 7 is deleted. The following therefore applies:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Effect Off</th> <th>Effect On</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Effect 1</td> <td>0</td> <td>128</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Effect 2</td> <td>1</td> <td>129</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Effect 16</td> <td>15</td> <td>143</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						Effect Off	Effect On	Effect 1	0	128	Effect 2	1	129	Effect 16	15	143
	Effect Off	Effect On														
Effect 1	0	128														
Effect 2	1	129														
Effect 16	15	143														
30.. 45	Scene x, Dimming	Dimming relative	4 Bit 3.007	KS												
<p>Scene 1 ... 16 can be dimmed relatively via this object. Dimming up is set with bit 3, dimming down with bit 3 deleted. Bits 0...2 indicate the respective step sizes. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The min / max values of the respective groups that were defined with the ETS are also considered when dimming the scenes.</p>																

#### 19.1.3.1 Objects for Energy Saving

Each group as well as each ECG can be de-energized via a separate actuator. Up to 16 energy-saving objects are provided in the parameters for this purpose.

2079.. 2094	Energy Saving Object 1... 16	On / Off	1 Bit 1.001	CRT
<p>With the appropriate assignment in the parameters, this object is switched off when associated groups or ECGs are switched off. This allows a separate power supply to be switched off. If the associated groups or ECGs are controlled again with a value &gt; 0%, this object is switched on again before.</p> <p>In this case, a minimum time delay is programmed so that the ECGs are ready for operation again, see <a href="#">20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions</a></p>				

### 19.1.3.2 Objects for emergency

Two types of communication objects are offered on the device. The selection is defined via parameters:

The objects are explained with the respective ECGs.

### 19.1.4 Time control objects

A communication object for enabling and disabling templates is available for each of the up to 16 templates in the colour control module. See chapter: [15.1.3 Disable/enable](#). These need to be enabled under time control in the DCA.

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
2095ff	Schedule, Template 1	Activate/Stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW
Template 1 is activated via this object. The template is active when the value is 1 and will be executed according to schedule.				
2110	Schedule, Template x	Activate/Stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW
Template X is activated via this object. The template is active when the value is 1 and will be executed according to schedule.				

## 19.2 Broadcast objects

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
3	Broadcast	Switching	1 Bit 1.001	CW
<p>All connected lights can be switched on or off together using this object. If connected ECGs are in a special state (test mode, panic mode), they are not switched. In this case, switching takes place through sequential addressing on the DALI bus and a delay between the first and last luminaire may be visible. If there is no special state, switching takes place simultaneously using DALI broadcast telegrams. The broadcast switching function always switches to 0 or 100%. The parameters "switch-on and switch-off value" for groups and electronic ballasts are not considered.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This object is only visible if you have selected <a href="#">20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions</a> "Enable broadcast" in the parameters.</p>				
4	Broadcast	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>All connected lights can be set to one value using this object. If connected ECGs are in a special condition (test mode, panic mode), they are not changed. In this case, switching takes place by sequential addressing on the DALI bus and a delay between the first and last light may be visible. If there is no special state, the values are set at the same time by DALI broadcast telegrams.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This object is only visible if "Enable broadcast" was selected in the <a href="#">20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions</a>. Broadcast can also be released for colour control. In this case, up to 4 further objects no. 3-7 are shown, also see "parameter page: Special Functions". The description of the different colour control objects is explained in detail in chapter: <a href="#">4 Colour control</a>.</p>				

### 19.2.1 Broadcast objects colour control

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
5	Broadcast, RGB Red	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
The broadcast colour control can be set via this object. The values for (RGB) red are transferred here.				
5a	Broadcast, RGB	Colour setting	3 Byte 232.600	CW
Send the colour (RGB) via this object.				
5b	Broadcast, HSV Hue (H)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Send the (HSV) Hue value via this object.				
5c	Broadcast, RGBW	Colour setting	6 Byte 251.600	CW
The set colour (RGBW) is sent as a value via this object.				
5d	Broadcast, Set Colour X	Colour setting	2 Bytes 7.600	CW
Send the (X/Y Colour) X value via this object.				
5e	Broadcast, Set Colour XY	Colour setting	6 Bytes 242.600	CW
The set colour (X/Y Colour) is sent as a value via this object.				
6	Broadcast, RGB Green	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
The broadcast colour control can be set via this object. The values for (RGB) green are transferred here.				
6a	Broadcast, HSV Saturation (S)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Send the saturation via an HSV value via this object.				
6b	Broadcast, Set Colour Y	Colour setting	2 Bytes 7.600	CW
Send the (X/Y Colour) Y value via this object.				
7	Broadcast, RGB Blue	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
The broadcast colour control can be set via this object. The values for (RGB) blue are transferred here.				
8	Broadcast, White	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
The broadcast control can be set via this object. The values for white are transferred here.				
9	Broadcast, Colour Temperature	Dim absolute	2 Bytes 7.600	CW
Send the colour temperature value via this object.				

## 19.3 Group objects

A set of communication objects is available for each one of the up to 16 possible groups.  
The following objects are available (Example group 1):

### 19.3.1 Group objects behaviour

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags																
47	G1, Switching	On/ Off	1 Bit 1.001	CW																
Use this object to switch group 1 on or off.																				
48	G1, Dimming	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW																
Used for the relative dimming of group 1. Bit 3 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 0 to 2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0 to 2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.																				
49	G1, Set value	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW																
Group 1 can be set to the corresponding value via this object.																				
50	G1, Set value	Dim absolute /Time	3 Bytes 225.001	CW																
<p><b>Attention:</b> Object 50 is shown for the following parameter: G1 --&gt; Behaviour --&gt; Additional value setting object with dim time. Use this object to set group 1 to the required value and dim time.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>Format:</b></td> <td colspan="3">3 octets: U<sub>16</sub>U<sub>8</sub></td> </tr> <tr> <td>octet nr.</td> <td>3 MSB</td> <td>2</td> <td>1 LSB</td> </tr> <tr> <td>field names</td> <td>TimePeriod</td> <td colspan="2">Percent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>encoding</td> <td>UUUUUUUU</td> <td>UUUUUUUU</td> <td>UUUUUUUU</td> </tr> </table> <p>The time is defined in multiples of 100 ms. Because of Dali properties a value range of 1s to 200s is accepted. Values outside this value range are restricted accordingly. A dim time of 10s is coded as follows: 10 s = 10x10x100 ms</p>					<b>Format:</b>	3 octets: U <sub>16</sub> U <sub>8</sub>			octet nr.	3 MSB	2	1 LSB	field names	TimePeriod	Percent		encoding	UUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUU
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octet nr.	3 MSB	2	1 LSB																	
field names	TimePeriod	Percent																		
encoding	UUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUU																	
51	G1, Lock object	Enable	1 Bit 1.003	CW																
<p><b>Attention:</b> Object 51 is shown for the following parameter: G1 --&gt; General --&gt; Function of the additional object This object enables the operation of group 1: Object = 0 → Disabled Object = 1 → Enabled</p>																				

51a	G1, Lock object	Disable	1 Bit 1.003	CW
This object disables the operation of group 1: Object = 0 → Enabled Object = 1 → Disabled				
52	G1, Status	Status On/Off	1 Bit 1.001	CRT
Sends the switch status of the group. Any value >0% is interpreted as ON.				
53	G1, Status	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the value status of the group.				

### 19.3.2 Group objects colour control

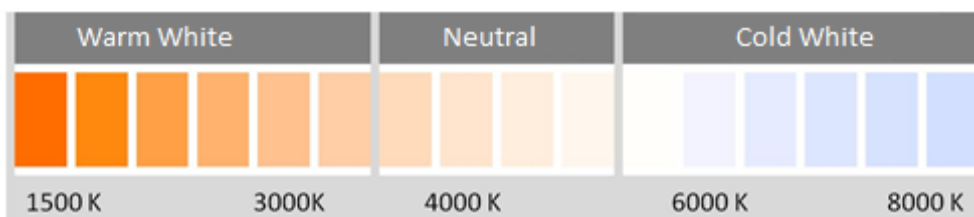
Different colour control options are supported:

- **Colour temperature**
- **RGB**
- **HSV**
- **RGBW**
- **XY**
- **Colour temperature + RGB**
- **Colour temperature + RGBW**

Only one type of colour control can be selected per group. All ECGs in the group that support this type, can be controlled. Other ECG types will not react to the command. Please make sure to only include ECGs with the same colour control in a group. Depending on type of colour control chosen, different objects are displayed:

#### 19.3.2.1 Colour temperature

The colour temperature can be set in Kelvin. Colour temperatures below 3000 K are called "warm white", above 5000 K "cool white" and between 3000 and 5000 "neutral white".





Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
58	G1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				
59	G1, Colour temperature relative	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.				
64	G1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
The colour in the group can be changed using this object. Increase the angle with bit 3 set, decrease the angle with bit 3 deleted. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. This means that the entire circumference of the circle can be circulated, and every colour can be set.				
70	G1, Colour Temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as group status.				
75	G1, Colour Temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set relative colour temperature as group status.				

### 19.3.2.2 RGB

The RGB colour space is called additive colour space as the colour perception is created by mixing the three primary colours.

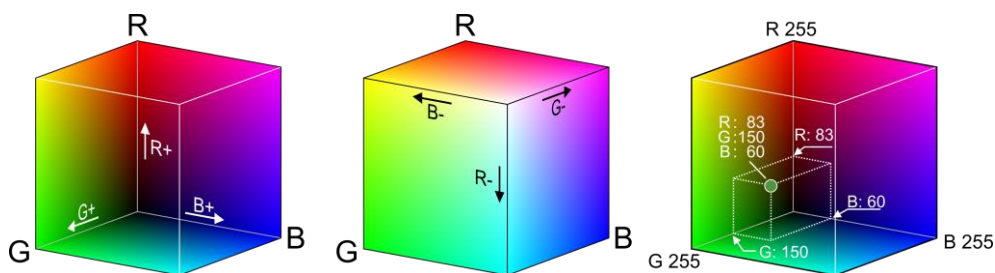


Figure 3: RGB cubes (source: Wikipedia)

**19.3.2.2.1 RGB (DPT 232.600)**

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags															
57	G1, Colour RGB	Colour setting	3 Byte 232.600	CW															
<p>Sets the colour in the group as RGB.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Format:</b> 3 octets: U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub></p> <p>octet nr.      3 MSB                      2                      1 LSB</p> <p>field names    <input type="text" value="R"/>    <input type="text" value="G"/>    <input type="text" value="B"/></p> <p>encoding      <input type="text" value="UUUUUUUU"/> <input type="text" value="UUUUUUUU"/> <input type="text" value="UUUUUUUU"/></p> <p><b>Encoding:</b> All values binary encoded.</p> <p><b>Range::</b> R, G, B: 0 to 255</p> <p><b>Unit:</b> None</p> <p><b>Resol.:</b> 1</p> <p><b>PDT:</b> PDT_GENERIC_03</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="5">Datapoint Types</th> </tr> <tr> <th>ID:</th> <th>Name:</th> <th>Range:</th> <th>Resol.:</th> <th>Use:</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>232.600</td> <td>DPT_Colour_RGB</td> <td>R: 0 to 255 G: 0 to 255 B: 0 to 255</td> <td>R: 1 G: 1 B: 1</td> <td>G</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div>					Datapoint Types					ID:	Name:	Range:	Resol.:	Use:	232.600	DPT_Colour_RGB	R: 0 to 255 G: 0 to 255 B: 0 to 255	R: 1 G: 1 B: 1	G
Datapoint Types																			
ID:	Name:	Range:	Resol.:	Use:															
232.600	DPT_Colour_RGB	R: 0 to 255 G: 0 to 255 B: 0 to 255	R: 1 G: 1 B: 1	G															
69	G1, Colour RGB	Status of dimming value	3 Byte 232.600	CRT															
<p>Use this object to send the set colour of the group as status.</p>																			

**19.3.2.2.2 RGB (separate objects)**

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
60	G1, Colour RGB Red	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>Sets the colour in the group. The values for red (R) are transmitted.</p>				
61	G1, Colour RGB Green	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>Sets the colour in the group. The values for green (G) are transmitted.</p>				
62	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>Sets the colour in the group. The values for blue (B) are transmitted.</p>				
65	G1, RGB Fading Red	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
<p>Use this object to change the colour (R) in the group. Bit 3 is set to increase the red component and deleted to decrease the red component. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.</p>				

66	G1, RGB Fading Green	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour (G) in the group. Description as for colour change RGB (R).				
67	G1, RGB Fading Blue	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour (B) in the group. Description as for colour change RGB (R).				
71	G1, Colour RGB Red	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the selected colour (R) as group status.				
72	G1, Colour RGB Green	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the selected colour (G) as group status.				
73	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the selected colour (B) as group status.				

### 19.3.2.3 HSV

The colour is set as an HSV value. This consists of hue, saturation, and value. The value (V) is set via the value objects number 48/49. Further objects are displayed for hue (H) and saturation (S). The hue is entered as a value between 0° and 360° and rotates around the colour circle making it easy to reach all colours of the circle.

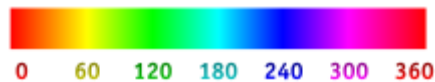
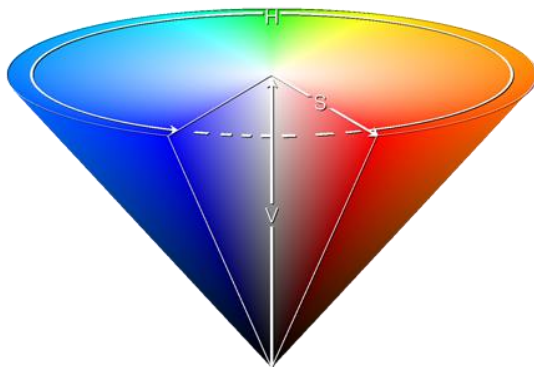



Figure 4: HSV colour value (Source: Wikipedia)

Values for saturation and intensity (darkness value) are set between 0 and 100%. 100% mean complete saturation and full intensity.

**19.3.2.3.1 HSV (separate objects)**

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
60	G1, Colour HSV Hue (H)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.003	CW
Sets the colour via an HSV value. A value between 0° and 360° can be transmitted. Please remember that the used data type 5.003 only allows for a resolution of about 1.4°.				
				
61	G1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Use this object to set the saturation. A value between 0° and 100% can be transmitted.				
65	G1, Colour HSV Fading Hue (H)	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the hue of a group. Bit 3 is set to increase the angle and deleted to decrease the angle. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. As the whole colour circle is accessible, any colour can be set.				
66	G1, Colour HSV Fading Saturation (S)	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
See change of hue above. The value between 0 and 100% is increased incrementally.				
71	G1, Colour HSV Hue (H)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.003	CRT
Sends the configured hue as group status.				
72	G1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the configured saturation as group status.				

### 19.3.2.4 RGBW

#### 19.3.2.4.1 RGBW (6 Byte combined object DPT 251.600)

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags																																																																								
57	G1, Colour RGBW	Colour setting	6 Byte 251.600	CW																																																																								
<p>Use this object to set the colour in the group as RGBW. Enter the colour values for white, blue, green and red between 0 and 100% in the upper Bytes. 4 Bits in the 1st Byte determine whether the corresponding colour values are valid.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="6">Datapoint Type</th> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">DPT Name:</td> <td colspan="4">DPT_Colour_RGBW</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">DPT Format:</td> <td>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>F<sub>4</sub>B<sub>4</sub></td> <td>DPT ID:</td> <td colspan="2">251.600</td> </tr> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Supp.</th> <th>Range</th> <th>Unit</th> <th>Default</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>R</td> <td>Colour Level Red</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>Colour Level Green</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Colour Level Blue</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W</td> <td>Colour Level White</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>R</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information red in the field R is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>G</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information green in the field G is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>B</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information blue in the field B is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>W</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information white in the field W is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Datapoint Type						DPT Name:		DPT_Colour_RGBW				DPT Format:		U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> F <sub>4</sub> B <sub>4</sub>	DPT ID:	251.600		Field	Description	Supp.	Range	Unit	Default	R	Colour Level Red	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	G	Colour Level Green	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	B	Colour Level Blue	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	W	Colour Level White	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	m <sub>R</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information red in the field R is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.	m <sub>G</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information green in the field G is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.	m <sub>B</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information blue in the field B is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.	m <sub>W</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information white in the field W is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.
Datapoint Type																																																																												
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69	G1, Colour RGBW	Status of dimming value	6 Byte 251.600	CRT																																																																								
<p>Sends the set colour of the group as status.</p>																																																																												

#### 19.3.2.4.2 RGBW (separate objects)

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
60	G1, Colour RGB Red	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>Sets the colour in the group. The values for red (R) are transmitted.</p>				
61	G1, Colour RGB Green	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>Sets the colour in the group. The values for green (G) are transmitted.</p>				
62	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>Sets the colour in the group. The values for blue (B) are transmitted.</p>				

63	G1, Colour White	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for white (W) are transmitted.				
65	G1, RGB Fading Red	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour (R) in the group. Bit 3 is set to increase the red component and deleted to decrease the red component. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
66	G1, RGB Fading Green	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour (G) in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
67	G1, RGB Fading Blue	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour (B) in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
68	G1, Fading White	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour green in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
71	G1, Colour RGB Red	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour red as group status.				
72	G1, Colour RGB Green	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour green as group status.				
73	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour blue as group status.				
74	G1, Colour White	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour white as group status.				

### 19.3.2.5 HSVW (separate objects)

See chapter: [19.3.2.3.1 HSV \(separate objects\)](#)

### 19.3.2.6 XY Colour

The colour is determined through an XY value between 0 and 1:

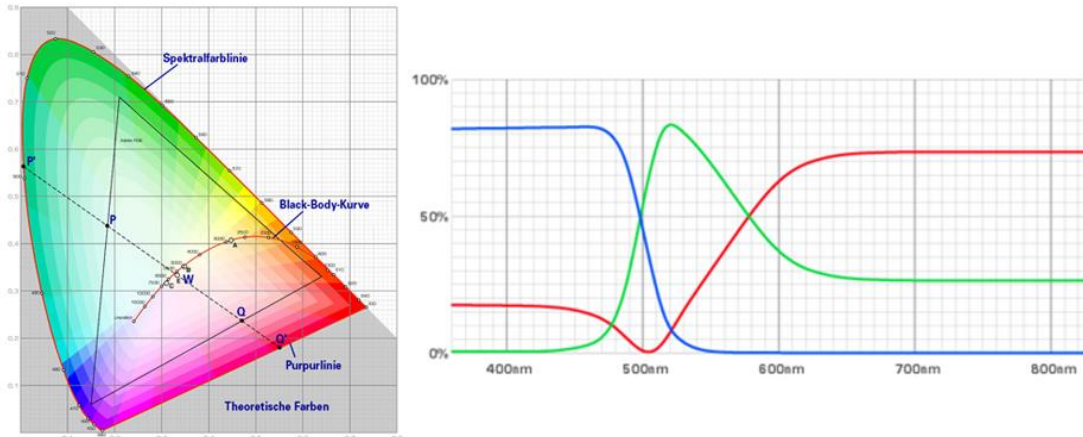


Figure 5: XY colour value (Source: Wikipedia)

In KNX, this value range is converted to a range 0...65535 (2-byte integer). The value 65535 therefore corresponds to value 1 in the graphic.

#### 19.3.2.6.1 XY (combined objects)

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags																																													
57	G1, Colour XY	Colour setting	6 Byte 242.600	CW																																													
<p>Use this object to set the colour via XY coordinates in the group. The brightness level is entered in the bottom Byte via a value between 0 and 100% followed by the Y and X coordinates between 0 and 65535. 2 Bit in the top byte determines whether brightness and XY values are valid.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="5">Datapoint Type</th> </tr> <tr> <th>DPT Name:</th> <td colspan="4">DPT_Colour_xyY</td> </tr> <tr> <th>DPT Format:</th> <td>B<sub>8</sub>U<sub>16</sub>U<sub>16</sub>U<sub>8</sub></td> <th>DPT ID:</th> <td colspan="2">242.600</td> </tr> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Supp.</th> <th>Range</th> <th>Unit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>This field shall indicate whether the colour information in the fields x-axis and y-axis is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field <i>Brightness</i> is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x-axis</td> <td>x-coordinate of the colour information</td> <td>M</td> <td>0-65535</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y-axis</td> <td>y-coordinate of the colour information</td> <td>M</td> <td>0-65535</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Brightness</td> <td>Brightness of the colour</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Datapoint Type					DPT Name:	DPT_Colour_xyY				DPT Format:	B <sub>8</sub> U <sub>16</sub> U <sub>16</sub> U <sub>8</sub>	DPT ID:	242.600		Field	Description	Supp.	Range	Unit	C	This field shall indicate whether the colour information in the fields x-axis and y-axis is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	B	This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field <i>Brightness</i> is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	x-axis	x-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.	y-axis	y-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.	Brightness	Brightness of the colour	M	0 % to 100 %	None.
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DPT Name:	DPT_Colour_xyY																																																
DPT Format:	B <sub>8</sub> U <sub>16</sub> U <sub>16</sub> U <sub>8</sub>	DPT ID:	242.600																																														
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B	This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field <i>Brightness</i> is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.																																													
x-axis	x-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.																																													
y-axis	y-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.																																													
Brightness	Brightness of the colour	M	0 % to 100 %	None.																																													
69	G1, Colour XY	Status of dimming value	6 Byte 242.600	CRT																																													
<p>This object is used to send the set XY coordinates as status of the group.</p>																																																	

### 19.3.2.6.2 XY (separate objects)

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
57	G1, Colour X	Colour setting	2 Byte 7.001	CW
Use this object to set the X value between 0 and 65535.				
60	G1, Colour Y	Colour setting	2 Byte 7.001	CW
Use this object to set the Y value between 0 and 65535.				
69	G1, Colour X	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.001	CRT
The set X-value is sent as the status of the group via this object.				
71	G1, Colour Y	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.001	CRT
The set Y-value is sent as the status of the group via this object.				

### 19.3.2.7 Colour temperature + RGB

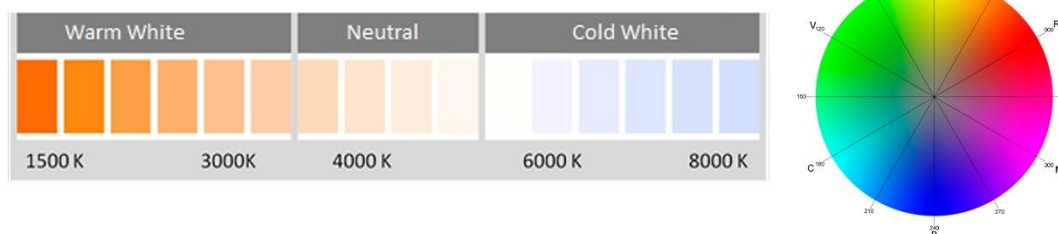


Figure 6: Colour temperature + RGB (Source: Wikipedia)

#### 19.3.2.7.1 Colour temperature + RGB (3 Byte combined object DPT 232.600)

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
57	G1, Colour RGB	Colour setting	3 Byte 232.600	CW
The colour can be set as RGB in the group via this object. The colour values for white, blue, green and red are given in the lower bytes in the value range of 0 ... 100%. In the 5th byte, 4 bits indicate whether the corresponding colour values are valid.				
58	G1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				



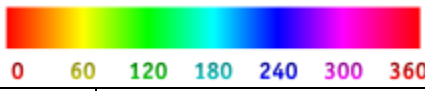
59	G1, Colour temperature relative	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.				
64	G1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Changes the colour temperature in the group. Bit 3 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
69	G1, Colour RGB	Status of dimming value	3 Byte 232.600	CRT
Sends the set RGB colour as group status.				
70	G1, Colour temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as group status.				
75	G1, Colour temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set relative colour temperature as group status.				

**19.3.2.7.2 Colour temperature + RGB (RGB separate objects)**

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
58	G1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				
59	G1, Colour temperature relative	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.				
60	G1, Colour RGB Red	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for red (R) are transmitted.				
61	G1, Colour RGB Green	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for green (G) are transmitted.				
62	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for blue (B) are transmitted.				
64	G1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Changes the colour temperature in the group. Bit 3 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bits 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				

65	G1, Colour RGB Fading Red	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour red in the group. Bit 3 is set to increase the red component and deleted to decrease the red component. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
66	G1, Colour RGB Fading Green	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour green in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
67	G1, Colour RGB Fading Blue	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour blue in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
70	G1, Colour temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as group status.				
71	G1, Colour RGB Red	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour red as group status.				
72	G1, Colour RGB Green	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour green as group status.				
73	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour blue as group status.				
75	G1, Colour temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set relative colour temperature as group status.				

**19.3.2.7.3 Colour temperature + RGB (HSV separate objects)**

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
58	G1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				
59	G1, Colour temperature relative	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.				
60	G1, Colour HSV Hue (H)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.003	CW
Sets the colour via an HSV value. A value between 0° and 360° can be transmitted. Please remember that the used data type 5.003 only allows for a resolution of about 1.4°.				
				
61	G1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Use this object to set the saturation. A value between 0° and 100% can be transmitted.				
64	G1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
The colour in the group can be changed using this object. Increase the angle with bit 3 set, decrease the angle with bit 3 deleted. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. This means that the entire circumference of the circle can be circulated, and every colour can be set.				
65	G1, Colour Control Fading Hue (H)	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the hue of a group. Bit 3 is set to increase the angle and deleted to decrease the angle. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. As the whole colour circle is accessible, any colour can be set.				
66	G1, Colour Control Fading Saturation (S)	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
See change of hue above. The value between 0 and 100% is increased incrementally				
70	G1, Colour temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as group status				
71	G1, Colour HSV Hue (H)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.003	CRT
Sends the configured hue as group status.				
72	G1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.003	CRT
Sends the configured saturation as group status.				
75	G1, Colour temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set relative colour temperature as group status.				

### 19.3.2.8 Farbtemperatur + RGBW

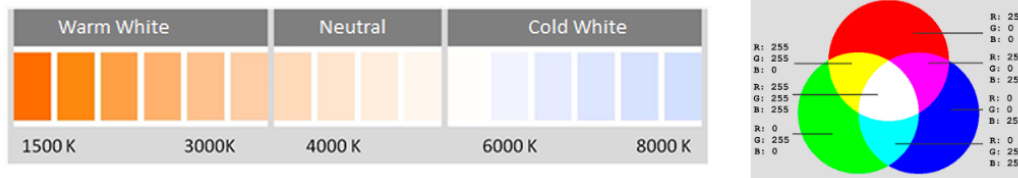


Figure 7: Colour temperature + RGBW (Source: Wikipedia)

#### 19.3.2.8.1 Colour temperature + RGBW (6 Byte combined object DPT 251.600)


Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
57	G1, Colour RGBW	Colour setting	6 Byte 251.600	CW
The colour can be set as RGB in the group via this object. The colour values for white, blue, green and red are given in the lower bytes in the value range of 0 ... 100%. In the 5th byte, 4 bits indicate whether the corresponding colour values are valid.				
58	G1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				
59	G1, Colour temperature relative	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.				
64	G1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Changes the colour temperature in the group. Bit 3 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
69	G1, Colour RGBW	Status of dimming value	6 Byte 251.600	CRT
Sends the set RGB colour as group status.				
70	G1, Colour temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as group status.				
75	G1, Colour temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set relative colour temperature as group status.				

**19.3.2.8.2 Colour temperature + RGBW (RGBW separate objects)**

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
58	G1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				
59	G1, Colour temperature relative	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.				
60	G1, Colour RGB Red	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for red (R) are transmitted.				
61	G1, Colour RGB Green	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for green (G) are transmitted.				
62	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for blue (B) are transmitted.				
63	G1, Colour White	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for white (W) are transmitted.				
64	G1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Changes the colour temperature in the group. Bit 3 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
65	G1, Colour RGB Fading Red	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour red in the group. Bit 3 is set to increase the red component and deleted to decrease the red component. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
66	G1, Colour RGB Fading Green	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour green in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
67	G1, Colour RGB Fading Blue	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the colour blue in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
68	G1, Colour Fading White	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change white in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				

70	G1, Colour temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as group status.				
71	G1, Colour RGB Red	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour red as group status.				
72	G1, Colour RGB Green	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour green as group status.				
73	G1, Colour RGB Blue	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set colour blue as group status.				
74	G1, Colour White	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set white as group status.				
75	G1, Colour temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set relative colour temperature as group status.				

**19.3.2.8.3 Colour temperature + RGBW (HSVW separate objects)**

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
58	G1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				
59	G1, Colour temperature relative	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.				
60	G1, Colour HSV Hue (H)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.003	CW
Sets the colour via an HSV value. A value between 0° and 360° can be transmitted. Please remember that the used data type 5.003 only allows for a resolution of about 1.4°.				
				
61	G1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Use this object to set the saturation. A value between 0° and 100% can be transmitted.				

63	G1, Colour White	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour in the group. The values for white (W) are transmitted.				
64	G1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
The colour in the group can be changed using this object. Increase the angle with bit 3 set, decrease the angle with bit 3 deleted. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. This means that the entire circumference of the circle can be circulated and every colour can be set.				
65	G1, Colour Control Fading Hue	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change the hue of a group. Bit 3 is set to increase the angle and deleted to decrease the angle. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. As the whole colour circle is accessible, any colour can be set.				
66	G1, Colour Control Fading Saturation	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
See change of hue above. The value between 0 and 100% is increased incrementally				
68	G1, Colour Fading White	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change white in the group. Description as for colour change (red).				
70	G1, Colour temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as group status				
71	G1, Colour HSV Hue (H)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.003	CRT
Sends the configured hue as group status.				
72	G1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.003	CRT
Sends the configured saturation as group status.				
74	G1, Colour White	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.003	CRT
Sends the set white as group status.				
75	G1, Colour temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the set relative colour temperature as group status.				

### 19.3.3 Group objects analysis and service

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
54	G1, Failure Status	Failure status of DALI ECG	1 Bit 1.001	CRT
<b>Attention:</b> Object 54 is shown for the following parameter: <u>G1</u> --> Analysis and service-> "Type of failure status object". This object is used to send the failure status for lamp, ECG and converter failures within the group.				

54a	G1, Failure Status	Status	1 Byte 5.010	CRT																								
Sends the failure status for lamp, ECG and converter failures within the group as a 1Byte object. Bit 0 --> Lamp failure Bit 1 --> ECG failure																												
55	G1, Failure Status	Converter Fault Statistics (CFS)	4 Byte	CRT																								
<p><b>Note: This object is a NON DPT type and will not be implemented in future versions</b></p> <p>This object is used to report the total number of devices within the group and the failure status according to failure type. The different Bits within the object have the following meaning:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Bit 31</td> <td>Bit 30</td> <td>Bit 29..24</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Norm.EVG</td> <td>Emerg. EVG</td> <td>Number ECG+Converter failures</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit 23</td> <td>Bit 22</td> <td>Bit 21..16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Norm.Lamp</td> <td>Emerg.lamp</td> <td>Number of lamp failures</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit 15</td> <td>Bit 14</td> <td>Bit 13..8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Def.Conv.</td> <td>Idle</td> <td>Number of converters</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit 7</td> <td>Bit 6</td> <td>Bit 5..0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Idle</td> <td>Idle</td> <td>Number ECGs</td> </tr> </table>					Bit 31	Bit 30	Bit 29..24	Norm.EVG	Emerg. EVG	Number ECG+Converter failures	Bit 23	Bit 22	Bit 21..16	Norm.Lamp	Emerg.lamp	Number of lamp failures	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13..8	Def.Conv.	Idle	Number of converters	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5..0	Idle	Idle	Number ECGs
Bit 31	Bit 30	Bit 29..24																										
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Norm.Lamp	Emerg.lamp	Number of lamp failures																										
Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13..8																										
Def.Conv.	Idle	Number of converters																										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5..0																										
Idle	Idle	Number ECGs																										
56	G1, Failure Exceeds Threshold	Alarm	1 Bit	CRT																								
This object is used to report that the total of all lamp failures recognised in the DALI segment exceeds the set threshold.																												
56a	G1, Failure	Failure Rate in Total	1 Byte 5.010	CRT																								
This object is used to report the failure rate in total of the total number of lamps in the DALI segment.																												
56b	G1, Failure	Failure Rate in %	1 Byte 5.001	CRT																								
Alternatively, this object is used to report the failure rate as a percentage of the total number of lamps in the DALI segment.																												
76	G1, Operating Hours	Reset	1 Bit 1.015	CW																								
Resets the operating hours in a group via value "1". <b>Note:</b> Object 76-78 is shown for the following parameter: <u>G1 --&gt; Analysis and service --&gt; "Operation Hour Calculation" = Yes.</u>																												
77	G1, Operating Hours	Value	4 Byte 13.100	CW																								
Counts the operating hours in the group. The value is transmitted in seconds according to DPT 13.100.																												
78	G1, Life Time Exceeded	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CW																								
Shows whether the maximum life span set in the parameters has been exceeded. <b>Note:</b> If the threshold value is exceeded, an alarm is sent via this object (by sending the value "1"). An alarm is re-sent for every operating hour that is above the threshold value.																												



## 19.4 ECG objects

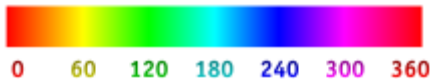
### 19.4.1 ECG objects behaviour

A communication object is available for each of the up to 64 connected ECGs and corresponding lamps to display the failure status. (Example ECG 1):

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
559	ECG1, Switching	On/Off	1 Bit 1.001	CW
Use this object to switch an ECG on or off if it is not in special mode (test mode, emergency lights, panic/ emergency mode).				
560	ECG1, Dimming	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
This object is used for the relative dimming of an ECG that is not in special mode (test mode, emergency lights, panic/ emergency mode). Bit 3 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 0...2 refer to the increment size. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
561	ECG 1, Set Value	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the value of ECG1 unless it is in special mode (test mode, emergency lights, panic/ emergency mode).				
562	ECG1, Lock object	Enable	1 Bit 1.003	CW
<b>Note:</b> Object 562 is shown for the following parameter: ECG 1 -->General -->Function of the additional object. Use this object to enable the operation of ECG 1: Object = 0 → Operation disabled Object = 1 → Enable operation				
562a	ECG1, Lock object	Disable	1 Bit 1.003	CW
Use this object to disable the operation of ECG 1: Object = 0 → Enable operation Object = 1 → Operation disabled				
563	ECG1, Status	Status On/Off	1 Bit 1.001	CRT
Sends the ECG switch status. Each value >0% is interpreted as ON.				
564	ECG 1, Status	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the ECG value status.				

### 19.4.2 ECG objects colour control

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags																																																																								
566	ECG 1, Colour temperature	Dim absolute	2 Bytes 7.600	CW																																																																								
Sets the ECG 1 colour temperature.																																																																												
566a	EVG 1, Colour RGB	Colour setting	3 Bytes 232.600	CW																																																																								
Sets the ECG1 colour in as RGB.																																																																												
<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>Format:</b></td> <td colspan="4">3 octets: U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>octet nr.</b></td> <td>3 MSB</td> <td>2</td> <td colspan="2">1 LSB</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>field names</b></td> <td>R</td> <td>G</td> <td colspan="2">B</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>encoding</b></td> <td>UUUUUUUU</td> <td>UUUUUUUU</td> <td colspan="2">UUUUUUUU</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Encoding:</b></td> <td colspan="4">All values binary encoded.</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Range:.</b></td> <td colspan="4">R, G, B: 0 to 255</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Unit:</b></td> <td colspan="4">None</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Resol.:</b></td> <td colspan="4">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>PDT:</b></td> <td colspan="4">PDT_GENERIC_03</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5"><b>Datapoint Types</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>ID:</b></td> <td><b>Name:</b></td> <td><b>Range:</b></td> <td><b>Resol.:</b></td> <td><b>Use:</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>232.600</td> <td>DPT_Colour_RGB</td> <td>R: 0 to 255 G: 0 to 255 B: 0 to 255</td> <td>R: 1 G: 1 B: 1</td> <td>G</td> </tr> </table>					<b>Format:</b>	3 octets: U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub>				<b>octet nr.</b>	3 MSB	2	1 LSB		<b>field names</b>	R	G	B		<b>encoding</b>	UUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUU		<b>Encoding:</b>	All values binary encoded.				<b>Range:.</b>	R, G, B: 0 to 255				<b>Unit:</b>	None				<b>Resol.:</b>	1				<b>PDT:</b>	PDT_GENERIC_03				<b>Datapoint Types</b>					<b>ID:</b>	<b>Name:</b>	<b>Range:</b>	<b>Resol.:</b>	<b>Use:</b>	232.600	DPT_Colour_RGB	R: 0 to 255 G: 0 to 255 B: 0 to 255	R: 1 G: 1 B: 1	G												
<b>Format:</b>	3 octets: U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub>																																																																											
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<b>Unit:</b>	None																																																																											
<b>Resol.:</b>	1																																																																											
<b>PDT:</b>	PDT_GENERIC_03																																																																											
<b>Datapoint Types</b>																																																																												
<b>ID:</b>	<b>Name:</b>	<b>Range:</b>	<b>Resol.:</b>	<b>Use:</b>																																																																								
232.600	DPT_Colour_RGB	R: 0 to 255 G: 0 to 255 B: 0 to 255	R: 1 G: 1 B: 1	G																																																																								
566b	ECG 1, Colour RGBW	Colour setting	6 Bytes 251.600	CW																																																																								
Use this object to set the ECG1 colour as RGBW. Enter the colour values for white, blue, green and red between 0 and 100% in the upper Bytes. 4 Bits in the 1st Byte determine whether the corresponding colour values are valid.																																																																												
<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="6"><b>Datapoint Type</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>DPT Name:</b></td> <td colspan="5">DPT_Colour_RGBW</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>DPT Format:</b></td> <td>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>U<sub>8</sub>F<sub>4</sub>B<sub>4</sub></td> <td><b>DPT ID:</b></td> <td colspan="3">251.600</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Field</b></td> <td><b>Description</b></td> <td><b>Supp.</b></td> <td><b>Range</b></td> <td><b>Unit</b></td> <td><b>Default</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>R</td> <td>Colour Level Red</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>Colour Level Green</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Colour Level Blue</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W</td> <td>Colour Level White</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>R</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information red in the field R is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>G</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information green in the field G is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>B</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information blue in the field B is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m<sub>W</sub></td> <td>Shall specify whether the colour information white in the field W is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> </table>					<b>Datapoint Type</b>						<b>DPT Name:</b>	DPT_Colour_RGBW					<b>DPT Format:</b>	U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> U <sub>8</sub> F <sub>4</sub> B <sub>4</sub>	<b>DPT ID:</b>	251.600			<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Supp.</b>	<b>Range</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Default</b>	R	Colour Level Red	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	G	Colour Level Green	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	B	Colour Level Blue	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	W	Colour Level White	M	0 % to 100 %	-	-	m <sub>R</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information red in the field R is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.	m <sub>G</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information green in the field G is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.	m <sub>B</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information blue in the field B is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.	m <sub>W</sub>	Shall specify whether the colour information white in the field W is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	None.
<b>Datapoint Type</b>																																																																												
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566c	ECG 1, Colour XY	Colour setting	6 Bytes 242.600	CW																																													
<p>Use this object to set the ECG1 colour via XY coordinates. The brightness level is entered in the bottom Byte via a value between 0 and 100% followed by the Y and X coordinates between 0 and 65535. 2 Bit in the top byte determines whether brightness and XY values are valid.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="5">Datapoint Type</th> </tr> <tr> <td>DPT Name:</td> <td colspan="4">DPT Colour_xyY</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DPT Format:</td> <td>B<sub>8</sub>U<sub>16</sub>U<sub>16</sub>U<sub>8</sub></td> <td>DPT_ID:</td> <td colspan="2">242.600</td> </tr> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Supp.</th> <th>Range</th> <th>Unit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>This field shall indicate whether the colour information in the fields <i>x-axis</i> and <i>y-axis</i> is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field <i>Brightness</i> is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x-axis</td> <td>x-coordinate of the colour information</td> <td>M</td> <td>0-65535</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y-axis</td> <td>y-coordinate of the colour information</td> <td>M</td> <td>0-65535</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Brightness</td> <td>Brightness of the colour</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Datapoint Type					DPT Name:	DPT Colour_xyY				DPT Format:	B <sub>8</sub> U <sub>16</sub> U <sub>16</sub> U <sub>8</sub>	DPT_ID:	242.600		Field	Description	Supp.	Range	Unit	C	This field shall indicate whether the colour information in the fields <i>x-axis</i> and <i>y-axis</i> is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	B	This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field <i>Brightness</i> is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	x-axis	x-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.	y-axis	y-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.	Brightness	Brightness of the colour	M	0 % to 100 %	None.
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Brightness	Brightness of the colour	M	0 % to 100 %	None.																																													
566d	ECG 1, Colour HSV Hue (H)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW																																													
<p>Sets the ECG1 colour via an HSV value. A value between 0° and 360° can be transmitted. Please remember that the used data type 5.003 only allows for a resolution of about 1.4°.</p> 																																																	
567	ECG 1, Colour temperature relative	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW																																													
<p>Sets the ECG 1 colour temperature relatively between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted to the possible colour temperature range.</p>																																																	
567a	ECG 1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW																																													
<p>Use this object to set the saturation. A value between 0° and 100% can be transmitted.</p>																																																	
568	ECG 1, Colour White	Dim absolute	1 Byte 5.001	CW																																													
<p>Sets the ECG1 colour. The values for white (W) are transmitted.</p>																																																	
569	ECG 1, Colour Control Fading	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW																																													
<p>The ECG1 colour can be changed using this object. Increase the angle with bit 3 set, decrease the angle with bit 3 deleted. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. This means that the entire circumference of the circle can be circulated, and every colour can be set.</p>																																																	
569a	ECG 1, Colour HSV Fading Hue (H)	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW																																													
<p>Use this object to change the hue of the ECG1. Bit 3 is set to increase the angle and deleted to decrease the angle. Bit 0...2 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. As the whole colour circle is accessible, any colour can be set.</p>																																																	
570	ECG 1, Colour HSV Fading Saturation (S)	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW																																													
<p>See change of hue above. The value between 0 and 100% is increased incrementally.</p>																																																	

571	EVG 1, Colour Fading White	Dim relative	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Use this object to change ECG1 colour white.				
572	ECG 1, Colour temperature	Status of dimming value	2 Bytes 7.600	CRT
This object sends the set colour temperature as ECG1 status.				
572a	EVG 1, Colour RGB	Status of dimming value	3 Bytes 232.600	CRT
This object sends the set RGB colour as ECG1 status.				
572b	EVG 1, Colour RGBW	Status of dimming value	6 Bytes 251.600	CRT
This object sends the set RGBW colour as ECG1 status.				
572c	EVG 1, Colour XY	Status of dimming value	6 Bytes 242.600	CRT
This object sends the set XY colour as ECG1 status.				
572d	EVG 1, , Colour HSV Hue (H)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
This object sends the set (HSV) hue colour as ECG1 status.				
573	ECG 1, Colour temperature relative	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
The relative colour temperature is sent as the status of the ECGs via this object.				
573a	EVG 1, Colour HSV Saturation (S)	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
This object sends the set (HSV) saturation colour as ECG1 status.				
574	ECG 1, Colour White	Status of dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
This object sends the set white (W) colour as ECG1 status.				

### 19.4.3 ECG Emergency Setting

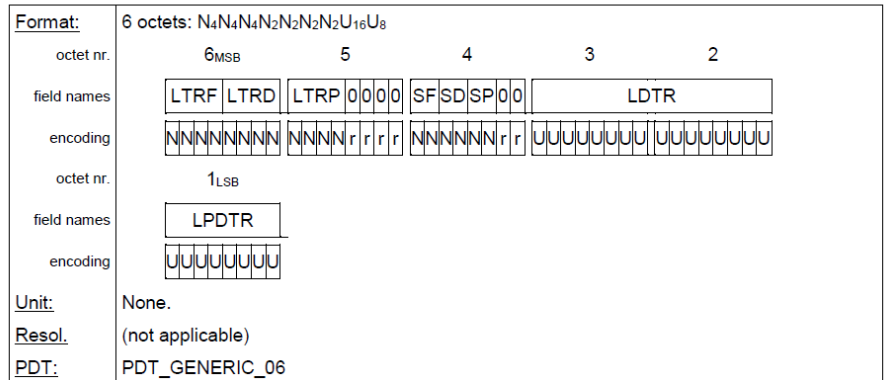
#### 19.4.3.1 Objects according to the new KNX standard

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
575	Converter 1, Test Start	Start	1 Byte 20.611	CW
<p>Use this object to start a long duration test, function test and battery status query of the converter. The individual Bits have the following meaning:</p> <p>20.611      DPT_Converter_Test_-Control      <b>Encoding</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 : Reserved, no effect</li> <li>1 : Start Function Test (FT) Acc. DALI Cmd. 227</li> <li>2 : Start Duration Test (DT) Acc. DALI Cmd. 228</li> <li>3 : Start Partial Duration Test (PDT) <b>not supported</b></li> <li>4 : Stop Test Acc. DALI Cmd 229</li> <li>5 to 255 : Reserved, no effect</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Concurrent tests to the same DALI converter will be supported. This DPT controls a test of a DALI converter. It also allows to stop a running test.</p> <p><b>Attention:</b>                      The gateway does not support "Partial Duration Test" and therefore this command is not active!</p>				

576	Converter 1, Test result	Test	6 Byte 245.600	CRT
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This object reports the converter status according to Konnex data point type 245.600.

### 6.9 DPT\_Converter\_Test\_Result



Data field	Description	Encoding	Range
LTRF	Last Test Result FT: Test result of last function test	0: Unknown 1: Passed in time 2: Passed max delay exceeded 3: Failed, test executed in time 4: Failed, max delay exceeded 5: Test manually stopped 6 to 15: Reserved, do not use	{0...15}
LTRD	Last Test Result DT: Test result of last duration test	0: Unknown 1: Passed in time 2: Passed max delay exceeded 3: Failed, test executed in time 4: Failed, max delay exceeded 5: Test manually stopped 6 to 15: Reserved, do not use	{0...15}
LTRP	Last Test Result PDT: Test result of last partial duration test	Attention: The gateway does not support "Partial Duration Test" and therefore this area is not used and stays 0!	
SF	Start Method of Last FT	0: Unknown 1: Started automatically 2: Started by Gateway 3: Reserved Updated after a test has been finished.	{0...3}

SD	Start Method of Last DT	Start Method of Last DT 0: Unknown 1: Started automatically 2: Started by Gateway 3: Reserved Updated after a test has been finished.	{0...3}
SP	Start Method of Last PDT	Attention: The gateway does not support "Partial Duration Test" and therefore this area is not used and stays 0!	
LDTR	Contains the battery discharge time as the result of the last successful duration test (DT). According DALI Cmd. 243	DPT 7.006 DPT_TimePeriodMin The max. value of 510 min shall be interpreted as 510 min or longer.	{0...510}
LPDTR	Last PDT Result Provides the remaining Battery Charge Level after the last PDT	Attention: The gateway does not support "Partial Duration Test" and therefore this area is not used and stays 0!	

577	Converter 1, Status	Status	2 Byte 244.600	CRT
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This object reports the converter status according to Konnex data point type 244.600.

### 6.8 DPT\_Converter\_Status

<b>Format:</b>	2 octets: N <sub>4</sub> B+N <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub>	
octet nr.	2 <sub>MSB</sub>	1 <sub>LSB</sub>
field names	CM HS	FP DP PP CF
encoding	NNNNBBBB	NNNNNNNN
<b>Unit:</b>	None.	
<b>Resol.</b>	(not applicable)	
<b>PDT:</b>	PDT_GENERIC_02	
<b>Datapoint Types</b>		
<b>ID:</b>	<b>Name:</b>	<b>Usage:</b>
244.600	DPT_Converter_Status	FB

Data field	Description	Encoding	Range
CM	Converter Mode according to the DALI converter state machine	0: Unknown 1: Normal mode active, all OK 2: Inhibit mode active 3: Hardwired inhibit mode active 4: Rest mode active 5: Emergency mode active 6: Extended emergency mode active 7: FT in progress 8: DT in progress	{0...15}

		9 to 15: Reserved. Shall be 0.	
HS	Hardware Status	Bit 0: Hardwired Inhibit is active Bit 1: Hardwired switch is on Bit 2 and 3: Reserved. Shall be 0.	{0,1}
FP	Function Test Pending	0: Unknown 1: No test pending 2: Test pending 3: Reserved NOTE 26 The information about a running test is given in the Converter Mode field. NOTE 27 The status "Unknown" may for instance occur at power-up.	{0...3}
DP	Duration Test Pending	Duration Test Pending 0: Unknown 1: No test pending 2: Test pending 3: Reserved NOTE 28 The information about a running test is given in the Converter Mode field. NOTE 29 The status "Unknown" may for instance occur at power-up.	{0...3}
PP	Partial Duration Test Pending	Attention: The gateway does not support "Partial Duration Test" and therefore this area is not used and stays 0!	
CF	Converter Failure	Indicates that one or more failures were detected. Further information about the Type of failure can be found in CTR. 0: Unknown 1: No failure detected 2: Failure detected 3: Reserved	{0...3}



578	Converter 1, Battery info	Status	2 Byte 7.001	CRT
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This object reports the battery status according to Konnex data point type 246.600.

### 6.10 DPT\_Battery\_Info

<b>Format:</b>	2 octets: r4B4U8	
octet nr.	2 <sup>MSB</sup>	1 <sup>LSB</sup>
field names	0000 BS	BCL
encoding	r r r r B B B B	N N N N N N N N
<b>Unit:</b>	None.	
<b>Resol.:</b>	(not applicable)	
<b>PDT:</b>	PDT_GENERIC_02	

Datapoint Types		
ID:	Name:	Usage:
246.600	DPT_Battery_Info	FB

Field names	Description	Encoding	Range
BS	Battery Status	Bit 0: Battery Failure Acc. DALI Cmd. 252 Bit 1: Battery Duration Failure Acc. DALI Cmd. 252 Bit 2: Battery Fully Charged Bit 3 to 7: Reserved, must be 0	{0, 1}
BCL	Battery Charge Level Indicates the recent charge level	0: deep discharge point ... 254: fully charged 255: unknown or not supported According DALI Cmd. 241	{0...255}

### 19.4.3.2 Objects according to earlier versions

Object	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
575	Converter 1, Test start	Start	1 Byte	CW

This object is used to start a long duration test, function test and battery status query of the converter. The individual Bits have the following meaning:

- Bit 0 → Start function test
- Bit 1 → Function test pending
- Bit 2 → Start duration test
- Bit 3 → Duration test pending
- Bit 4 → Query battery status
- Bit 5 → Battery status query pending
- Bit 6 → Function test running
- Bit 7 → Duration test running

576	Converter 1, Test Result	Test	3 Byte	CRT
<p>This object is used to analyse the results of function and duration tests and the battery status. The individual bits have the following meaning:</p> <p>Bit 23..16 → If test is function or battery test: Battery status 0..100%                  → If test is duration test: Test time of duration test in steps of 2 Minutes</p> <p>Bit 15 → Failure during duration test</p> <p>Bit 14 → Failure during function test</p> <p>Bit 13 → Maximum time for duration test exceeded</p> <p>Bit 12 → Maximum time for function test exceeded</p> <p>Bit 11 → Emergency lamp faulty</p> <p>Bit 10 → Battery faulty</p> <p>Bit 9 → Battery operating hours too short</p> <p>Bit 8 → Converter faulty</p> <p>Bit 7 → Duration test pending</p> <p>Bit 6 → Function test pending</p> <p>Bit 5 → Duration test running</p> <p>Bit 4 → Function test running</p> <p>Bit 3 → Test failure during the last test</p> <p>Bit 2 → Last test was battery query</p> <p>Bit 1 → Last test was duration test</p> <p>Bit 0 → Last test was function test</p>				

#### 19.4.4 ECG objects analysis and service

565	ECG 1, Failure	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
Sends the failure status of lamp, ECG and converter failures.				
565	ECG 1, Failure	Status value	1 Byte 5.0.10	CRT
Sends the failure status of lamp, ECG and converter failures.				
579	ECG 1, Operating Hours	Reset	1 Bit 1.015	CW
Resets the operating hours counter. <b>Note:</b> Object 579-581 is shown for the following parameter: <u>ECG1 --&gt; Analysis and service --&gt; "Operation Hour Calculation" = Yes.</u>				
580	ECG 1, Operating Hours	Value	4 Bytes 13.100	CRT
The operating hours of a lamp are sent via this object. The internal counter can be set to 0 (Reset) or another value via this object. <b>Please remember:</b> The "Write" flag is switched off in the pre-setting.				
581	ECG 1, Life Time Exceeded	Alarm	1 Bit 1.002	CRT
This object is used to send a status message when the configured lifetime of a lamp is exceeded.				

## 19.5 Motion detector objects

A set of communication objects is available for each of the up to 8 possible motion detectors. The following objects are available (example BM 1):

### 19.5.1 Motion detector objects general

2031	MD1, Movement	Switching	1 Bit 1.001	CRT
The output is switched when motion is detected.				
2031a	MD1, Movement	Set value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
A certain value can be sent when motion is detected				
2031b	MD1, Movement	Set scene	1 Byte 17.001	CRT
When motion is detected, an assigned scene is started.				
2032	MD1, Lock object	Disable	1 Bit 1.003	CW
This object disables the Motion Detector.				
2033	MD1, Movement Off	External switching	1 Bit 1.001	CW
The presence can be switched off directly via this object and the detector is reset.				
2035	MD1, Failure	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
Sends the failure status as an object on the bus.				

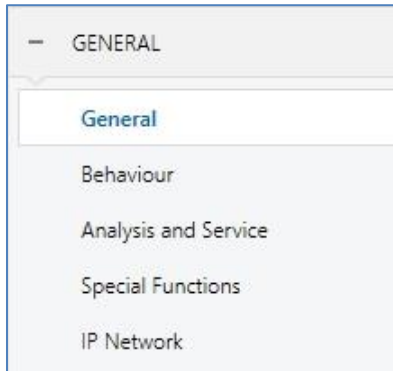
### 19.5.2 Motion detector objects brightness

2034	MD1, Brightness	Send value	2 Byte 9.004	CRT
Sends the value of the detected brightness as an object to the bus.				
2036	MD1, Brightness is below the Threshold	Alarm	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
Sends an object to the bus when the value falls below the threshold.				

## 20 ETS Parameters

### 20.1 General

Five parameter pages are available under the heading "General". The parameters are described below.



#### 20.1.1 Parameter page: General

**i** Instruction: For configuration and DALI Commissioning you need the ETS DCA App installed. Refer to Manual how to install this App.

Device Name

Additional Information (optional)

Project-ID

Building-ID

Zone-ID

Parameter	Settings						
Device Name	Free text input <i>(20 bytes allowed)</i>						
You can assign your own device name here. DALI Gateway is pre-set.							
Additional information about: Project-ID, Circuit-ID, Distribution board-ID	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Project-ID</td> <td><input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Circuit-ID</td> <td><input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Distributionboard-ID</td> <td><input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/></td> </tr> </table>	Project-ID	<input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/>	Circuit-ID	<input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/>	Distributionboard-ID	<input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/>
Project-ID	<input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/>						
Circuit-ID	<input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/>						
Distributionboard-ID	<input style="width: 60%;" type="text"/>						
Space for additional installation instructions (optional)							

### 20.1.2 Parameter page: Behaviour

GENERAL	Behaviour on KNX Failure	No Action
General	Behaviour on KNX Voltage Recovery	No Action
<b>Behaviour</b>	Senddelay for Status after KNX Recovery	10 Seconds
Analysis and Service	Light Status Send Condition	Send on Change
Special Functions	Send Condition in Dimming Mode	inactive
IP Network	Delay between Status Objects	1 Second
	Behaviour after Panic Mode	Switch to Last Value
	Behaviour after Emergency Test	Switch to Off-Value

Parameter	Settings
Behaviour on KNX Failure	<b>No Action</b> Switch to ON-Value Switch to OFF-Value Switch to Panic Value
Use this parameter to set the behaviour of the connected ECGs/lamps when a KNX failure occurs.	
Behaviour on KNX Voltage Recovery	<b>No Action</b> Switch to Last Value Switch to ON-Value Switch to OFF-Value
Use this parameter to set the behaviour of the connected ECGs/lamps on KNX voltage recovery or bus reset.	
Send delay for Status after KNX Recovery	immediately 5 Seconds <b>10 Seconds</b> 15 Seconds 20 Seconds 30 Seconds 40 Seconds 50 Seconds 60 Seconds
Sets a delay for sending status objects after KNX voltage recovery or a bus reset. In installations with more than one gateway, different settings for this parameter can prevent all devices from sending at the same time.	
Light Status Send Condition	Send on Request <b>Send on Change</b> Send on Change and after Bus reset
Determines the light status send conditions (switch status and value status) of the connected ECGs and groups.	
Send Condition in Dimming Mode	If Change > 2% If Change > 5% If Change > 10% If Change > 20% <b>inactive</b>

<p>Use this parameter to set whether and when you would like a value status to be sent via a 4 bit dimming telegram during dimming (relative dimming). If you use the setting inactive, the value is only sent after the dimming process is complete.</p>	
Behaviour after Panic Mode	<p>Switch to OFF-Value                  Switch to ON-Value  <b>Switch to Last Value</b></p>
<p>Use this parameter to determine which light value ECGs / lamps are to adopt after the panic mode has finished.                  If you use "Switch to Last Value", the value prior to the panic mode is saved and the lamp returns to this value afterwards.</p>	
Behaviour after Emergency Test	<p>Switch to OFF-Value                  Switch to ON-Value  <b>Switch to Last Value</b></p>
<p>Use this parameter to determine which light value ECGs / lamps are to adopt after the emergency test has finished.                  If you use "Switch to OFF-Value", the value prior to the emergency test is saved and the lamp returns to this value afterwards.</p>	

### 20.1.3 Parameter page: Analysis and Service

GENERAL	Failure Status Send Condition	Send on Change
General	Delay between Sending of Failure Objects	1 Second
Behaviour	Cycle Time for DALI Failure Requests	5 Seconds
<b>Analysis and Service</b>	Type of Central ECG Failure Object	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No Object <input type="radio"/> Dali Diagnose (1 Byte)
Special Functions	Function of Failure Object	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Total Number of Failures <input type="radio"/> Failure Rate 0..100%
IP Network	Threshold for Total Failures	1%
	Threshold for Lamp Failures	1%
	Threshold for ECG Failures	1%
	Threshold for Converter Failures	1%

Parameter	Settings
Failure Status Send Condition	Send on Request <b>Send on Change</b> Send on Change and after Busreset
Sets the conditions under which the failure status objects of the connected ECGs and groups are to be sent.	
Cycle Time for DALI Failure Request	no request 0.5 Seconds 1 Second 2 Seconds 3 Seconds 4 Seconds <b>5 Seconds</b> 6 Seconds 7 Seconds 8 Seconds 9 Seconds 10 Seconds
To analyse ECG and lamp failures, a periodic request must be sent to the ECGs via DALI telegrams. Use this parameter to set the cycles for these periodic requests. <b>Attention:</b> If you set "no request" ECG and lamp failures can no longer be recognised. The evaluation of emergency luminaires is no longer possible! You should therefore use this setting only during service or in special cases.	
Type of Central ECG Failure Object	<b>No Object</b> Dali Diagnose (1 Byte)
Use this parameter to select whether you want to use the central failure object for ECG and lamp failures (object number 13).	
Function of Failure Object	<b>Total number of Failures</b> Failure rate 0...100%
Use this parameter to select whether you want to use the failure analysis objects (objects number 16, 18, 20 and 22) to report the total amount of failures or the failure rate in %.	

Threshold for Total Failures	<b>1%</b> 2% 3% ..... 100%
Configures a threshold value for the general failure alarm object (object 16). The threshold value takes all failures (ECG, lamp and converter failures) into consideration independently of the failure type and relates them to the total number of connected ECGs and converters.	
Threshold for Lamp Failures	<b>1%</b> 2% 3% ..... 100%
Configures a threshold value for the lamp failure alarm object (object 18). The threshold value considers all lamp failures in relation to the total number of connected lamps in the DALI segment.	
Threshold for ECG Failures	<b>1%</b> 2% 3% ..... 100%
Configures a threshold value for the ECG failure alarm object (object 20). The threshold value considers all ECG failures in relation to the total number of connected ECGs in the DALI segment.	
Threshold for Converter Failures	<b>1%</b> 2% 3% ..... 100%
Configures a threshold value for the converter failure alarm object (object 22). The threshold value considers all converter failures in relation to the total number of connected converters in the DALI segment.	



### 20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions

- GENERAL	<p><b>Manual Operation on Device</b></p> <p>Disable Manual Operation <input type="text" value="No"/></p>
General	
Behaviour	
Analysis and Service	
Special Functions	<p><b>Broadcast</b></p> <p>By enabling the Broadcast Function additional objects can be used to Control the DALI -System</p> <p>Broadcast enabled <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p>
IP Network	
+ Broadcast	
+ G1,	
+ G2, Building 1, Roo...	
+ G3, Building 1, Level 1	
+ G4,	
+ G5,	
+ G6,	
+ G7,	
+ G8,	
+ G9,	
+ G10,	
+ G11,	
	<p><b>Emergency</b></p> <p>Type of Objects for Emergency <input checked="" type="radio"/> Objects according new KNX Standard <input type="radio"/> Objects according legacy "old" style</p>
	<p><b>System Diagnostic via IP Network</b></p> <p>Enable System Diagnostic <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes</p>
	<p><b>Firmware Update</b></p> <p>PIN Code Firmware Update <input type="text" value="1234"/></p> <p><b>i</b> This PIN Code is requested during update procedure</p>
	<p><b>Scenes</b></p> <p>Dimming of Scenes enabled <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes</p>
	<p><b>Energy Saving</b></p> <p>Energy Saving Objects enabled <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>Delay for Switching OFF the ECG Power <input type="text" value="10 Seconds"/></p> <p>Delay for Switching ON the ECGs <input type="text" value="0.2 Seconds"/></p>

Parameter	Settings
Enable operation on the device	<b>No</b> Yes, all settings are disabled Yes, without installation
With this parameter, manual control can be enabled directly on the device.	
Broadcast enabled	<b>Yes</b> No
This parameter can be used to enable the broadcast function in addition to group control. The activation activates a new tab "Broadcast. See chapter: <a href="#">20.2 Parameter page: Broadcast</a>	
Broadcast enabled <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	
<b>Note:</b> When activating the broadcast function, additional objects to control the DALI system can be used and further parameters appear.	

Type of Objects for Emergency	<b>Objects according new KNX Standard</b> Objects according legacy "old" style
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; background-color: #f9f9f9;"> <p><b>Emergency</b></p> <p>Type of Objects for Emergency</p> <p> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Objects according new KNX Standard  <input type="radio"/> Objects according legacy "old" style                 </p> </div>	
Enable System Diagnostics	<b>No</b> Yes
Allows system diagnostics over the network. Has been in the security settings → IP Network / Security Settings the option "Communication on local network, only" is selected, the possibility of external diagnostic access is disabled.	
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; background-color: #f9f9f9;"> <p><b>System Diagnostic via IP Network</b></p> <p>Enable System Diagnostic <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #add8e6; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p><b>i</b> Ensure that the webserver is accessible to show System Diagnostic results. Therefore, enable access in the Page "IP Settings".</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid #add8e6; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>i</b> Ensure that all gateways on the same system are working with the same Diagnostic Multicast Address</p> </div> <p>System Diagnostic Multicast Address <input type="text" value="224.0.218.201"/></p> <p>Device Name <input type="text" value="DALI Gateway"/></p> </div>	
System diagnostics Multicast address	<b>224.0.2.201</b>
All gateways belonging to the system must communicate via the same multicast address.	
Device name	Free text input (20 bytes allowed)
The device name already defined under General Settings is displayed here. It can also be changed here. This name will be displayed later on the web page.	
Send status at least all	No <b>30 minutes</b> 60 minutes 120 minutes
A further parameter can be used to define after which time the status is to be sent if no change has occurred during this time and thus no automated event is reported.	
Delete inactive entries from the list after	6 hours 12 hours <b>1 day</b> 2 days 3 days 4 days
The inactive entries (non-active gateways) are deleted after this time.	

PIN Code Firmware Update	4-digit number (0 ... 9999)
<p><b>Firmware Update</b></p> <p>PIN Code Firmware Update <input type="text" value="1234"/></p> <p><b>i</b> This PIN Code is requested during update procedure</p> <p>This number is requested during a firmware update, see <a href="#">7.7.3 Update Firmware</a></p>	
Dimming of Scenes enabled	<b>No</b> Yes
<p><b>Scenes</b></p> <p>Dimming of Scenes enabled <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p>	
Energy Saving Objects enable	<b>No</b> Yes
<p><b>Energy Saving</b></p> <p>Energy Saving Objects enabled <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>When this function is activated, an energy-saving object can be selected for both groups and ECGs to switch off the power supply when the lighting is switched off.</p>	
Delay for Switching OFF the ECG Power	<b>10 Seconds</b> 30 Seconds 1 Minute 2 Minutes 5 Minutes 10 Minutes
Delay before switching off the power.	
Delay for Switching ON the ECGs	0.1 Seconds <b>0.2 Seconds</b> 0.3 Seconds ... 1 Second 2 Seconds
Delay until the ECGs are switched on. During this time the actuator controlling the power supply must have switched safely.	

### 20.1.5 Parameter page: IP Network

Access via Web Pages enabled  No  Yes

IP Address Assignment  Fix IP-Address  DHCP

HTTPS Port

---

**Hostname Resolution (mDNS)**

**i** Due to security reason this Service shall only be used in trusted internal networks. Please, take care that router are configured to block this Service. The selected host name must be unique in the entire system.

Enable Hostname Resolution (mDNS)  No  Yes

---

**Security Settings**

Communication on local network, only  No  Yes

**i** The webserver accepts request from local networks, only

---

**Webpage Access**

**i** Set the Override Option only if you want to reset password to ETS Default or during the first ETS Download!

Override Username and Password with ETS Paramter  No  Yes

**i** Password has to be changed on web page!

Account	Login Name	Password
Admin Account	admin	dali
User Account	user	user

---

**Restriction of rights for the user account**

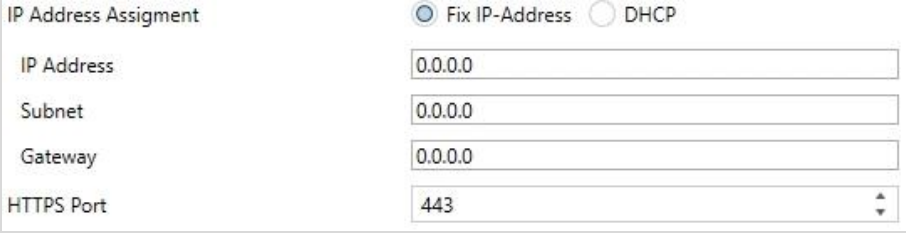
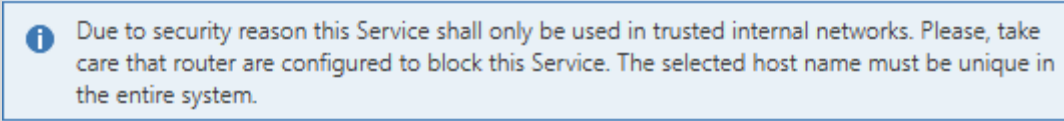
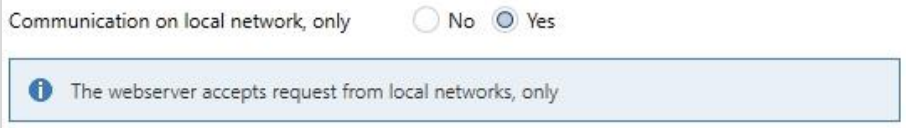
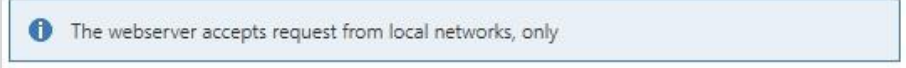
User is allowed to control lights  No  Yes

User is allowed to change scene configuration  No  Yes

User is allowed to change effect configuration  No  Yes

User is allowed to change schedule configuration  No  Yes

User is allowed to view emergency reports  No  Yes

Parameter	Settings
Access via Web Pages enabled	<b>No</b> Yes
This can be used to deactivate the basic use of web operation for security reasons. <b>Attention:</b> An IP connection is required for the firmware update. If deactivated, no firmware update is possible!	
IP Address Assignment	Fix IP-Address <b>DHCP</b>
Determines whether the device is given a fixed IP address or a dynamic IP address via DHCP. When selecting the fixed IP address, the following additional parameters are shown.	
 <p>IP Address Assignment <input checked="" type="radio"/> Fix IP-Address <input type="radio"/> DHCP</p> <p>IP Address: <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/></p> <p>Subnet: <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/></p> <p>Gateway: <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/></p> <p>HTTPS Port: <input type="text" value="443"/></p>	
HTTP Port	<b>443</b>
The device has a HTTPS web server to visualize the status or to carry out commissioning. The port is set to the standard value 443.	
<b>Name resolution (mDNS)</b>	
Enable Host Name Resolution (mDNS)	<b>No</b> Yes
If enabled the device can be found by this hostname	
Host Name	Free text input (20 bytes allowed)
This parameter defines the Host Name.	
	
<b>Security settings</b>	
Communication on local network, only	<b>No</b> <b>Yes</b>
This parameter can be used to restrict the web server for operating and controlling the device via websites. By default, only requests from the local network are accepted.	
 <p>Communication on local network, only <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p></p>	

Webpage access										
Overwrite Username and Password with ETS Parameter.	No <b>Yes</b>									
With this option the password can be reset. Refer to chapter <a href="#">3 KNX Secure</a> for detailed information.										
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px;"> <p><b>Webpage Access</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid #add8e6; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p><b>i</b> Set the Override Option only if you want to reset password to ETS Default or during the first ETS Download!</p> </div> <p>Override Username and Password with ETS Paramter <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #add8e6; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p><b>i</b> Password has to be changed on web page!</p> </div> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Account</th> <th>Login Name</th> <th>Password</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Admin Account</td> <td>admin</td> <td>dali</td> </tr> <tr> <td>User Account</td> <td>user</td> <td>user</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div>		Account	Login Name	Password	Admin Account	admin	dali	User Account	user	user
Account	Login Name	Password								
Admin Account	admin	dali								
User Account	user	user								
Admin Account	Entry (8 characters)									
The standard operator is " <b>admin</b> ". The default password " <b>dali</b> " must be changed on the website and has a maximum length of 8 characters. <b>Note:</b> An empty password is not allowed.										
User Account	Entry (8 characters)									
The default operator is " <b>user</b> ". The default password " <b>user</b> " must be changed on the website and has a maximum length of 8 characters. <b>Note:</b> An empty password is not allowed.										
Restriction of rights for the user account	<p>User are allowed to control lights <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>User are allowed to change scene configuration <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>User are allowed to change effect configuration <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>User are allowed to change schedule configuration <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>User are allowed to view emergency reports <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p>									
Here the user rights can be released or restricted.										

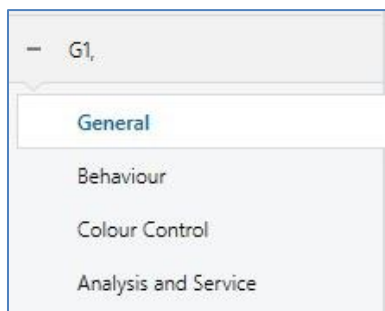
## 20.2 Parameter page: Broadcast

This tab is displayed if the "Broadcast enabled" option has been activated in → [ETS parameters/General/ Special Functions](#).

Objects for Broadcast Colour	<b>No</b> RGB Colour RGBW Colour XY Colour
This defines which communication objects are to be displayed for broadcast colour control.	
When selecting RGB / RGBW or XY colour, an additional selection window is displayed.	
<b>Note:</b> The status information is only updated if the type of the colour control matches the type defined in the group.	
Object for Broadcast Colour Temperature	<b>No</b> <b>Yes</b>
Activate object for broadcast colour temperature.	

## 20.3 Group

There are 4 parameter pages for group settings. The parameters are described below.



### 20.3.1 General Group1 (2...16)

- G1,	Group 1, Description	<input type="text"/>
<b>General</b>	Value on DALI Power Fail (System Failure Level)	100%
Behaviour	Value on EGC Power Recovery (Power On Level)	Last Value
Colour Control	Operating Mode	Normal Mode
Analysis and Service	Function of Additional Object	No Object
+ G2,	Enable for Panic Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
+ G3,	Calculation of Dimming Values	<input type="radio"/> linear <input checked="" type="radio"/> logarithmic
+ G4,	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>i</b> This Object can be used to switch Off the Power of the ECGs. As soon as the Group has been switch On again, this Object enables the Power of the ECG Line again.</p> </div>	
+ G5,	Control EGC Power Line via Object	None
+ G6,		
+ G7,		

Parameter	Settings										
Group x, Description	e.g.: Room1 (window)										
<p>Use this parameter to define a group description. The description is shown for all communication objects. For example: Room1 (window).</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>G1, Switching,</td> <td>On/Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G1, Dimming,</td> <td>Dim relative</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G1, Set Value,</td> <td>Dim absolute</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G1, Status,</td> <td>Status On/Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G1, Status,</td> <td>Status of dimming value</td> </tr> </table>		G1, Switching,	On/Off	G1, Dimming,	Dim relative	G1, Set Value,	Dim absolute	G1, Status,	Status On/Off	G1, Status,	Status of dimming value
G1, Switching,	On/Off										
G1, Dimming,	Dim relative										
G1, Set Value,	Dim absolute										
G1, Status,	Status On/Off										
G1, Status,	Status of dimming value										



Value on DALI Power Fail (System Failure Level)	0..100% <b>[100]</b> Last value
Use this parameter to set the value of a lamp after a loss of DALI power. The value is saved on the ECG and the device automatically changes to the value when a power loss occurs.	
Value on ECG Power Recovery (Power On Level)	0..100% [100] <b>Last value</b>
Use this parameter to set the value of a lamp after a return of ECG power supply. The value is saved on the ECG and the device automatically changes to the value when power is restored.	
Operating Mode	<b>Normal Mode</b> Permanent Mode Normal/Night Mode Staircase Mode
Use this parameter to set the operating mode of a group.	
Value in permanent mode (if permanent mode is selected)	0..100% <b>[50]</b>
Use this parameter to set the value of all lamps in a group in 'permanent mode'. Lamps in this mode cannot be switched or changed. They remain at the set value.	
Behaviour in Normal / Night mode (if is selected)	<b>Delayed Switch-Off automatically</b> Delayed Switch-Off in 2 steps automatically Delayed Dim-Off automatically Activate Permanent Mode and Ignore Telegrams
<p>This parameter can be used to set how the corresponding group behaves if night mode has been activated via the night object (No. 12). The parameter is only shown if the group is set to "Night Mode". Special settings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Delayed Switch-Off in 2 steps automatically:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 1 minute before the configured time the value is set to 50% of the actual value.</li> <li>- After the configured time the switch-off value is set.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Delayed Dim-Off automatically:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 1 minute before the configured time, the current value is dimmed to the switch-off value.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Activate Permanent Mode and Ignore Telegrams:</b></li> </ul>	
Automatic Switch OFF after	1 Minute 2 Minutes 3 Minutes 4 Minutes <b>5 Minutes</b> 10 Minutes 15 Minutes ... 90 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the time after which a group in normal/night mode automatically switches off. This parameter is only visible if you select "night mode".	

Behaviour in Staircase Mode (if is selected)	<b>Delayed Switch-Off automatically</b> Delayed Switch-Off in 2 steps automatically Delayed Dim-Off automatically
This parameter can be used to set how the corresponding group behaves in staircase operation. The parameters are only shown if the group is set to "staircase function".	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Delayed Switch-Off in 2 steps automatically:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 1 minute before the configured time the value is set to 50% of the actual value.</li> <li>- After the configured time the switch-off value is set.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Delayed Dim-Off automatically:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 1 minute before the configured time, the current value is dimmed to the switch-off value.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Automatic Switch OFF after	1 Minute 2 Minutes 3 Minutes 4 Minutes <b>5 Minutes</b> 10 Minutes 15 Minutes ... 90 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the time after which a group in staircase mode automatically switches off. This parameter is only visible if you select 'staircase mode'.	
Function of Additional Object	<b>No Object</b> Disable Object Release Object Staircase function Disable Object
Use this parameter to set the function of an additional object. If you select "Disable Object", value 1 disables the operation of the group. If you select "Release Object", value 1 enables the operation of the group. <b>Attention:</b> The Lock function does only refer to Switch ON/OFF and Set Value via Objects. If you select "Staircase function Disable Object", value 1 disables only the staircase function. This can be used to temporarily disable the staircase function for example during cleaning.	
Behaviour on Disable	<b>No Change</b> Switch to On-Value Switch to OFF-Value
This parameter appears when an additional object has been selected to define the behaviour when disabled.	
Behaviour on Enable	<b>No Change</b> Switch to On-Value Switch to OFF-Value
This parameter appears when an additional object has been selected to define the behaviour when enabled.	
Enabled for Panic Mode	<b>No</b> Yes
Determines whether a group should be considered during panic mode. The panic mode is controlled via central object number 10.	

Value in Panic Mode	<b>1%</b> .. <b>50%</b> .. 100%
Use this parameter to select the value for this operating mode.	
Calculation of Dimming Values	<b>logarithmic</b> linear
Sets the dimming curve for the group.	
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;"> <p><b>i</b> This Object can be used to switch Off the Power of the ECGs. As soon as the Group has been switch On again, this Object enables the Power of the ECG Line again.</p> </div>	
Control ECG Power Line via Object	<b>None</b> Energy Saving Object 1.. 16
Here you define the object with which the power supply is to be switched off. This parameter is only visible if this function was previously set on the General → Special Functions parameter page. See 20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions	

### 20.3.2 Behaviour

- + GENERAL
- + Broadcast
- G1,
  - General
  - Behaviour
  - Colour Control
  - Analysis and Service
- + G2
- + G3
- + G4
- + G5

Switch-On Value	100%
Switch-On Behaviour	Set Value Immediately
Switch-Off Value	0%
Switch-Off Behaviour	Set Value Immediately
Value-Set Behaviour	Set Value Immediately
Time for Dimming	10 Seconds
Max. Value for Dimming	100%
Min. Value for Dimming	0%
Min/Max Value is valid for	Dimming Object
Switch-On via Dimming	Switch ON with Value Object

**i** By using the 3 byte Scaling Speed the dimming time given in ETS parameter will be ignored!

Additional SetValue Object incl. Dimming Time  No  Yes

Parameter	Settings
Switch-ON Value	1% 5% 10% ... 95% <b>100%</b> Last value
Use this parameter to set the switch-on value. If you select "last value", the value is set to the dimming value prior to the lamp being switched off.	
Switch-ON Behaviour	<b>Set Value Immediately</b> Dim to Value in 3s Dim to Value in 6s Dim to Value in 10s Dim to Value in 20s Dim to Value in 30s Dim to Value in 1 Minute Dim to Value in 2 Minutes Dim to Value in 5 Minutes Dim to Value in 10 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the switch-on behaviour.	
Switch-OFF Value	<b>0%</b> 5% 10% ... 45% 50% ... 95% <b>99%</b>
Use this parameter to set the switch-off value.	
Switch-OFF Behaviour	<b>Set Value Immediately</b> Dim to Value in 3s Dim to Value in 6s Dim to Value in 10s Dim to Value in 20s Dim to Value in 30s Dim to Value in 1 Minute Dim to Value in 2 Minutes Dim to Value in 5 Minutes Dim to Value in 10 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the switch-off behaviour.	

Value-Set Behaviour	<p><b>Set Value Immediately</b></p> <p>Dim to Value in 3s                  Dim to Value in 6s                  Dim to Value in 10s                  Dim to Value in 20s                  Dim to Value in 30s                  Dim to Value in 1 Minute                  Dim to Value in 2 Minutes                  Dim to Value in 5 Minutes                  Dim to Value in 10 Minutes</p>
<p>Use this parameter to configure the behaviour on receipt of a new dimming value via value setting. Please remember that the dim time always refers to the full value range. Accordingly, a dimming time of 30 s means a value change of 100% within 30 s. If the value within a scene is only changed by 50%, the change is performed within 15 s.</p>	
Time for Dimming	<p>3 Seconds                  4 Seconds                  5 Seconds                  6 Seconds  <b>10 Seconds</b>                  20 Seconds                  30 Seconds                  60 Seconds</p>
<p>Use this parameter to set the dim time for relative dimming in relation to a value range from 0 to 100%.</p>	
Max. Value for Dimming	<p>50%                  55%                  ....  <b>100%</b></p>
<p>Use this parameter to configure the maximum dimming value that can be set through relative dimming.</p>	
Min. Value for Dimming	<p><b>0%</b>                  0.5%                  1%                  ...                  5%                  ....                  50%</p>
<p>Use this parameter to configure the minimum dim value that can be set through relative dimming.</p>	
Min/Max Value is valid for	<p><b>Dimming Object</b>                  Value Object                  Dimming &amp; Value Object</p>
<p>Use this parameter to select the object that minimum and maximum values are valid for. It is possible to set, for example, 60% via dimming and 100% via value setting.</p>	
Switch ON via Dimming	<p>No                  Switch ON with Dimming Object  <b>Switch ON with Value Object</b>                  Switch ON with Dimming &amp; Value Object</p>

Use this parameter to select whether a switched off group should be switched on when receiving a relative 4 Bit dimming object, a value setting object or both.

Additional Set Value Object incl. Dimming Time.	<b>No</b> Yes
---	------------------

Determines whether the Set Value object is to be used with the combined dimming time (DPT 225.001). See object No 50.

**Note:** If you select the 3 Byte object (combination of value and dimming time), the dimming time in the ETS is ignored.

### 20.3.3 Colour control

Parameter	Settings
Colour Control Type	<b>none</b> Colour temperature RGB colour RGBW colour XY Colour Colour temperature + RGB Colour temperature + RGBW

This parameter can be used to set which colour control should be used in this group.

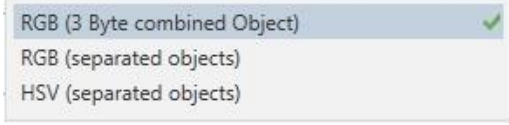


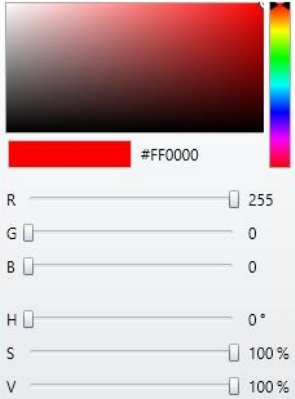

**Note:** Please make sure that the ECGs in this group also support this type of control.

#### 20.3.3.1 Colour Temperature

Colour Temperature Control Type (when selecting "Colour temperature")	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;">                 via DT-8 (normal operation) ✓                  via DT-6 (LED cold/warm) Master-Group                  via DT-6 (LED cold/warm) Slave-Group             </div>
When "Colour Temperature" is selected, these types of control are supported.	
Via DT-8 (normal operation)	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;">                 via DT-8 (normal operation) ▼             </div>
Dimming up to cold colour	<b>No</b> Yes
When this option is activated, the colour temperature is changed as the light is dimmed up. The corresponding values are set in the following parameter	



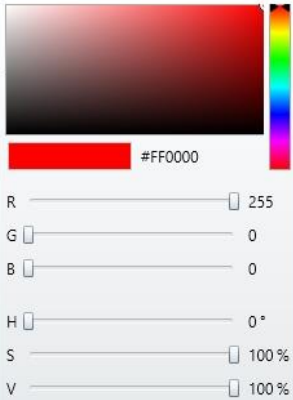

Colour temperature at Value 0%	Colour Temperature at Value 0% <input type="text" value="3000"/> °K
Colour temperature at Value 100%	Colour Temperature at Value 100% <input type="text" value="6000"/> °K
Parameters for setting the colour temperature (warm) in dimmed light and (cold) in high dimmed light.	
Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming	<b>Fast (10 seconds)</b> Standard (20 seconds) Slow (40 seconds)
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour temperature should be changed when dimming.	
Colour changing Fading Time	<b>immediately</b> 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 20 seconds 30 seconds 60 seconds 90 seconds
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour temperature should be changed.	
Behaviour when Switching ON	<b>Keep last Object Value</b> Use ETS Parameter below
This parameter is used to decide whether the last valid colour value should always be used or basically the colour temperature that was set with the ETS. <b>Note:</b> in case of "Keep last Object Value" - <b>Attention:</b> in case of an invalid object value, the preset colour of the ETS is used.	
Colour Temperature when Switching ON	<input type="text" value="3000"/> °K
Colour temperature at power-on with the option "Use ETS Parameter below" enabled.	
Via DT-6 (LED cold/warm) Master-Group	<input type="text" value="via DT-6 (LED cold/warm) Master-Group"/>
This allows a colour temperature to be set via 2 DT-6 groups. For example, LED strips with a warm colour (3000K) are assigned to a master group and LED strips with a cold colour (6000K) to a slave group	
Colour Temperature by using 2 Groups (one for cold white, one for warm white)	
Colour Temperature for Master LED (warm)	<input type="text" value="1000"/> °K
Colour Temperature for Slave LED (cold)	<input type="text" value="6000"/> °K
Here the real values for the two LEDs are defined	
Via DT-6 (LED cold/warm) Slave-Group	<input type="text" value="via DT-6 (LED cold/warm) Slave-Group"/>
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;">  This Group is controlled by another Master Group. Settings and Objects from the Master are void.         </div>	
Assign according to Master Group	<b>Group 1</b> Group 2 Group 3 .... Group 16
Assignment of the relevant master group.	

### 20.3.3.2 RGB

Selection of Object Type (when selecting "RGB Colour")	
When selecting "RGB colours", these types of control are supported.	
Time at colour change via dimming	<b>Fast (10 seconds)</b> Standard (20 seconds) Slow (40 seconds)
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour temperature should be changed when dimming.	
Colour changing Fading Time	<b>immediately</b> 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 20 seconds 30 seconds 60 seconds 90 seconds
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour temperature should be changed.	
Correction Value for special LED	
Under certain circumstances, the intensity of the colours red, green, blue may not be exactly matched to the illuminants and the ballast. To carry out a subsequent correction, the weighting of the individual colours can be changed here. An intensity of 100% means that this colour is controlled to 100%.	
Behaviour when Switching ON	<b>Keep last Object Value</b> Use ETS Parameter below
This parameter is used to decide whether the last valid colour value should always be used or basically the colour temperature that was set with the ETS. <b>Note:</b> in case of "Keep last Object Value" - <b>Attention:</b> in case of an invalid object value, the preset colour of the ETS is used.	
Colour value at switch-on	Colour Value when Switching On <span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">#FF0000</span> 
	This parameter defines the RGB colour when switching on. To do this, a window for colour selection is displayed via the button  in the ETS.

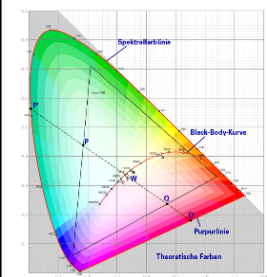


### 20.3.3.3 RGBW

Selection of Object Type (when selecting "RGBW Colour")	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RGBW (6 Byte combined object 251.600) <input type="checkbox"/> RGBW (separated objects) <input type="checkbox"/> HSVW (separated objects)
When selecting "RGBW colours", these types of control are supported. For ETS parameters see chapter: <a href="#">4 Colour control</a>	
Behaviour when Switching ON	<b>Keep last Object Value</b> Use ETS Parameter below
This parameter is used to decide whether the last valid colour value should always be used or basically the colour temperature that was set with the ETS. <b>Note:</b> in case of "Keep last Object Value" - <b>Attention:</b> in case of an invalid object value, the preset colour of the ETS is used.	
Use ETS parameters as set below	Colour Value when Switching On <input type="text" value="#FF0000"/>  Additional White <input type="text" value="255"/> 
	This parameter defines the RGBW colour when switching on. To do this, a window for colour selection is displayed via the button  in the ETS.

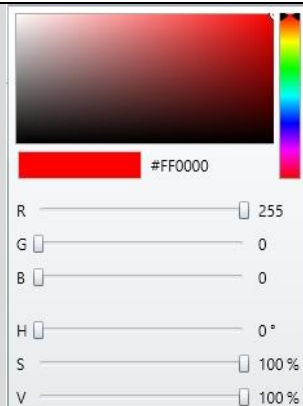

### 20.3.3.4 XY Colour

Selection of Object Type (when selecting "XY Colour")	<input checked="" type="radio"/> XY (separated objects) <input type="radio"/> XY (combined object 242.600)
This parameter can be used to set which objects are to be used for control.	
Colour changing Fading Time	<b>immediately</b> 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 20 seconds 30 seconds 60 seconds 90 seconds
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour should be changed.	

Behaviour when Switching ON	<b>Keep last Object Value</b> Use ETS Parameter below
<p>This parameter is used to decide whether the last valid colour value should always be used or basically the colour temperature that was set with the ETS.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> in case of "Keep last Object Value" - <b>Attention:</b> in case of an invalid object value, the preset colour of the ETS is used.</p>	
Use ETS Parameter below	X-Value when Switching ON (0..1) Y-Value when Switching ON (0..1)
	<p>This parameter is used to define the X colour at switching-on. The value range is between 0 and 1. X= 0.33 and Y=0.33 corresponds to the white point.</p>


**20.3.3.5 Colour Temperature + RGB**

Selection of Object Type (when selecting "Colour temperature + RGB")	
When "Colour temperature + RGB" is selected, these types of control are supported.	
Dimming up to cold colour	No Yes
When this option is activated, the color temperature is changed as the light is dimmed up. The corresponding values are set in the following parameter	
Colour temperature at Value 0% Colour temperature at Value 100%	
Parameters for setting the colour temperature (warm) in dimmed light and (cold) in high dimmed light.	
Time at colour change via dimming	Fast (10 seconds) Standard (20 seconds) Slowly (40 seconds)
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour should be changed when dimming.	
Time at colour change	immediately 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 20 seconds 30 seconds 60 seconds 90 seconds
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour should be changed.	
Correction value for special LED	
Under certain circumstances, the intensity of the colours red, green, blue may not be exactly matched to the illuminants and the ballast. In order to carry out a subsequent correction, the weighting of the individual colours can be changed here. An intensity of 100% means that this colour is controlled to 100%.	
Behaviour when Switching ON	
This parameter is used to decide whether the last valid colour value should always be used or basically the colour temperature that was set with the ETS. <b>Note:</b> in case of "Keep last Object Value" - <b>Attention:</b> in case of an invalid object value, the preset colour of the ETS is used.	

Use ETS parameters as set below	Colour Value when Switching On <span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">#FF0000</span>
 <p>This parameter defines the RGB colour when switching on. To do this, a window for colour selection is displayed via the button  in the ETS.</p>	
Behaviour when Switching ON	3000 °K
Colour temperature on power on with the option "Use ETS parameters for colour temperature as set below" enabled.	

### 20.3.3.6 Colour Temperature + RGBW

Selection of the Object Type (when selecting "Colour Temperature + RGBW")	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RGBW (6 Byte combined object 251.600) ✓</li> <li>RGBW (separated objects)</li> <li>HSVW (separated objects)</li> </ul>
When selecting "Colour Temperature + RGBW", these types of control are supported.	
Dimming up to cold colour temperature	No Yes
When this option is activated, the colour temperature is changed as the light is dimmed up. The corresponding values are set in the following parameter	
Colour temperature at 0%	Colour Temperature at Value 0% 3000 °K
Colour temperature at 100%	Colour Temperature at Value 100% 6000 °K
Parameters for setting the colour temperature (warm) in dimmed light and (cold) in high dimmed light.	
Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming	<b>Fast (10 seconds)</b> Standard (20 seconds) Slow (40 seconds)
This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour should be changed when dimming.	
Colour changing Fading Time	<b>immediately</b> 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 20 seconds 30 seconds 60 seconds 90 seconds

This parameter is used to decide how quickly the colour should be changed.	
Correction Value for special LED	<p>Intensity of Colour Red 100 %</p> <p>Intensity of Colour Green 100 %</p> <p>Intensity of Colour Blue 100 %</p>
<p>Under certain circumstances, the intensity of the colours red, green, blue may not be exactly matched to the illuminants and the ballast.</p> <p>In order to carry out a subsequent correction, the weighting of the individual colours can be changed here. An intensity of 100% means that this colour is controlled to 100%.</p>	
Behaviour when Switching ON (when selecting "ETS Parameter below for Colour")	<p>Keep last Object Value ✓</p> <p>Use ETS Parameter below for Colour</p> <p>Use ETS Parameter below for Colour Temperature</p>
<p>This parameter is used to decide whether the last valid colour value should always be used or basically the colour temperature that was set with the ETS.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> in case of "Keep last object value" - <b>Attention:</b> in case of an invalid object value, the preset colour of the ETS is used.</p>	
Use ETS Parameter below (when selecting "ETS Parameter below for Colour Temperature")	<p>Colour Value when Switching On #FF0000</p> <p>Additional White 255</p>
	<p>This parameter defines the RGB colour when switching on. To do this, a window for colour selection is displayed via the button  in the ETS.</p>
Behaviour when Switching ON	3000 °K
Colour temperature on power on with the option "Use ETS parameters for colour temperature as set below" enabled.	

### 20.3.4 Analyse and Service

- G1,	Type of Failure Status Object	<input type="radio"/> 1 bit <input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 byte
General	Additional Failure Objects	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Behaviour	Operation Hour Calculation	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Colour Control		
Analysis and Service		

Parameter	Settings						
Type Failure Status Object	<b>1 Bit</b> 1 Byte						
Determines whether the failure object should be sent as a 1 Bit object without differentiation after the failure type has been detected or as an 8 Bit object with differentiation.							
Additional Failure Objects	<b>No</b> Yes						
Use this parameter if you want to define additional failure objects.							
Additional Failure Object for	<b>Failure threshold Exceeded</b> Failure Number/Rate						
Determines whether the additional failure object should be used as a 1 Byte object for number of failures/failure rate or as a 1 Bit object for exceeding the failure threshold.							
Function of Additional Failure Object	<b>Total Number of Failures</b> Failure Rate 0..100%						
Use this parameter to select either number of all failures in a group or failure rate in %. This parameter is only visible if you select "Total Number of Failures" as additional failure object.							
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Additional Failure Objects</td> <td><input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additional Failure Object for</td> <td><input type="radio"/> Failure Threshold Exceeded <input checked="" type="radio"/> Failure Number/Rate</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function of Additional Failure Object</td> <td><input checked="" type="radio"/> Total Number of Failures <input type="radio"/> Failure Rate 0..100%</td> </tr> </table>		Additional Failure Objects	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	Additional Failure Object for	<input type="radio"/> Failure Threshold Exceeded <input checked="" type="radio"/> Failure Number/Rate	Function of Additional Failure Object	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Total Number of Failures <input type="radio"/> Failure Rate 0..100%
Additional Failure Objects	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes						
Additional Failure Object for	<input type="radio"/> Failure Threshold Exceeded <input checked="" type="radio"/> Failure Number/Rate						
Function of Additional Failure Object	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Total Number of Failures <input type="radio"/> Failure Rate 0..100%						
Threshold for Total Failures	1%...100% <b>[1%]</b>						
Use this parameter to enter the threshold in %. When the threshold is exceeded, the failure alarm object is sent. This parameter is only visible when you select "Failure Threshold Exceeded" as additional failure object.							
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Additional Failure Objects</td> <td><input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additional Failure Object for</td> <td><input checked="" type="radio"/> Failure Threshold Exceeded <input type="radio"/> Failure Number/Rate</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Threshold for Total Failures</td> <td>1% <input type="text"/></td> </tr> </table>		Additional Failure Objects	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	Additional Failure Object for	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Failure Threshold Exceeded <input type="radio"/> Failure Number/Rate	Threshold for Total Failures	1% <input type="text"/>
Additional Failure Objects	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes						
Additional Failure Object for	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Failure Threshold Exceeded <input type="radio"/> Failure Number/Rate						
Threshold for Total Failures	1% <input type="text"/>						

Operation Hours Calculation	Yes <b>No</b>
Use this parameter if you want to count the operating hours of a group.	
Operating Hour Limit (hours)	1 h...200.000 h [ <b>4000 h</b> ]
Sets the life span of a lamp with an individual warning being sent.	
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>Operation Hour Calculation <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>Operating Hour Limit (hours) <input style="width: 150px;" type="text" value="4000"/></p> </div>	

## 20.4 ECG

Each of the 64 ECGs can be freely configured individually, provided it is not assigned to a group.

**Attention:** As soon as the ECG is assigned to a group, only the parameter page "Analysis and Service" is available. All other settings are made in the corresponding "Group"!

### 20.4.1 ECG General

- ECG	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;"> <p><b>i</b> In case "Dimm2Warm" has been selected the Colour Temperature for 0% Value and 100% Value can be defined here.</p> </div>	
+ General	Colour Temperature at Value 0%	3000 °K
+ ECG 1,	Colour Temperature at Value 100%	6000 °K
+ ECG 2,		

Colour Temperature at Value 0%	Colour Temperature at Value 0%	3000 °K
Colour Temperature at Value 100%	Colour Temperature at Value 100%	6000 °K
Parameters for setting the colour temperature (warm) with dimmed light and (cold) with dimmed light.		

### 20.4.2 ECG 1 (2...64)

General	ECG 1, Description	
- ECG 1,	Group Assignment	Not Assigned
Behaviour	ECG Type	LED Module
Analysis and Service	Operating Mode	Normal Mode
+ ECG 2,	Function of Additional Object	Disable Object
+ ECG 3,	Behaviour on Enable	No Change
+ ECG 4,	ECG enabled for Panic Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
+ ECG 5,	Value on DALI Power Fail (System Failure Level)	100%
+ ECG 6,	Value on ECG Power Recovery (Power On Level)	Last Value
+ ECG 7,	Calculation of Dimming Values	<input type="radio"/> linear <input checked="" type="radio"/> logarithmic
+ ECG 8,	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;"> <p><b>i</b> This Object can be used to switch Off the Power of the ECGs. As soon as the ECGs has been switched On again, this Object enables the Power of the ECG Line again.</p> </div>	
+ ECG 9,	Control EGC Power Line via Object	Energy Saving Object 1
+ ECG 10,	Emergency Luminaire with Central Battery	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No Emergency Luminaire <input type="radio"/> Central Battery Emergency Luminaire
+ ECG 11,		
+ ECG 12,		
+ ECG 13,		
+ ECG 14,		
+ ECG 15,		



Parameter	Settings												
ECG x, Description	e.g.: Floor, 1 level												
<p>With this parameter an ECG description can be defined. This description is displayed as an overview for all communication objects. Example for the description: Floor, 1 level.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>ECG 1, Switching,</td> <td>On/Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ECG 1, Dimming,</td> <td>Dim relative</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ECG 1, Dimming,</td> <td>Dim absolute</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ECG 1, Lock object,</td> <td>Disable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ECG 1, Status,</td> <td>Status On/Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ECG 1, Status,</td> <td>Status of dimming value</td> </tr> </table>		ECG 1, Switching,	On/Off	ECG 1, Dimming,	Dim relative	ECG 1, Dimming,	Dim absolute	ECG 1, Lock object,	Disable	ECG 1, Status,	Status On/Off	ECG 1, Status,	Status of dimming value
ECG 1, Switching,	On/Off												
ECG 1, Dimming,	Dim relative												
ECG 1, Dimming,	Dim absolute												
ECG 1, Lock object,	Disable												
ECG 1, Status,	Status On/Off												
ECG 1, Status,	Status of dimming value												
Group Assignment	Not assigned Group 1 ... Group 16												
<p>The group assignment is configured via the DCA or via the website and is only displayed here. The displayed text is thus fixed and cannot be changed.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> The following settings are only available if the ECG is "<b>not assigned</b>".</p>													
ECG Type	Fluorescent Lamp Self-Contained Battery Lamp (non-switchable) Self-Contained Battery Lamp (switchable) Self-Contained Battery Lamp (switchable) + Colour Control Discharge Lamp Low Voltage Lamp Incandescent Lamp 0..10V Converter <b>LED Module</b> Relay Module ECG with Colour Control												
Use this parameter to set the type of ECG used.													
ECG Type	<b>LED Module</b>												
Parameters for the ECG type LED module													
Operating Mode	<b>Normal Mode</b> Permanent Mode Normal / Night Mode												
This parameter allows to set the operating mode in which the ECG shall be operated. Night operation is controlled via a central object no. 12.													
Value in Permanent Mode	1..100% <b>[50%]</b>												
This parameter allows you to set the value to which the corresponding lamp is permanently set in "Permanent" Mode. In the operating mode 'continuous operation' the lamp cannot be switched or changed, but always lights up in the set value. The parameter is only displayed if the ECG is set to 'continuous operation'.													

Behaviour in Normal / Night Mode (if is selected)	<b>Delayed Switch-Off automatically</b> Delayed Switch-Off in 2 steps automatically Delayed Dim-Off automatically Activate Permanent Mode and Ignore Telegrams
This parameter can be used to set how the corresponding group behaves if night mode has been activated via the night object. The parameter is only shown if the group is set to "Normal Night Mode". Special settings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> <b>Delayed Switch-Off in 2 steps automatically:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- After the set time is set to 50% of the previous value.</li> <li>- After a further minute, the switch-off value is set.</li> </ul> </li> <li> <b>Delayed Dim-Off automatically:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- After the set time, the switch-off value is dimmed within one minute.</li> </ul> </li> <li> <b>Activate Permanent Mode and Ignore Telegrams:</b> </li> </ul>	
Automatic Switch-Off after (minutes)	1 Minute 2 Minutes 3 Minutes 4 Minutes <b>5 Minutes</b> 10 Minutes 15 Minutes ... 90 Minutes
This parameter is used to decide after how many minutes the ECG shall be switched off.	
Function of Additional Object	<b>No Object</b> Disable Object Release Object
This parameter can be used to define the function of an additional object. If the "Disable object" is selected, an object is displayed which blocks operation of the ECG if the value is "1". If the "Enable object" is selected, an object is displayed which enables operation of the ECG if the value is "1". <b>Note:</b> Disable function only refers to ON/OFF and value setting commands via KNX objects.	
Behaviour on Enable	<b>No Change</b> Switch to On-Value Switch to OFF-Value
This parameter appears when an additional object has been selected to define the behaviour when enabled.	
ECG enabled for Panic Mode	<b>No</b> Yes
Determines whether a group should be considered during panic mode. The panic mode is controlled via central object number 10.	
Value in Panic Mode	1..100% [ <b>50</b> ]
Use this parameter to select the value for this operating mode.	
Value on DALI Power Fail (System Failure Level)	0..100% [ <b>100</b> ] Last value
Use this parameter to set the value of a lamp after a loss of DALI power. The value is saved on the ECG and the device automatically changes to the value when a power loss occurs.	

Value on ECG Power Recovery (Power On Level)	0..100% [ <b>100</b> ] <b>Last value</b>
Use this parameter to set the value of a lamp after a return of ECG power supply. The value is saved on the ECG and the device automatically changes to the value when power is restored.	
Calculation of Dimming Values	<b>logarithmic</b> linear
Sets the dimming curve for the group.	
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; background-color: #e6f2ff;"> <p><b>i</b> This Object can be used to switch Off the Power of the ECGs. As soon as the Group has been switch On again, this Object enables the Power of the ECG Line again.</p> </div>	
Control ECG Power Line via Object	<b>None</b> Energy Saving Object 1.. 16
Here you define the object with which the power supply is to be switched off. <b>This parameter is only visible if this function was previously set on the General → Special Functions parameter page, see <a href="#">20.1.4 Parameter page: Special Functions</a></b>	
Emergency Lights with Central Battery	<b>No Emergency Lighting</b> Central Battery Emergency Lighting
Use this parameter if you want the ECG to control an emergency light with central battery. Devices defined as emergency lights are specifically marked during status notifications and a special test mode can be activated via an object. This parameter is not visible if "self-contained emergency light" has been selected.	
Value in Test Mode	0..100% [ <b>50</b> ]
This parameter can be used to set the value to which the corresponding lamp is permanently set in "Test mode". In the operating mode "test mode" the lamp cannot be switched or changed, but always lights up in the set value. This parameter is only visible if "Emergency lighting with central battery" has been selected. Test mode is started with object 11.	
Duration of Test Mode (minutes)	5 Minutes .... <b>1 Hour</b> .... 4 Hours
Use this parameter to configure for how long the lamp will be on after starting the test mode. A lamp in this mode cannot be switched or changed. It remains at the set value. This parameter is only visible if you select "emergency lights with central battery".	

ECG Type	Fluorescent Lamp
Parameters for the ECG type "Fluorescent Lamp". See parameter settings for LED modules.	
ECG Type	Self-Contained Battery Lamp (non-switchable)
Parameters for the ECG type "Self-Contained Battery Lamp (non-switchable)"	
Converter controls -	ECG 1... 64 <b>Not assigned</b>
ECG Type	Self-Contained Battery Lamp (switchable)
Parameters for the ECG type "Self-Contained Battery Lamp (switchable)". See parameter settings for LED modules. The parameter setting "emergency lighting with central battery" is not available for this ECG type.	
ECG Type	Self-Contained Battery Lamp (switchable) + Colour Control
Parameters for the ECG type "Self-Contained Battery Lamp (switchable) + Colour Control". See parameter settings for LED modules. The parameter setting "emergency lighting with central battery" is not available for this ECG type.	
ECG Type	Discharge Lamp
Parameters for the ECG type "Discharge Lamp". → See parameter settings for LED modules.	
ECG Type	Low Voltage Halogen Lamp
Parameters for the ECG type "Low Voltage Halogen Lamp". → See parameter settings for LED modules.	
ECG Type	Incandescent Lamps
Parameters for the ECG type "Incandescent Lamps". See parameter settings for LED modules.	
ECG Type	0..10V Converter
Parameters for the ECG type "0..10V Converter". → See parameter settings for LED modules.	
ECG Type	Relais Module
Parameters for the ECG type "Relais Module". See parameter settings for LED modules.	
ECG Type	ECG with Colour Control
Parameters for the ECG type "ECG with Colour Control". See parameter settings for LED modules.	

### 20.4.2.1 Emergency Settings

This parameter page is only shown if one of the EVG types "**Self-Contained Battery Lamp**" is selected.

General	Value in Emergency Mode	50%
- ECG 1,	Delay on Mains Recovery	No Delay
<b>Emergency Setting</b>	Interval of Long Duration Test	52 Weeks
Behaviour	Interval of Functional Test	2 Days
	Test Execution Timeout (Days)	7

Parameter	Settings
Value in Emergency Mode	1..100% <b>[50]</b>
Sets the light value of a self-contained battery emergency light in case of a power failure or during a long duration test.	
Delay on Main Recovery	<b>No delay</b> 30 seconds 1 minute 2 minutes 3 minutes 4 minutes 5 minutes 10 minutes 15 minutes 20 minutes
Sets the delay until a self-contained battery lamp changes back into normal mode after power has been restored.	
Interval of Long Duration Test	No automatic test 1 week 2 week .... <b>52 weeks</b>
Use this parameter to set the intervals at which the converter is to perform automatic long duration tests.	
Interval of Functional Test	No automatic test 1 day <b>2 days</b> .... 28 days
Use this parameter to set the intervals at which the converter is to perform automatic functional tests.	
Test Execution Timeout (Days)	0..255 <b>[7]</b>
If a function or long duration test cannot be started immediately, (for example because the battery is not fully charged), the converter tries to execute the test later. Use this parameter to configure how long to attempt another test start and when to send an failure notification that the time has been exceeded. If the setting is 0, timeout will occur after 15 minutes.	

### 20.4.2.2 Behaviour

General	Switch-On Value	100%
- ECG 1,	Switch-On Behaviour	Set Value Immediately
Behaviour	Switch-Off Value	0%
+ ECG 2,	Switch-Off Behaviour	Set Value Immediately
	Value-Set Behaviour	Set Value Immediately
+ 04	Time for Dimming	10 Seconds
+ 05	Max. Value for Dimming	100%
+ 06	Min. Value for Dimming	0%
+ 07	Min/Max Value is valid for	Dimming Object
	Switch-On via Dimming	Switch ON with Value Object

Parameter	Settings
Switch-ON Value	1.. 100% [ <b>100</b> ] Last value
Use this parameter to set the switch-on value. If you select "Last value", the value is set to the dimming value prior to the lamp being switched off.	
Switch-ON Behaviour	<b>Set Value Immediately</b> Dimm to Value in 3s Dimm to Value in 6s Dimm to Value in 10s Dimm to Value in 20s Dimm to Value in 30s Dimm to Value in 1 Minute Dimm to Value in 2 Minutes Dimm to Value in 5 Minutes Dimm to Value in 10 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the switch-on behaviour.	
Switch-OFF Value	<b>0%</b> 5% 10% ... 45% 50% ... 95% <b>99%</b>
Use this parameter to set the switch-off value.	

Switch-OFF Behaviour	<b>Set Value Immediately</b> Dimm to Value in 3s Dimm to Value in 6s Dimm to Value in 10s Dimm to Value in 20s Dimm to Value in 30s Dimm to Value in 1 Minute Dimm to Value in 2 Minutes Dimm to Value in 5 Minutes Dimm to Value in 10 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the switch-off behaviour.	
Value-Set Behaviour	<b>Set Value Immediately</b> Dimm to Value in 3s Dimm to Value in 6s Dimm to Value in 10s Dimm to Value in 20s Dimm to Value in 30s Dimm to Value in 1 Minute Dimm to Value in 2 Minutes Dimm to Value in 5 Minutes Dimm to Value in 10 Minutes
Use this parameter to configure the behaviour on receipt of a new dimming value via value setting. Please remember that the dim time always refers to the full value range. Accordingly, a dimming time of 30 s means a value change of 100% within 30 s. If the value within a scene is only changed by 50%, the change is performed within 15 s.	
Time for Dimming	3 Seconds 4 Seconds 5 Seconds 6 Seconds <b>10 Seconds</b> 20 Seconds 30 Seconds 60 Seconds
Use this parameter to set the dim time for relative dimming in relation to a value range from 0 to 100%.	
Max. Value for Dimming	50% 55% .... <b>100%</b>
Use this parameter to configure the maximum dimming value that can be set through relative dimming.	
Min. Value for Dimming	<b>0%</b> 0.5% 1% ... 5% .... 50%
Use this parameter to configure the minimum dim value that can be set through relative dimming.	

Min/Max Value is valid for	<b>Dimming Object</b> Value Object Dimming & Value Object
Use this parameter to select the object that minimum and maximum values are valid for. It is possible to set, for example, 60% via dimming and 100% via value setting.	
Switch ON via Dimming	No Switch ON with Dimming Object <b>Switch ON with Value Object</b> Switch ON with Dimming & Value Object
Use this parameter to select whether a switched off group should be switched on when receiving a relative 4 Bit dimming object, a value setting object or both.	

### 20.4.2.3 Colour Control

This parameter page is only displayed if the ECG type is "Single battery emergency light (switchable) + colour control" or "ECG with colour control".

ECG 1,

Colour Control

Behaviour

Analysis and Service

- + ECG 2
- + ECG 3
- + ECG 4
- + ECG 5
- + ECG 6
- + ECG 7
- + ECG 8
- + ECG 9

**i** The Colour Control Type is important to set the Scene, Effect or TimeControl events

Colour Control Type Colour Temperature ▾

---

Behaviour when Switching On 
 Keep last Object Value  
 Use ETS Parameter below

Colour Temperature when Switching On 3000 ▾ °K

---

Activate Dim2Warm 
 No  Yes



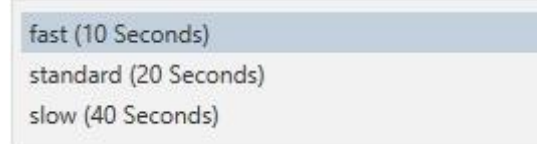
**i** General parameter for colour Temperature at 0% and at 100% are taken into account, see ECG>General

Colour changing Fading Time immediately ▾


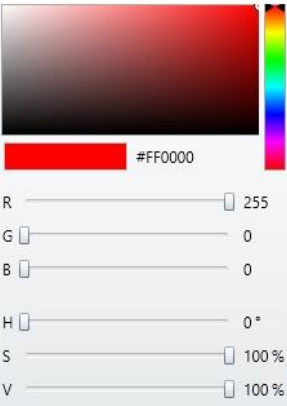

Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming fast (10 Seconds) ▾







### 20.4.2.3.1 Colour Temperature

Parameter	Settings
<p>Colour Control Type</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The colour control type is important to set the Scenes, Effects or Time Control events.</p>	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>none</li> <li>Colour Temperature ✓</li> <li>RGB Colour</li> <li>RGBW Colour</li> <li>XY Colour</li> <li>HSV Colour</li> <li>HSVW Colour</li> </ul>
<p>This parameter can be used to set which colour control is to be used for the ECG. The default value is set to "Colour temperature".</p>	
Behaviour when Switching ON	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Keep last Object Value <input type="radio"/> Use ETS Parameter below
<p>This parameter is used to decide whether the last valid colour value should always be used, or the parameters set below should be used.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> with "Keep last object value" – <b>Attention:</b> with an invalid object value, the preset colour of the ETS is used.</p>	
Colour Temperature when Switching On	<input type="text" value="3000"/> °K
<p>The set colour temperature when switched on in Kelvin.</p>	
Dimming up to cold colour	<p><b>No</b></p> <p>Yes</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p><b>i</b> General parameter for colour Temperature at 0% and at 100% are taken into account, see ECG&gt;General</p> </div> <p>See chapter: <a href="#">20.4.1 ECG General</a>.</p>	
Colour changing Fading Time	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>immediately ✓</li> <li>1 Second</li> <li>5 Seconds</li> <li>10 Seconds</li> <li>20 Seconds</li> <li>30 Seconds</li> <li>60 Seconds</li> <li>90 Seconds</li> </ul>
<p>The set time for the colour change between immediate and 90 seconds.</p>	
Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>fast (10 Seconds) ✓</li> <li>standard (20 Seconds)</li> <li>slow (40 Seconds)</li> </ul>
<p>The time for the colour change when dimming is set here.</p>	

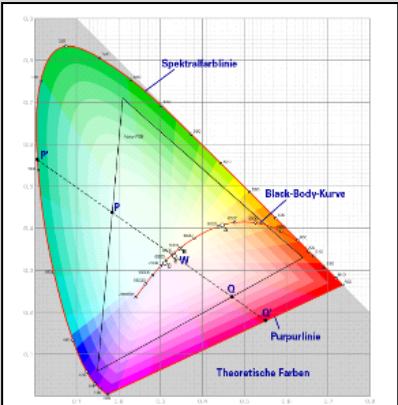
### 20.4.2.3.2 RGB

Colour Control Type	RGB Colour
Colour control assigned to the ECG.	
Colour Value when Switching ON	#FF0000 
 <p>This parameter defines the RGB colour when switching on. To do this, a window for colour selection is displayed via the button  in the ETS.</p>	

### 20.4.2.3.3 RGBW

Colour Control Type	RGBW Colour
Colour control assigned to the ECG.	
Colour Value when Switching ON	#FF0000 
 <p>This parameter defines the RGB colour when switching on. To do this, a window for colour selection is displayed via the button  in the ETS.</p>	
Additional White	255 
The additional white value from 0 to 255 can be set using the slider. The increment is 1 increment. The default value is 255 (max.).	

#### 20.4.2.3.4 XY Colour

Colour Control Type	XY Colour
Colour control assigned to the ECG.	
X-Value when Switching ON (0...1)	<input type="text" value="0.33"/>
X-Value when Switching ON (0...1)	<input type="text" value="0.33"/>
 <p>The diagram is a CIE 1931 color space plot. It shows a triangular region representing the visible spectrum, with vertices labeled 'P' (violet), 'Q' (red), and 'D' (white). The boundary is labeled 'Spektralfarblinie' (spectral color line). A curve inside is labeled 'Black-Body-Kurve' (black-body curve). Other lines are labeled 'Purpurlinie' (purple line) and 'Theoretische Farben' (theoretical colors). The x and y axes are marked with numerical values from 0.1 to 0.8.</p>	<p>This parameter defines the X colour when switching on. The range of values is between 0 and 1. X = 0.33 and Y = 0.33 correspond to the white point.</p>

#### 20.4.2.3.5 HSV

Colour Control Type	HSV Colour
Parameters for the colour control type "HSV colour". → see parameter settings for <a href="#">20.4.2.3.2 RGB</a> .	

#### 20.4.2.3.6 HSVW

Colour Control Type	HSVW Colour
Parameters for the colour control type "HSVW colour". → see parameter settings for <a href="#">20.4.2.3.3 RGBW</a> .	

### 20.4.2.4 Analysis and maintenance

Type of the error object	<b>1 bit</b> 1 byte
Here you can define whether the error is to be reported in the form of a bit (Alarm DPT 1.005) or via a byte object with the information about lamp or ballast errors, see Chapter: <a href="#">19.4 ECG objects</a> .	
Operating hours Calculation	Yes <b>No</b>
This parameter can be used to set whether an individual operating hour count for the group is desired.	
Operating hours Limit value (hours) (Calculation for operating hours).	1 h..200.000 h [ <b>4000 h</b> ]
This parameter is used to set the lamp life at which an individual warning is sent.	
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>Operation Hour Calculation <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p>Operating Hour Limit (hours) <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="4000"/></p> </div>	

## 20.5 Motion Detector

### 20.5.1 Motion Detector General

- Motion Detector

**i** The DALI Gateway supports DALI Movement Detectors with Light Level Sensing according DALI IEC 62386 Part 303/304

General

Number of Movement Detectors to be controlled?	<b>0...8</b>
<p>This parameter allows the number of movement detectors to be set. A maximum of 8 motion detectors can be connected. The step size is 1 increment. The default value is <b>0</b>.</p> <p>After selecting one motion detector or more, two additional parameterization pages appear in the tab for motion detectors.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Only DALI Movement Detectors that comply with the IEC 62386, part 303/304 standard are supported.</p>	

### 20.5.2 Motion Detector MD 1 (2...8)

MD 1, Description	<input type="text"/>
<b>DALI Configuration</b>	
Time without movement > Vacant	5 Minutes
Deadtime between Movement Detection Events	0.1 Seconds
<b>KNX Configuration</b>	
Object Type for Output	Switch Object
Cyclic Sending	only on movement detection
Usage of Disable Object	Disable with Value 1
<p><b>i</b> If an additional Brightness Sensor is available a new parameter page will be activated</p>	
Additional Brightness Sensor available	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Brightness depending Switching	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Activate when Brightness Level is below	500 lux

Parameter	Settings
MD x, Description	e.g. x, Floor 1, Building 2
<p>This parameter can be used to define a motion detector description. This description is displayed for an overview for all communication objects. Example: MD1, Floor1, Building 2.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MD1, Movement Switching, Floor 1, Building 2</li> <li>MD1, Brightness, Floor 1, Building 2</li> <li>MD1, Failure Status, Floor 1, Building 2</li> <li>MD1, Brightness is below the Threshold, Floor 1, Building 2</li> </ul>	
<b>DALI Configuration</b>	
Time without movement > Vacant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>none</li> <li>1 Minute</li> <li>2 Minutes</li> <li>3 Minutes</li> <li>4 Minutes</li> <li>5 Minutes</li> <li>7 Minutes</li> <li>10 Minutes</li> <li>15 Minutes</li> <li>20 Minutes</li> <li>25 Minutes</li> <li>30 Minutes</li> <li>35 Minutes</li> <li>40 Minutes</li> </ul>

After this time, the presence is deactivated, i.e., if no movement is detected in this preset time, it can be assumed that no person is within the range of the motion detector.

IEC62386-303 (Hold Timer)

Dead time between Movement Detection Events	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>none <span style="float: right;">✓</span></p> <p>1 Second</p> <p>2 Seconds</p> <p>3 Seconds</p> <p>4 Seconds</p> <p>5 Seconds</p> <p>1 Minute</p> <p>2 Minutes</p> <p>3 Minutes</p> <p>4 Minutes</p> </div>
---	--

Dead time between Movement Detection Events. IEC62386-303 (Deadtime Timer)

**KNX Configuration**

Object Type for Output	<b>Switch Object</b> Set Value Object Scene Object
------------------------	--

Selection of the object type which is sent to the bus.

Value in Presence State	<b>0 to 100%</b>
-------------------------	------------------

Value to be called in Presence State.

Value in Vacant State	<b>0 to 100%</b>
-----------------------	------------------

Value to be called in Vacant State.

Scene in Presence State	<b>Scene 1 to 64</b>
-------------------------	----------------------

Scene to be called in Presence State.

Scene in Vacant State	<b>Scene 1 to 64</b>
-----------------------	----------------------


Scene to be called in Vacant State.

Cyclic sending	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>only on movement detection <span style="float: right;">✓</span></p> <p>2 Seconds</p> <p>5 Seconds</p> <p>10 Seconds</p> <p>20 Seconds</p> <p>30 Seconds</p> <p>1 Minute</p> <p>2 Minutes</p> <p>3 Minutes</p> <p>4 Minutes</p> </div>
----------------	--

Selection of behaviour in cycle sending mode.

Usage of Disable Object	<b>No</b> Disable with Value 0 Disable with Value 1
-------------------------	---

Here you define how the disable object is to be used.

 If an additional Brightness Sensor is available a new parameter page will be activated	
Additional Brightness Sensor available	No <b>Yes</b>
If the option is activated, an additional parameter page is displayed	
Brightness depending Switching	<b>No</b> Yes
If the parameter is activated, the motion detector switches depending on the entered brightness value.	
Activate when Brightness Level is below	500 lux
Entry of the brightness value of the switch-on threshold. The value can be between 5 - 1000 lux. Default setting is 500 lux.	

### 20.5.2.1 MD 1, Brightness

**DALI Configuration**

Deadtime between Brightness Events: 2 Seconds

Hysteresis in %: 10 %

Send Value by change of: 10 lux

**KNX Configuration**

Brightness Correction Value: 0

Threshold alarm activated at: 500 lux

Hysteresis for Threshold Alarm: 20 lux

Behaviour when Value < Threshold:
   
 Send OFF when Value < Threshold
   
 Send ON when Value < Threshold

Cyclic Sending: No

Parameter	Settings
<b>DALI Configuration</b>	
Dead time between Brightness Events	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;">                     none                      1 Second                      2 Seconds ✓                      3 Seconds                      4 Seconds                      5 Seconds                      6 Seconds                      8 Seconds                      10 Seconds                 </div>
Specification of a fixed period of time after which the current brightness value is sent.	
Hysteresis in %	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="10"/> %
Value of the hysteresis in % [0 ... 25]. The standard value is set to 10%.	
Send Value by change of	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="10"/> lux
Value at which change in brightness a telegram is to be sent again [1 ... 250 lux]. The default value is set to 10 lux.	
<b>KNX Configuration</b>	
Brightness Correction Value	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="0"/>
Increase / decrease of the measured brightness (Lux) by the set value. [-300 ... +300]. The default is 0 (no correction).	
Threshold alarm activated at	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="500"/> lux
Setting the brightness threshold above which the limit alarm is activated. Adjustable from 5 ... 1000 lux [default value is 500 lux].	
Hysteresis for Threshold Alarm	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="20"/> lux
Value of the hysteresis for the limit value alarm in lux [1 ... 250]. The default value is 20 lux.	
Behaviour when Value < Threshold	Send OFF when Value < Threshold <b>Send ON when Value &lt; Threshold</b>
Selection of the sending behaviour when the value falls below the limit value.	
Cyclical sending	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;">                     none ✓                      1 Second                      2 Seconds                      3 Seconds                      4 Seconds                      5 Seconds                      1 Minute                      2 Minutes                      3 Minutes                      4 Minutes                 </div>
Specification of a fixed period of time after which the current brightness value is sent cyclically.	



## 21 Attachment

### 21.1 Statutory requirements

The above-described devices must not be used with devices, which serve directly or indirectly the purpose of human, health- or lifesaving. Further the devices must not be used if their usage can occur danger for humans, animals, or material assets.

Do not let the packaging lying around careless, plastic foil/ -bags etc. can be a dangerous toy for kids.

### 21.2 Disposal routine

Do not throw the waste equipment in the household rubbish. The device contains electrical devices, which must be disposed as electronic scrap. The casing contains of recyclable synthetic material.

### 21.3 Assemblage



**Danger to life from electric current!**

All activities on the device should only be done by an electrical specialist. The county specific regulations and the applicable KNX-directives must be observed.

The units are approved for operation in the EU and bear the CE mark.  
Use in the USA and Canada is not permitted!

### 21.4 History

V1.0 First Version of the technical manual

DB V1.0

12/2021